



Chesapeake Bay Program  
 Science. Restoration. Partnership.

# Social Media News Release

## Eighteen New Public Access Sites Created in Chesapeake Region in 2012

In 2012, Chesapeake Bay Program partners added eighteen [new public access locations](#) along the region’s waterways for public use and enjoyment, bringing the total number to 1,171 across the watershed. In four states – Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York and Virginia – multiple partners created locations where people can reach local rivers, streams and the Chesapeake Bay, whether for fishing, boating or other enjoyment.

Collaborative work to improve public access in the Chesapeake watershed is coordinated by the National Park Service and CBP’s Public Access Planning Action Team which includes staff from six states and the District of Columbia. The team developed a [Chesapeake Bay Watershed Public Access Plan](#) designed to assess the demand for access; describe the [existing public access facilities](#); assess barriers to access; determine gaps in the public access system; identify opportunities for new sites; and help direct federal, state, and local funding toward access opportunities.

Public access goals set through the *Strategy for Protecting and Restoring the Chesapeake Bay Watershed*, the federal response to President Obama’s Executive Order 13508, called for adding 300 new sites where citizens can have a waterside experience, whether hiking, paddling, swimming, or fishing. These eighteen new public access sites count towards meeting the goal of 300 new sites by 2025. To be counted as new access, a site must meet specific [criteria](#) related to location, ownership, and various kinds of recreational uses.

The public can view the [interactive mapping tool](#) created and used by the Action Team to track public access locations. A free NPS mobile application, [Chesapeake Explorer](#), helps people find locations and activities for recreation around the Chesapeake watershed.

### Facts

#### Maryland (4 new sites)

Site	Water Body	County	Description
Wooten’s Landing	Patuxent River	Anne Arundel	Soft launch
Nan’s Cove	Nan’s Cove	Calvert	Soft launch, fishing access nearby
Blackwater Nat’l Wildlife Refuge	Chesapeake Bay	Dorchester	New overlook boardwalk
Manokin Kayak & Canoe Launch	Manokin River	Somerset	Soft launch, fishing access

#### New York (4 new sites)

Site	Water Body	County	Description
Compton Bridge FAS	Susquehanna River	Otsego	Hand launch, cartop boat access, 4-6 cars no trailers
Greenough FAS	Oaks Creek	Otsego	Hand launch, cartop boat carry in access, 2-3 cars no trailers.
Lake Goodyear water access	Lake Goodyear	Otsego	Hand launch, cartop boat access with staircase, 10 cars.
Portlandville FAS	Susquehanna River	Otsego	Improvements by DOT in Aug 2012

#### Pennsylvania (4 new sites)

Site	Water Body	County	Description
North Bend Access	Susquehanna River	Clinton	Boat launch and parking
Fishing Creek Sportmen Assoc. Easement	Fishing Creek	Columbia	Walk-in public fishing access and conservation easement.
Little Juniata	Little Juniata River	Huntingdon	Walk-in public fishing access and conservation easement.
Norfolk Southern Acquisition	Susquehanna River	Lancaster	New viewing access to the Susquehanna River.

(continued)

## Virginia (6 new sites)

Site	Water Body	County	Description
Alpine	James River	Botetourt	Hand-carry boat launch and parking.
Lawrence Lewis, Jr Park	James River	Charles City	Access to park beach for fishing & wading
Eco-Discovery Park	James River	James City	Hand-launch boat access
RRNWR Laurel Grove	Farnham Crk	Richmond	Wildlife observation trail.
Strasburg Landing	Shenandoah River	Shenandoah	Hand-launch boat access
Hunting Run	Rapidan River	Spotsylvania	Hand-launch boat access

## Issues

Despite having more than 1,100 existing sites in the region, physical access to the Chesapeake and its many rivers, creeks and streams and lands surrounding them remains limited. The goal is to add 300 new public access sites by 2025 although many challenges remain.

## Importance

Open, green spaces and waterways with ample public access bolster public health and quality of life. People rely on these special places to exercise, relax, and recharge their spirits. Outdoor time strengthens family bonds and nurtures fit, creative children. At the same time, it builds personal connections with the very places that have shaped life in the region for centuries—especially its streams, rivers, and bays. Public access to natural areas also has a distinct economic value as tourism, much of which is associated with the area’s waters, and is a potent force in the region.

The sense of place that evolves from outdoor experiences along Chesapeake waters often leads to a feeling of shared responsibility for the resources. People who enjoy the outdoors are more likely to become active citizen stewards, engaged in the many conservation and stewardship efforts taking place throughout the region.



## Quotes

“Our state partners report that citizens demand additional access to waterfront experiences. They want more places close to home where they can walk, play in the water, fish, paddle, and launch a boat. And residents and our partners are excited about increasing the number of those places, because it also increases our quality of life.”

- Jonathan Doherty, Acting Superintendent, National Park Service, Chesapeake Bay.

“The waters across the Bay region can serve a variety of recreational, economic, and environmental purposes and all of them are vital to a healthy Bay system for everything and everyone that lives here. But they can only serve us well if we value and protect them.”

- Nick DiPasquale, Director, Chesapeake Bay Program (EPA)

## Images

Find Public Access related photos on [CBP’s Flickr site](#).

## Videos

Restoration

- [From the Field: Restoring streams in Washington, DC](#)