

An Analysis of the Pennsylvania Farm Conservation Practices Inventory for Purposes of Reporting Practices to the Chesapeake Bay Program

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Executive Summary

A survey of Pennsylvania farmers in the Chesapeake Bay watershed was conducted to provide them an opportunity to self-report conservation practices implemented on their farms. The survey especially sought data on “voluntary,” non-cost shared practices. The survey instrument and procedures were developed in collaboration by survey research experts in Penn State’s Survey Research Center, and subject matter experts from state agencies and agriculture. The survey development and implementation process was led and managed by the Agriculture and Environment Center (AEC), Penn State University, College of Agricultural Sciences.

The survey was mailed to approximately 20,000 farmers in late January 2016, with returns accepted until the end of April 2016. A total of 6,782 were completed and returned. Farmers responding to the survey have reported implementing the following non-cost shared and/or previously unreported practices: 475,800 acres of nutrient/manure management; 97,562 acres of enhanced nutrient management; 2,164 animal waste storage units; 2,106 barnyard runoff control systems; 55,073 acres of agricultural E&S plans; 228,264 acres of conservation plans; 1,336,100 linear feet of stream bank fencing; 820 acres of watercourse livestock access controls; 1,281 acres of grass riparian buffers; and 7,732 acres of forest riparian buffers.

To assess the reliability of the self-reporting, approximately 10 percent of returns were selected randomly for on-farm verifications conducted by trained and experienced Penn State Extension staff. Statistical analyses of the data reject systematic under or over reporting in the sample data for the majority of relevant conservation practices, but means and 95% confidence intervals reveal a trend toward under reporting for the vast majority of practices. Over reporting was detected in only one practice, riparian buffers. We believe the cause of over reporting for riparian buffers was a difference between how the survey questions were asked for stream bank fencing and riparian buffers and how Penn State Extension agents were trained to record these practices during farm visits. In those cases, adjustments can be made to remove the resulting bias.

Introduction

There is much interest in the extent of the use of water quality protection practices in Pennsylvania agriculture. Conservation practice adoption is well-documented for practices that are implemented with federal or state financial assistance. Yet, while it is known that farmers adopt water quality protection practices without public financial support, there is no systematic accounting for these investments. In consequence, these self-financed practices are not accounted for in tracking the progress towards water quality goals, including cleaning up the Chesapeake Bay.

There are several initiatives that have been implemented to address this data gap. Here we report on the results of a sample survey of water quality practice adoption by Pennsylvania farmers located in the Chesapeake Bay watershed conducted early in 2016. The survey was conducted by the Penn State Agriculture and Environment Center with funding from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), and with collaboration from the Pennsylvania Farm Bureau, Penn Ag Industries, Professional Dairy Managers of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, the Pennsylvania State Conservation Commission, Pennsylvania Association of Conservation Districts, and Penn State Extension. The survey was designed specifically to provide data on self-funded high priority practices.

Survey Methodology

The survey instrument was developed by a set of topic experts with technical assistance from the Penn State Survey Research Center (SRC). The survey asks questions to determine the use of a set of priority conservation practices, the funding sources for the practices, and farm operation characteristics. To control the length and complexity of the survey, the set of practices addressed in the survey was limited to the following practices that provide high levels of nutrient and sediment reductions, are practices accepted by the Chesapeake Bay Program for credit toward meeting nutrient and sediment load allocations, and are likely to have high levels of voluntary adoption:

- Nutrient/manure management plans
- Enhanced nutrient management
- Manure transport
- Animal waste storage systems
- Barnyard runoff controls
- Agricultural E&S plans and conservation plans
- No till and minimum till
- Cover crops
- Stream bank fencing
- Riparian buffers

Questions determine whether the practices are present on a farm, and if so, determine the level of implementation using units compatible with the Chesapeake Bay model, the funding source, and whether they meet definitions acceptable to the Chesapeake Bay Program. A copy of the survey instrument is provided in Appendix A.

The survey was mailed by the SRC to approximately 20,000 potential respondents located in the Chesapeake Bay watershed in Pennsylvania in January 2016. The sample frame was provided by Penn State Extension and was gathered from Extension's extensive statewide programming for farmers. The mailing included a letter from Pennsylvania Secretary of Agriculture Russell Redding, Dean Richard Roush of the Penn State College of Agricultural Sciences, and Richard Ebert, President of Pennsylvania Farm Bureau, inviting farmers to respond, explaining the reasons for and the importance of the survey, describing the uses of the data, and describe data management procedures that assured the confidentiality of farmers' responses.

Respondents were provided both web and mail options for returning the survey. Postcard reminders and a second copy of the survey were mailed to non-respondents during the survey period. The survey closed April 30, 2016.

To help boost response rates, partnering farm and agency organizations promoted the survey at winter farmer meetings and other events, through periodic press releases, in publications such as Lancaster Farming, and within their memberships.

The SRC accepted all returns via business reply envelopes and website and processed all returns. Returns were checked for duplicates, machine scanned and coded by the SRC. In its administration of the survey, the SRC assigned a unique ID number to each respondent. The SRC retained as confidential all data which links the ID numbers to names and addresses of respondents. A total of 6,782 individual survey returns were received and processed. The returns were analyzed to determine conservation practices implemented by respondents. Results are reported cumulatively in aggregate in this report and can also be reported cumulatively by county, the Commonwealth's preferred method for reporting BMP implementation data to the Chesapeake Bay Program.

Farm Visit Verification Methodology

Reported BMPs may differ from actual BMPs for various reasons. In order to assess the reliability of the results, a subsample of 10 percent of the respondents was randomly selected for farm visits by Penn State Extension agents. Given DEP's preference for reporting results by county, the subsample was drawn by taking a random sample of 10% of the responses in each of the sampled counties. The on-farm visits were conducted by 42 Penn State Extension Agents with expertise in relevant disciplines such as agronomy, livestock operations, nutrient management, horticulture and cropping systems, and extensive experience working with farmers.

Participating agents were trained by staff from DEP, PA State Conservation Commission, Chesapeake Bay Program and the Lancaster County Conservation District. The trainings provided information on biosecurity protocols, overviews of the survey and the farm visit form to be used during farm visits, and information on how to use DEP checklists for determining the existence of manure management plans and agricultural E&S plans and Chesapeake Bay Program Resource Improvement (RI) practice standards for applicable structural BMPs.

Farm visits were in August and September 2016. Agents were assigned farmers from the subsample. The agents were responsible for setting up the visits with participating farmers. The instructions for

the survey indicated the possibility that respondents might be chosen for a farm visit, which limited surprise and maximized farmer cooperation in agreeing to host farm visits. Agents contacted the farmers chosen for visits by letter and by phone to schedule visits. Consistent with the confidentiality of the survey responses and to eliminate potentials for bias, the agents were not provided participating farmers’ survey responses. A total of 711 farms were visited, 10.48% of the total population of respondents.

A form was developed by the survey development team for use by the agents to record their findings. The questions mirrored those asked on the survey about the presence and extent of practices, but additional information was sought in the visits to determine whether the practices were installed and functioning sufficient to meet Bay Program standards. Specifically, the agents were trained on the visual indicators for meeting RI practice standards for applicable structural best management practices. If these indicators were not met, the practice was not counted. Extension agents were also trained on the essential substantive elements of manure management plans and agricultural E&S Plans. If the farmer was not able to produce a plan and the plan did not contain these essential elements, it was not counted.

A copy of the farm visit report form is provided in Appendix B.

The completed farm visit reports were submitted by the agents to the AEC data analysis team for coding. Unique ID numbers on the farm visit reports allowed researchers to link each farm visit report with the corresponding farm survey responses, and systematically compare the answers as described more fully in the next section.

Reliability Data Analysis

The reliability analysis involves comparison of the conservation practices reported by survey respondents selected for the 10% subsample with the implemented practices recorded in the farm visits. For the analysis, the difference between the “reported” values from the farm survey and the “verified” value from the farm visits is computed for each practice. Systematic under reporting or over reporting of BMP types can be determined statistically by testing whether the mean of the differences across farms for the BMP type is not significantly different than zero. We look at the overall mean to make this determination, but we also break down the analysis according to how much of the sample falls into the following categories:

	0 (acres) indicated in the farm visit report	> 0 (acres) indicated in the farm visit report
0 (acres) indicated in the original mail/web survey	Category 0	Category 2
> 0 (acres) indicated in the original mail/web survey	Category 1	Category 3

This breakdown is intended to supplement the analysis of the overall mean differences. Response pairs in categories 1 and 2 represent qualitative errors, whereas category 3 could more likely represent a quantitative error. Ultimately we believe it makes the most sense to base our conclusions of bias on the overall mean differences, but it is interesting to note the proportion of farms that fall into these four categories for the various BMPs. Our analysis is summarized in Appendix C (“BMP Survey Verification Summary.”)

In addition to the analysis of means, histograms are presented for each practice to give a visual representation of the distribution of the “difference” variables. In some cases, dropping one or two observations has a large impact on the means and variances. We show results for the summary statistics both with and without some of these outliers, but the histograms exclude these outliers. (See Appendix C).

By way of example, Figures 1 and 2 are histograms for acres of row crops under nutrient management plans and number of barnyard runoff control systems, respectively. All other histograms are provided in Appendix C.

Figure 1. Histogram plotting mean differences between reported and verified acres of row crops under nutrient management.

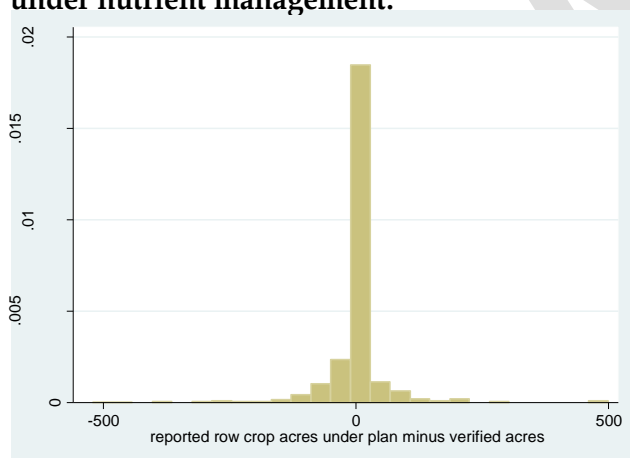
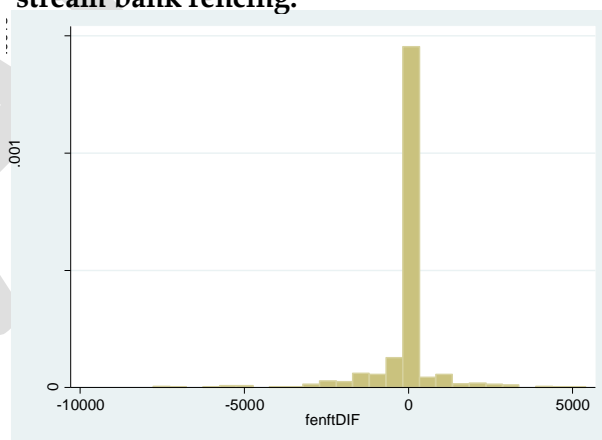


Figure 2. Histogram plotting mean differences between reported and verified linear feet of stream bank fencing.



For each conservation practice analyzed, several sources of data from the survey and the farm visits were used to determine “reported” and “verified” values. These sources, and specifically how they relate to particular survey questions in the original survey and the farm visit report, are described for each practice in Appendix C.

Results

Statistical analysis of the survey data compared to farm visit data in the aggregate reveals a statistically significant reliability in the data for all conservation practices for which the Commonwealth seeks to use these survey results to report newly documented practices to the Chesapeake Bay Program. These include:

- Nutrient/manure management plans
- Enhanced nutrient management
- Animal waste storage systems
- Barnyard runoff controls
- Agricultural E&S plans and conservation plans
- Stream bank fencing
- Riparian buffers

For all of these practices, cumulative results are reported in the aggregate with associated means and 95% confidence intervals.

Another practice, manure transport, did not have a large enough subsample to analyze for statistical accuracy. Accordingly, raw data numbers documenting manure transport between counties are provided without associated means and 95% confidence intervals.

For all of these practices, data was analyzed to ensure practices met relevant standards and definitions under the Chesapeake Bay Program and to ensure certain practices were not double counted. For example, only those practices for which the farmer indicated that no government cost share funding was utilized were reported. The only exceptions to this are manure management plans and agricultural E&S plans, for which there is currently no documented reporting even if cost share is provided for plan development.

Table 1 is a summary of all cumulative results of relevant practices eligible for reporting to the Chesapeake Bay Program, with the exception of manure transport.

Table 1. Cumulative results by conservation practice from reported farm surveys

Practice	Amount Implemented			
Nutrient/manure management plans ¹	335,250 ac row crops	37,243 ac pasture	103,307 ac hay	
Enhanced nutrient management	97,562 ac			
Animal Waste Management Storages	1,598 dairy units	194 beef units	213 swine units	159 poultry units
Barnyard Runoff Controls	2,106 systems			
Agricultural E&S plans	40,170 ac row crops	4,930 ac pasture	9,973 ac hay	
Conservation plans	173,481 ac row crops	17,239 ac pasture	37,544 ac hay	
Stream bank fencing	1,336,100 linear feet			
Watercourse Access Controls	Grass >10 ft width: 820 ac ²			
Riparian buffers	Grass 10-35 ft width: 455 ac	Grass >35 ft width: 826 ac	Forest 10-35 ft width: 1,131 ac	Forest >35 ft width: 6,601 ac

Manure transport numbers are reported as annual tons or gallons of manure by type transported from one county to another. The survey data allows us to report manure transport by county of origin and designation, and by specific manure type (dairy, beef, swine or poultry), and whether the farmer worked with a manure hauler or broker. Counties importing and/or exporting manure and the net change in manure from these reported activities are provided in Appendix D, expressed in tons, where all reported liquid gallons were converted to tons using Penn State Extension’s recommended conversion factor.

Figure 3 shows Chesapeake Bay counties exporting manure to another county. Figure 4 shows counties importing manure from a Bay county. Note that Jefferson County (NY), which is outside of the Bay watershed, does not appear on the map but received 2000 tons of poultry manure from Lancaster County.

¹ Here we report non-cost shared nutrient management plans and all manure management plans in the aggregate. However, since Act 38 and 590 nutrient management plans are sufficiently tracked and reported through regulatory programs in the Commonwealth, we plan to net these out of the final data set reported to avoid double counting.

² Because the survey did not ask farmers to specify vegetation type inside stream bank fencing, we assume buffers are grass. Further data analysis will allow us to split this number into two buffer width categories: 10-35 feet and >35 feet.

Because the data on riparian buffers reveals a statistically significant over reporting, adjustment of the numbers downward using the mean is warranted to account for this over reporting. This would adjust the total of 9,013 reported acres to 6,770 reported acres, with corresponding adjustments to the buffer categories reported based on width and vegetation.

Figures 5 through 13 display the reported cumulative results for each conservation practice compared to the mean with the 95% confidence interval applied as an upper and lower range on the data. For each graph, blue bars display the reported values from the survey, while the magenta bars are the expected values based on means with error bars showing the range of the 95% confidence interval.

We note that nutrient and manure management plans are reported here in the aggregate, but Act 38 and 590 nutrient management plans, which are sufficiently tracked and reported through regulatory programs in the Commonwealth, can be netted out from the final set of data reported to avoid double counting.

Figure 5. Nutrient Management Plans: reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results with 95% confidence intervals

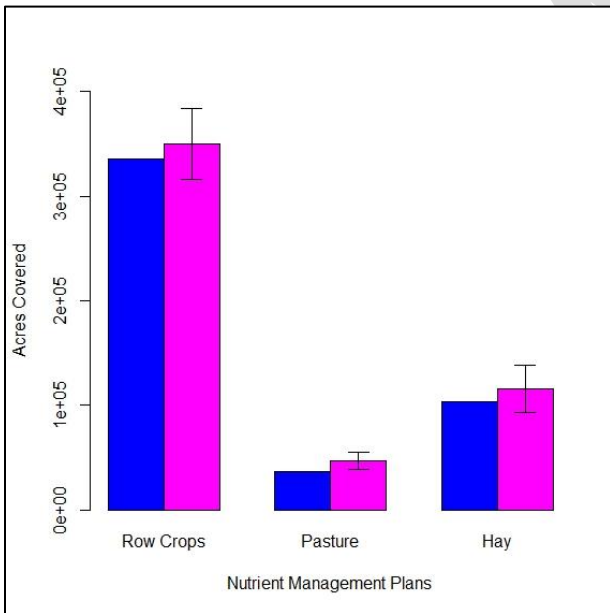


Figure 6. Advanced Nutrient Management: reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results with 95% confidence intervals

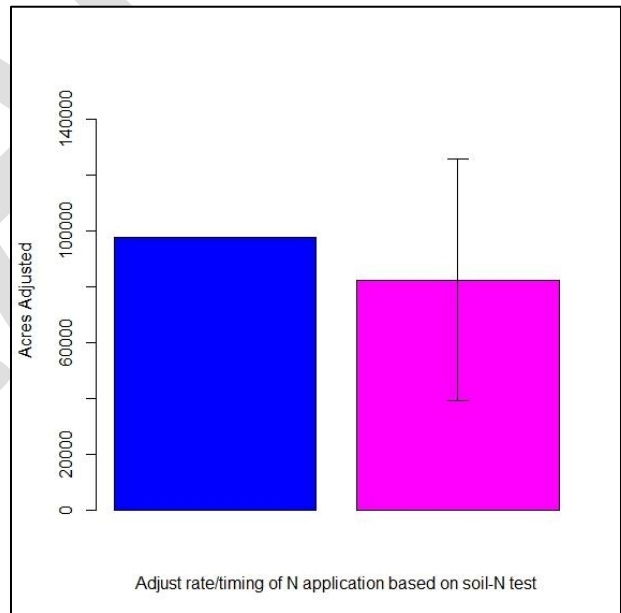


Figure 7. Animal Waste Storages:
 reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
 with 95% confidence intervals

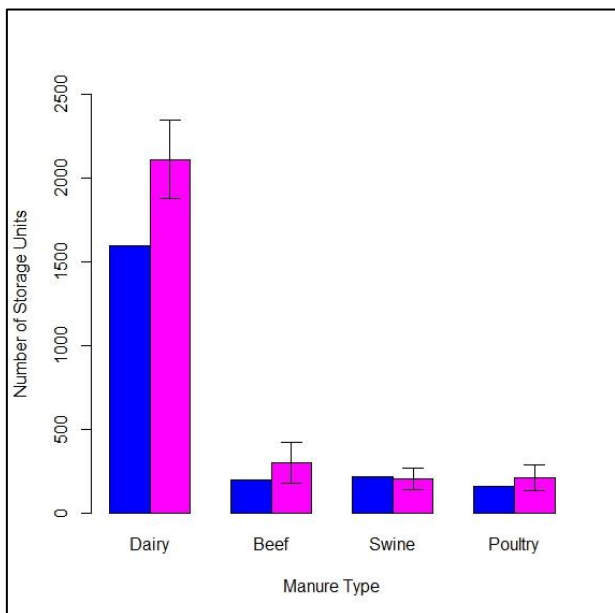


Figure 8. Barnyard Runoff Controls:
 reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
 with 95% confidence intervals

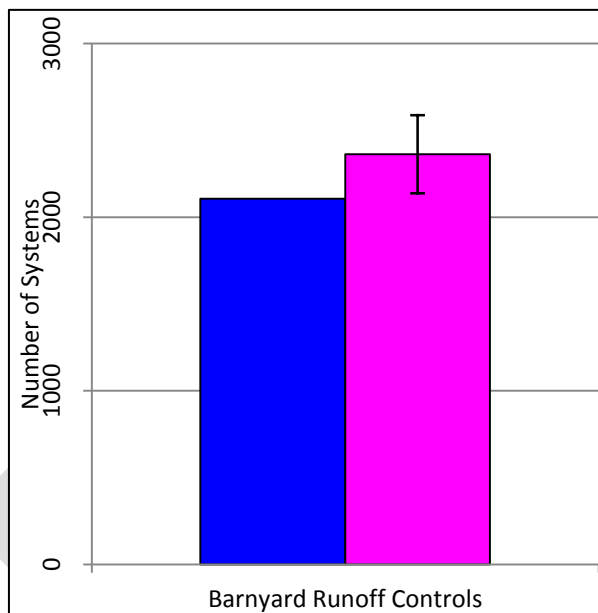


Figure 9. Agricultural E&S Plans:
 reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
 with 95% confidence intervals

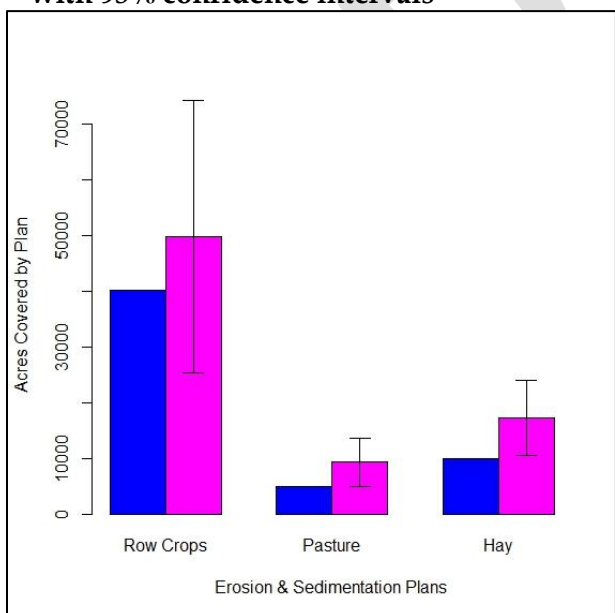


Figure 10. Conservation Plans:
 reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
 with 95% confidence intervals

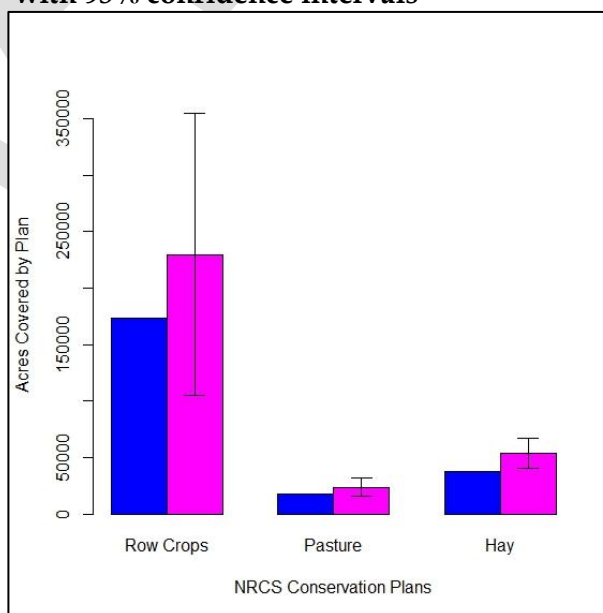


Figure 11. Stream Bank Fencing:
reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
with 95% confidence intervals

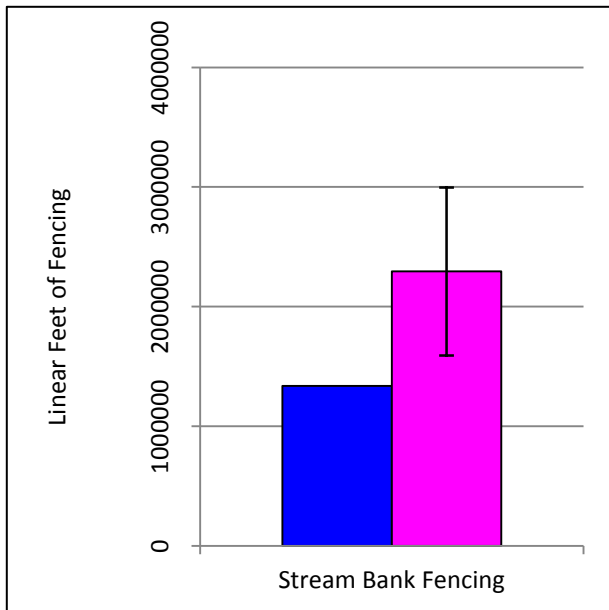


Figure 12. Watercourse Access Controls:
reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
with 95% confidence intervals

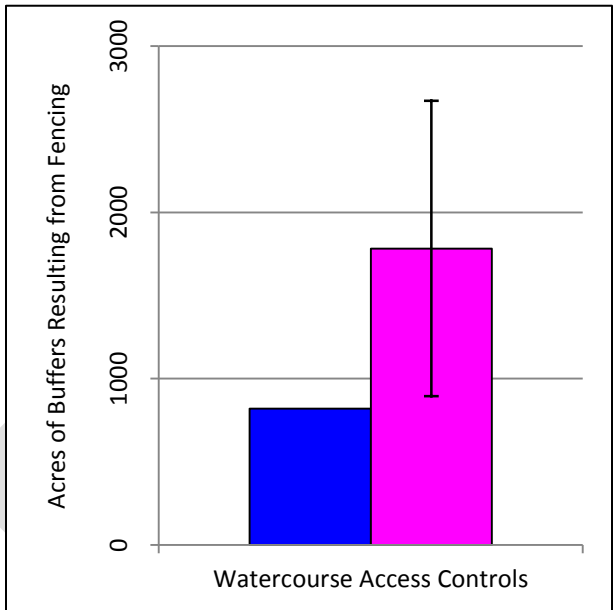
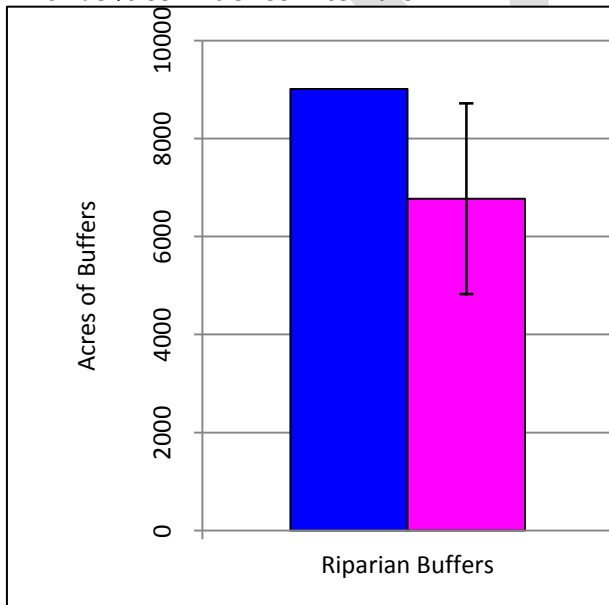


Figure 13. Riparian Buffers:
reported (blue) v. expected (magenta) results
with 95% confidence intervals



While statistical analysis of the aggregate dataset using the subsample developed through the verification farm visits allows us to conclude the farm survey results are accurate, we note that in their assessment report of our study, Tetra Tech recommends additional analysis to determine county-to-county variability of accuracy. In response to this recommendation, we have attempted some preliminary county based analysis, but have found that for the vast majority of practices in the vast majority of counties, the sample size is too small to make any statistically significant conclusions. Because of this limitation, we plan on grouping counties by river basin or subriver basin to provide a large enough sample size for statistical analysis and still explore whether geographic variability exists. If the analysis reveals such variability, we can account for that with appropriate adjustments in the data reported.

However, assuming our further analysis reveals no regional variability, we believe our existing analysis of the aggregate data supports reporting of the cumulative data on the relevant conservation practices reported in the 6,782 survey returns. To address and account for the most accurate reporting for credit in the Bay model, we apply an appropriate factor to address under reporting and over reporting, as also recommended in the Tetra Tech report. This is most appropriately accomplished by taking the mean from the 95% confidence intervals developed for each practice. With this adjustment, the cumulative practices to be reported are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2. Cumulative results by conservation practice from reported farm surveys as adjusted to account for systematic under and over reporting

Practice	Amount Implemented			
Nutrient/manure management plans	350,103 ac row crops	40,769 ac pasture	115,514 ac hay	
Enhanced nutrient management	82,303 ac			
Animal Waste Management Storages	2,113 dairy units	299 beef units	318 swine units	207 poultry units
Barnyard Runoff Controls	2,364 systems			
Agricultural E&S plans	60,380 ac row crops	13,068 ac pasture	26,521 ac hay	
Conservation plans	229,636 ac row crops	23,818 ac pasture	59,450 ac hay	
Stream bank fencing	2,293,651 linear feet			
Watercourse access controls	Grass >10 ft width: 1783 ac ³			
Riparian buffers	Grass 10-35 ft width: 342 ac	Grass >35 ft width: 620 ac	Forest 10-35 ft width: 850 ac	Forest >35 ft width: 4,958 ac

³ Because the survey did not ask farmers to specify vegetation type inside stream bank fencing, we assume buffers are grass. Further data analysis will allow us to split this number into two buffer width categories: 10-35 feet and >35 feet.

Conclusion

This survey has shown to be a statistically reliable method for gathering data on implemented conservation practices through farmer self-reporting. It has proven extremely valuable in reporting voluntary, non-cost shared practices that, to date, have not been adequately captured and reported for credit in the Chesapeake Bay model. The cumulative numbers reveal a large amount of conservation being implemented by farmers outside of government cost share programs, so capturing this data is not insignificant.

With a total sample size of 6,782 surveys providing valuable information on farming operations and conservation practices, this is an extremely rich dataset. While this report addresses and we have concentrated on only those non-cost shared practices not previously reported by the Commonwealth for credit in the Chesapeake Bay model, a great deal of further analysis of the data is warranted. Further analysis will allow us to explore many questions, such as questions related to trends in conservation practice adoption and cost share program participation, including variability in trends between regions, farm types and sizes, and types of practices. We hope this further analysis will be of great value to the conservation and agricultural community in setting future priorities and objectives and allocating limited resources to achieve the greatest conservation results.

Appendix A: Farm Survey

Pennsylvania Farm Conservation Practices Inventory

Instructions

Thank you for agreeing to participate in this inventory of conservation practices on Pennsylvania farms. Please have the individual with the best knowledge of the conservation practices used in your operations complete the inventory.

The inventory will be used to determine the amount of conservation practice adoption on Pennsylvania farms. Cumulative results will be provided to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection to document the practices that Pennsylvania farmers are doing to conserve soil and water, and protect water quality. Ten percent of the participants in this inventory will be randomly selected for farm visits by Penn State Extension to assess the accuracy of the overall inventory.

Please be assured that your responses will be kept completely confidential and your results will never be associated with your name or locational information. The results reported to the Department of Environmental Protection will be provided in summary form and will not include any names or locations of inventory participants. Names and addresses will be removed from all inventory and farm visit results to prevent identification of participants.

Please answer each question to the best of your knowledge. Where the question asks you to fill in a circle, please fill the circle completely. Where the question asks you to write an answer, please print legibly.

The first part of this inventory asks basic questions about your farming operations. The second part of the inventory asks whether you are practicing certain conservation practices in your farming operations, and then asks some additional questions about each practice. Some of the practices listed may not be applicable to your operation. If you do not utilize a practice, answer "No" and continue on to the next question.

Please submit your completed inventory to the Penn State Survey Research Center by April 30, 2016.

About Your Farming Operations

1. Please provide your name and the physical address of your farming operation.

First Name	I	Last Name
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number & Street Address		
<input type="text"/>		
City	State	Zip Code
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Municipality (township, borough, etc.)	County	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Watershed, if known: <input type="radio"/> Delaware <input type="radio"/> Erie <input type="radio"/> Genessee <input type="radio"/> Ohio <input type="radio"/> Potomac <input type="radio"/> Susquehanna		

2. How many acres is your farming operation? For purposes of answering this question and filling out the remainder of the survey, your farming operation includes all land which you manage for agricultural activities, including owned ground and rented ground.

					Number of acres
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3. For calendar year 2015, please indicate what crops you grew, how many acres of each, whether they were grown on owned or rented ground, and whether any of the acres grown were a double crop.

Crop	Acres on Owned Ground	Acres on Rented Ground	Acres Grown as a Double Crop
Corn Grain	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Corn Silage	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Soybeans	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Wheat	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Rye	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Barley	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Alfalfa	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Hay	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Other (please specify): _____	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

4. Do you raise animals as part of your farming operation?

No → Please proceed to Question 5.

Yes → 4a. For calendar year 2015, please indicate what types of animals you had and the total annual head of each.

Animal	Number	Animal	Number	Animal	Number	Animal	Number
Broilers		Nursery Pigs		Veal Calves		Beef Cattle	
Layers		Finisher Pigs		Dairy Heifers (12 mos. & younger)		Horses	
Turkeys		Sows		Dairy Heifers (older than 12 mos.)		Other _____	
Ducks		Boars		Cows (Milking and dry)		Other _____	

Your Conservation Practices

5. Do you have a nutrient management plan or manure management plan for your farming operations?

No → Please proceed to Question 6.

Yes → 5a. What type of plan do you have?

Act 38 Nutrient Management Plan

NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plan or Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan

Manure Management Plan

5b. When was it written or last updated? / Month/Year

5c. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to develop your plan? No Yes

5d. From whom or where did you get information to assist you in preparing the plan? (select all that apply)

Conservation District one-on-one assistance

Conservation District workshop

USDA NRCS

Penn State Extension

Private sector/nutrient management planner

Certified crop advisor

None

Other (please specify): _____

5e. Indicate how many acres are covered by your nutrient management plan:

Land Type	Acres
Row Crops (corn, beans, small grains)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Pasture	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Hay	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

6. Do you perform nitrogen tests such as the Pre-side dress Nitrate Test (PSNT), Corn Stalk Nitrate Test (CSNT), Illinois Soil Nitrogen Test (ISNT), Fall Soil Nitrate Test (FSNT), or Variable N rate application?

No → Please proceed to Question 7.

Yes → 6a. Do you use the test results to change nitrogen application rates and/or timing?

No

Yes → 6b. On how many acres of cropland do you use these nitrogen test methods to adjust recommendations? Acres

7. Is any manure produced from your farming operation transported out of the county in which your farming operations are located?

- No → Please proceed to Question 8.
- Yes, and I know to which county or counties my manure is transported
- Yes, but I don't know the county or counties to which my manure is transported; a hauler or broker handles this for me.

7a. If you know to which county or counties your manure is transported, please list the top three counties and/or states that receive your manure. Indicate the type of manure transported, the county(ies) and state(s) to which your manure is transported, the approximate annual amount that is transported to each location, and whether you worked with a manure hauler or broker to transport your manure.

County and State to which manure is transported	Manure Type	Approximate annual amount transported	Unit	Did you work with a hauler or broker?
1.	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
2.	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
3.	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

8. Do you have any animal waste storage systems (manure storages) for your farming operations?

- No → Please proceed to Question 9.
- Yes → 8a. For each manure storage you have, indicate the type of manure it stores, the date it was constructed, the months of storage it provides, whether any county, state or federal government funds were used to construct it, and whether runoff from the storage is being controlled.

	Manure Type	Month/Year Constructed	# of Months of Storage Provided	Were county, state or federal funds used to construct your storage?	Is runoff controlled from your storage system?
1	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry	□□ / □□□□	□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
2	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry	□□ / □□□□	□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
3	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry	□□ / □□□□	□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
4	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry	□□ / □□□□	□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
5	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry	□□ / □□□□	□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

9. Do you have any barnyards?

- No → Please proceed to Question 10.
- Yes → 9a. Do you have any barnyard runoff controls on these barnyards? (This includes practices such as roof runoff control, diversion of clean water from entering the barnyard, and control of runoff from barnyard areas.)
 - No → Please proceed to Question 10.
 - Yes → 9b. Indicate what kind of runoff control practices you have, when they were built, and whether any county, state or federal government funds were used to construct them.

Runoff Control Practice	Do you have this practice?	Month/Year Constructed	Were county, state or federal funds used to construct the practice?
Roof runoff structures (gutters, downspouts, outlets)	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Concrete barnyards	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Curbs	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Collection system and/or pumps	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Barnyard runoff filter strip	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

10. Do you have any Agricultural Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plans (E&S Plans) or Conservation Plans for your farming operations?

- No → Please proceed to Question 11.
- Yes → 10a. For each plan you have, indicate the type of plan, when it was written or last updated, whether any federal government funds were used to develop your plan, and the acres of each land type covered by your plan:

Plan Type	Month/Year Written or Updated	Were Federal funds used to develop your plan?	Type and Number of Acres Covered by Plan			
			Land Type	# of Acres	Land Type	# of Acres
1 <input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops	□□□□	Hay	□□□□
			Pasture	□□□□	Barnyard	□□□□
2 <input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops	□□□□	Hay	□□□□
			Pasture	□□□□	Barnyard	□□□□
3 <input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops	□□□□	Hay	□□□□
			Pasture	□□□□	Barnyard	□□□□
4 <input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops	□□□□	Hay	□□□□
			Pasture	□□□□	Barnyard	□□□□
5 <input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan	□□ / □□□□	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops	□□□□	Hay	□□□□
			Pasture	□□□□	Barnyard	□□□□

11. Did you practice no till or minimum till in calendar year 2015?

No → Please proceed to Question 12.

Yes → 11a. Indicate how many acres meet the following amounts of residue left in the field at the time of planting:

Amount of Residue	Acres
60% or greater	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
30% or greater, but less than 60%	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

11b. How many of your acres have been in continuous no till for the last five years? Acres

12. Did you plant cover crops in calendar year 2015?

No → Please proceed to Question 13.

Yes → 12a. Fill out the chart below to indicate what species you planted, when they were planted, number of acres for each, whether they received a nutrient application, and whether you harvested or plan to harvest them:

Species	Date of Planting	Acres Planted	Nutrient Application?	Harvesting?
Rye	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Wheat	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Barley	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Oats	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Annual Rye grass	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Annual Legumes	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Triticale	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Mixture (specify):	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Other (specify):	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1 5	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

13. Is there any stream bank fencing on land that is part of your farming operation?

No → Please proceed to Question 14.

Yes → 13a. How many total linear feet of stream bank fencing do you have? (If fencing is on both sides of the stream, include each side as part of this total.) feet

13b. What is the average distance from the stream to the fence? feet

13c. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to construct this fencing?

No → Please proceed to Question 14.

Yes → 13d. How many linear feet of stream bank fencing was funded using county, state or federal government funds?

feet

14. Do you have any streamside riparian buffers on land that is part of your farming operation?

No → Please proceed to Question 15.

Yes → 14a. How many acres is the buffer? acres

14b. What is the average width of the buffer? feet

14c. Are trees and/or shrubs growing in the buffer? No Yes

14d. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to construct this buffer?

No → Please proceed to Question 15.

Yes → 14e. How many acres of buffer was funded using county, state or federal government funds? acres

15. Excluding any riparian buffers identified in your answer to Question 14, have you retired any cropland from your farming operation to permanent vegetation such as perennial grasses, trees or shrubs?

No → Please proceed to Question 16.

Yes → 15a. Indicate what year you retired your cropland, how many acres have been retired, and whether trees and/or shrubs are growing in the retired acreage.

Year	Acres	Are trees and/or shrubs growing?
<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

15b. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to retire this acreage?

No → Please proceed to Question 16.

Yes → 15c. How many acres of retired cropland was funded using county, state or federal government funds? acres

16. Please feel free to share any comments, thoughts or questions you may have.



Survey

*****END OF SURVEY*****

Please place survey in postage paid envelope and return to
Penn State Survey Research Center
105 The 330 Building
University Park, PA 16802

Thank You!

Appendix B: Farm Visit Report

Name of Individual Completing Report: _____

Start Time: _____ End Time: _____ Date: _____

Pennsylvania Farm Conservation Practices Inventory Farm Visit Report

Unique ID #: _____ Is this farm in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed? Yes No

1. Does the operator have a nutrient management plan or manure management plan?

No → Please proceed to question 2.

Yes → **1a. What type of plan?**

- Act 38 Nutrient Management Plan
- NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plan or Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan
- Manure Management Plan
- Other (specify) _____

1b. When was it written or last updated? _____ (Month/Year)

1c. Was the plan written by a certified writer and/or planner? _____ (Name)

1d. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to develop the plan?

- No
- Yes → County funds State funds Federal funds (check all that apply)

1e. From whom or where did the operator get information to assist in preparing the plan? (Select all that apply)

- Conservation District one-on-one assistance
- Conservation District workshop
- Penn State Extension
- Private sector/nutrient management planner
- Certified crop advisor
- None
- Other _____

1f. Indicate how many acres are covered by the nutrient management or manure management plan:

Land Type	Acres
Row Crops (corn, beans, small grains)	
Pasture	
Hay	

2. Does the operator perform nitrogen tests such as the Pre-side dress Nitrate Test (PSNT), Corn Stalk Nitrate Test (CSNT), Illinois Soil Nitrogen Test (ISNT), Fall Soil Nitrate Test (FSNT), or Variable N rate application?

No → Proceed to question 3.

Yes → **2a. Does the operator use the test results to change nitrogen application rates and/or timing?**

- No
- Yes → **2b. On how many acres of cropland does the operator use these nitrogen test methods to adjust recommendations?** _____ acres

NOTE: Use the PADEP Manure Management Plan (MMP) Administrative Completeness Review Guide (i.e., checklist) to determine whether operator's MMP meets the definition of an MMP. If it does not meet the definition of an MMP, do not count it as such.

3. Is any of the manure produced from the farming operation transported out of the county in which the farming operations are located?

- No → Please proceed to question 4.
- Yes, and the operator knows which county or counties the manure is transported.
- Yes, but the operator doesn't know the county or counties to which manure is transported because a hauler or broker handles this.

3a. If the operator knows to which county or counties manure is transported, list the top three counties and state that receive manure. Indicate the type of manure transported, the counties and states to which the manure is transported, the approximate annual amount to each location, and whether the operator worked with a hauler or broker.

County and State to which manure is transported	Manure Type	Approximate annual amount transported	Unit	Work with a hauler or broker?
	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry <input type="radio"/> Equine <input type="radio"/> Other		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry <input type="radio"/> Equine <input type="radio"/> Other		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
	<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry <input type="radio"/> Equine <input type="radio"/> Other		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

3b. (This question only applies to farms in Berks, Cambria, Cameron, Chester, Clearfield, Elk, Indiana, Jefferson, Luzerne, Lackawanna, McKean, Potter, Schuylkill, Somerset and Wayne Counties). Is any of the manure produced from the farming operation transported out of the Chesapeake Bay watershed?

- No → Please proceed to question 4.
- Yes → Indicate the type of manure transported, the approximate annual amount transported out of the Chesapeake Bay watershed, and whether the operator worked with a hauler or broker.

Manure Type	Approximate annual amount transported	Unit	Work with a hauler or broker?
<input type="radio"/> Dairy <input type="radio"/> Swine <input type="radio"/> Beef <input type="radio"/> Poultry <input type="radio"/> Equine <input type="radio"/> Other		<input type="radio"/> Tons <input type="radio"/> Gallons	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

4. Does the operator have any animal waste storage systems (manure storages)?

- No → Please proceed to question 5.
- Yes → 4a. For each manure storage, indicate the type of manure it stores, the date it was constructed, the storage capacity (in months and tons/gallons), the number of animals producing the manure stored, whether any county, state or federal government funds were used to construct it, whether runoff from the storage is being controlled, whether the storage is for stackable (dry) or liquid manure, and certified engineer/company who designed/built the storage system (if known).



NOTE: For stackable (dry) storages, if the storage was not funded with government funds, use the Chesapeake Bay Program Resource Improvement Practices (RI) Appendix H RI-1 Dry Waste Storage Structure Example Checklist to verify if the structure meets the definition of a stackable (dry) manure storage. If it does not meet all applicable visual indicators, do not count it as a storage.

Manure Type	Date Constructed (Month/Year)	Storage Capacity	# of Animals	Were county, state or federal funds used to construct your storage?	Runoff controlled?	Stackable or Liquid?	Certified engineer/co.?
<input type="checkbox"/> Dairy <input type="checkbox"/> Beef <input type="checkbox"/> Swine <input type="checkbox"/> Equine <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		_____ months _____ tons or gallons		<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, county funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, state funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> L	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Name: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Dairy <input type="checkbox"/> Beef <input type="checkbox"/> Swine <input type="checkbox"/> Equine <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		_____ months _____ _ tons or gallons		<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, county funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, state funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> L	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dairy <input type="checkbox"/> Beef <input type="checkbox"/> Swine <input type="checkbox"/> Equine <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		_____ months _____ _ tons or gallons		<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, county funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, state funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> L	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dairy <input type="checkbox"/> Beef <input type="checkbox"/> Swine <input type="checkbox"/> Equine <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		_____ months _____ _ tons or gallons		<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, county funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, state funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> L	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dairy <input type="checkbox"/> Beef <input type="checkbox"/> Swine <input type="checkbox"/> Equine <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		_____ months _____ _ tons or gallons		<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, county funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, state funds <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> L	

*Sources of funds could be Growing Greener, EQIP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

4b. For all stackable (dry) manure storages which are not funded using government funds, all visual indicators and the definition provided by CBP RI-1 (Dry Waste Storage) have been met.

No Yes

5. Does the operator have any barnyards?

No → Please proceed to question 6.

Yes → 5a. Have any barnyard runoff controls (roof runoff control, diversion of clean water from entering barnyard, and control of runoff from barnyard areas) been implemented?

No → Please proceed to question 6.

Yes → 5b. Indicate what kind of runoff control practices have been implemented, the date they were built, whether any county, state or federal government funds were used to construct them, and the certified engineer/company who designed/built the practice(s) (if known).

NOTE: For barnyard runoff controls, if the controls were not funded with government funds, use the Chesapeake Bay Program Resource Improvement Practices (RI) Appendix H RI-16 Barnyard Clean Water Diversion Example Checklist to verify if the structure meets the definition of barnyard runoff controls. If the runoff control practice does not meet all applicable visual indicators, do not count it as an implemented practice.

Runoff Control Practice	Is this practice implemented?	Date Constructed (Month/ Year)	Were county, state or federal funds used to construct the practice?	Certified engineer/company?
Roof runoff structures (gutters, downspouts, outlets)	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes, county funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, state funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes Name: _____
Concrete barnyards	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes, county funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, state funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes Name: _____
Curbs	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes, county funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, state funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes Name: _____
Collection system and/or pumps	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes, county funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, state funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, federal funds Source of funds if known* _____	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes Name: _____
Barnyard runoff filter strip	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes, county funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, state funds <input type="radio"/> Yes, federal funds	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes Name: _____

			Source of funds if known* _____	
--	--	--	------------------------------------	--

*Sources of funds could be Growing Greener, EQIP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

5c. For all barnyard runoff controls which are not funded using government funds, all visual indicators and the definition provided by CBP RI-16 (Barnyard Clean Water Diversion) have been met.

- No Yes

6. Does the operator have any Agricultural Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plans (E&S Plans) or Conservation Plans for the farming operations?

- No → Please proceed to question 7.
 Yes → 6a. For each plan that the operator has, indicate the type of plan, when it was written or last updated, whether any federal government funds were used to develop the plan, and the acres of each land type covered by the plan.

NOTE: Use the PADEP Agricultural Erosion and Sediment (Ag E&S) Control Plan Administrative Review Guide (i.e., checklist) to determine whether operator's E&S Plan meets the definition of an E&S Plan. If it does not meet the definition of an E&S Plan, do not count it as such.

Plan Type	Month/Year Written or Updated	Were federal funds used to develop plan?	Type and Number of Acres Covered by Plan
<input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops _____ ac Hay _____ ac Pasture _____ ac Barnyard* _____ ac
<input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops _____ ac Hay _____ ac Pasture _____ ac Barnyard* _____ ac
<input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops _____ ac Hay _____ ac Pasture _____ ac Barnyard* _____ ac
<input type="radio"/> E&S Plan <input type="radio"/> NRCS Conservation Plan		<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes	Row Crops _____ ac Hay _____ ac Pasture _____ ac Barnyard* _____ ac

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*This will typically be in the tenths of an acre

6b. Were your plans written by a qualified individual? _____ (Name)

6c. From whom or where did the operator get information to assist in preparing the plan(s)? (select all that apply)

- Conservation District one-on-one assistance
- Conservation District workshop
- USDA NRCS
- Penn State Extension
- Private sector/certified planner
- Certified Crop Advisor
- None
- Other (please specify): _____

7. Did the operator practice no till or minimum till in calendar year 2015?

- No → Please proceed to question 8.
- Yes → 7a. Indicate how many acres meet the following amounts of residue left in the field at the time of planting:

NOTE: Use the conservation tillage visual guidance document to make determinations on amount of residue.

Amount of Residue	Acres
60% or greater	
30% or greater but less than 60%	

7b. How many of the operator's acres have been in continuous no till for the last five years?
_____ acres

7c. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to implement the tillage practice?

- County funds
- State funds
- Federal funds

What were the source of funds used, if known? _____

Example. Growing Greener, EQIP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

8. Did the operator plant cover crops in calendar year 2015?

- No → Please proceed to question 9.
- Yes → 8a. Indicate what species were planted, the date they were planted, how many acres of each, whether they received a nutrient application, and whether the operator harvested them:

Species	Date of Planting (Month)	Acres Planted	Nutrient Application?	Harvesting?
Rye			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Wheat			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Barley			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall	<input type="radio"/> No

			<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> Yes
Oats			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Annual Ryegrass			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Annual Legumes			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Triticale			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Mixture (specify: _____ _____)			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Other (specify: _____ _____)			<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Fall <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> Spring	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

8b. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to implement the cover crops?

No

Yes → County funds State funds Federal funds

What were the source of funds used, if known? _____

Example. Growing Greener, EQJP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

9. Is there any stream bank fencing on land that is part of the operator's farming operation?

No → Please proceed to question 10.

Yes → 9a. How many linear feet is the stream bank fencing? (If fencing is on both sides of the stream, include each side as part of this total) _____ feet

9b. What is the average distance from the top of stream bank to the fence? _____ feet

9c. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to construct this fencing?

No

Yes → County funds State funds Federal funds

How many linear feet of stream bank fencing was funded using these funds? _____ feet

What were the source of funds used, if known? _____

Example. Growing Greener, EQJP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

9d. What month/year(s) was the stream bank fencing installed? _____

9e. Is the area inside the fence predominantly in grass, or in trees and/or shrubs?

Grass

Trees and/or shrubs

9e. Was the area between the fence and stream grazed after the fence was installed?

No

Yes → How often was the area grazed during the year?

Continuous

One a year (length of time _____)

Twice a year (length of time _____)

Other _____

9e. For all stream bank fencing which is not funded using government funds, all visual indicators and the definitions provided by CBP RI-4a, 4b, 5, 6 (Watercourse Access Control) as applicable have been met.

No

Yes

NOTE: For stream bank fencing, if the fencing was not funded with government funds, use the Chesapeake Bay Program Resource Improvement Practices (RI) Appendix H RI-4a, 4b, 5, 6 Watercourse Access Control Example Checklist to verify if the fencing meets the definition. If it does not meet all applicable visual indicators, do not count it as stream bank fencing.

10. Are there streamside riparian buffers on land that is part of the operator's farming operation?

No → Please proceed to question 11.

Yes → 10a. How many linear feet is the buffer? _____ feet

10b. What is the average width of the buffer from top of stream bank? _____ feet

10c. What month/year(s) was the riparian buffer(s) installed? _____

10d. Is the riparian buffer in grass, or in trees and/or shrubs?

- Grass
- Trees and/or shrubs

10e. What was the prior land use in the buffer?

- Pasture
- Cropland

10f. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to install the buffer?

- No
- Yes → County funds State funds Federal funds

How many acres of buffer was funded using these funds? _____ acres

What were the source of funds used, if known? _____

Example. CREP, CRP, Growing Greener, EQIP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

10g. For all buffers which were not funded using government funds, all visual indicators and the definitions provided by CBP RI-7,8 (Grass Buffers) or RI-9,10 (Forest Buffers) as applicable have been met.

- No
- Yes

NOTE: For grass riparian buffers, if the buffer was not funded with government funds, use the Chesapeake Bay Program Resource Improvement Practices (RI) Appendix H RI-7,8 Grass Nutrient Exclusion Area or Buffer on Watercourse Example Checklist to verify if the buffer meets the definition of a grass riparian buffer. For unfunded forest riparian buffers, use RI-9,10 Forest Exclusion Area or Buffer on Watercourse Example Checklist. If the practice does not meet all applicable visual indicators, do not count it as a riparian buffer.

11. Excluding any riparian buffers identified in the answer to question 10, has the operator retired any cropland from his farming operation to permanent vegetation such as perennial grasses, trees or shrubs?

No

Yes → 11a. Indicate what year the operator retired the cropland, how many acres have been retired, and whether trees and/or shrubs are growing in the retired acres.

Year	Acres	Are trees and/or shrubs growing in the retired acres?
		<input type="radio"/> Yes
		<input type="radio"/> No
		<input type="radio"/> Yes
		<input type="radio"/> No
		<input type="radio"/> Yes
		<input type="radio"/> No

11b. Were any county, state or federal government funds used to retire the acreage?

- No
- Yes → County funds State funds Federal funds

How many acres of retired cropland was funded using these funds? _____ acres

What were the source of funds used, if known? _____

Example. CRP, Growing Greener, EQIP, Chesapeake Bay, PennVest, REAP, Section 319, NFWF, etc.

Appendix C: BMP Survey Verification Summary

Explanation of Sources of Data Used to Develop "Reported" and "Verified" Values

Nutr Mgmt Plan Acres

Acres under nutrient management plans were analyzed separately for plans covering three land types: row crops, pasture, and hay.

The columns labeled "reported" include farm-level answers to question 5e. (acres covered by a nutrient management plan) of the original mail/web survey, for each land type.

The columns labeled "verified" includes each respondents' answer to question 1f. (acres covered by a nutrient management plan) of the farm visit report, for each land type.

The columns labeled "difference" subtract "verified" from "reported".

Nutr Mgmt Plan Acres by Plan Type

In this sheet, we break down the responses further according to the type of nutrient management plan employed and whether the plan was developed using any public funds (except for Manure Management Plans). Acres under nutrient management plans were analyzed separately for Act 38 Nutrient Management Plans, NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plans, and Manure Management Plans. Acres were further separated according to whether the plans applied to row crops, pasture, and hay.

Act 38 Nutrient Management Plans

Reported: question 5e. of the original mail/web survey conditional on selecting "Act 38 Nutrient Management Plan" in question 5a. and on selecting "No" (public funds) in question 5c. of the same survey.

Verified: question 1f. of the farm visit report conditional on selecting "Act 38 Nutrient Management Plan" in question 1a. and selecting "No" (public funds) in question 1d. of the same survey.

NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plans

Reported: question 5e. of the original mail/web survey conditional on selecting "NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plan" in question 5a. and on selecting "No" (public funds) in question 5c. of the same survey.

Verified: question 1f. of the farm visit report conditional on selecting "NRCS 590 Nutrient Management Plan" in question 1a. and selecting "No" (public funds) in question 1d. of the same survey.

Manure Management Plans

Reported: question 5e. of the original mail/web survey conditional on selecting "Manure Management Plan" in question 5a of the same survey.

Verified: question 1f. of the farm visit report conditional on selecting "Manure Management Plan" in question 1a of the same survey.

Enhanced Nutrient Management

Reported: question 6b. of the original mail/web survey (acres on which nitrogen application is adjusted based on a soil nitrogen test)

Verified: question 2b. of the farm visit report (acres on which nitrogen application is adjusted based on a soil nitrogen test)

Manure Transport

Due to the scarcity of farms that transported any particular manure type, original responses were simply listed alongside their corresponding farm visit report without any statistical analysis.

In the excel sheet, plain text represents responses from the original mail/web survey, while bold text represents the reports from the farm visits.

Manure Storage Unit

We analyzed manure storage units separately for dairy manure, beef manure, swine manure, and poultry manure.

Reported: total number of manure storage units (of a particular type) reported in question 8a. of the original mail/web survey

Verified: total number of manure storage units (of the corresponding type) reported in question 8a. of the farm visit report

Barnyard Runoff Control

We defined a "barnyard runoff control system" as a barnyard that had at least one of the following practices: roof runoff structures, curbs, collection systems and/or pumps, or barnyard runoff filter strips.

Reported: equal to 1 if the farm reported having a "barnyard runoff control system" in question 9b. of the original mail/web survey

Verified: equal to 1 if question 4a. of the farm visit report indicated that the farm had a "barnyard runoff control system"

In addition to analyzing the reporting accuracy of "barnyard runoff control systems," we also analyzed the reporting accuracy of each of the five individual runoff control practices included in the survey: roof runoff

structures, concrete barnyards, curbs, collection systems and/or pumps, barnyard runoff filter strips.

Reported: equal to 1 if the farm reported having the practice in question 9b. of the original mail/web survey

Verified: equal to 1 if question 4a. of the farm visit report indicated that the farm had the practice

Erosion and Sedimentation Plans

Acres covered by agricultural erosion and sedimentation control plans were analyzed separately for four land types: row crops, pasture, hay, and barnyard. We included acres here whether or not the farmer received government funds.

Reported: question 10a. (acres under plan, by land type) conditional on selecting "E&S Plan"

Verified: question 6a. (acres under plan, by land type) conditional on selecting "E&S Plan"

NRCS Conservation Plans (privately funded)

Acres covered by NRCS conservation plans were analyzed separately for four land types: row crops, pasture, hay, and barnyard. Here we included acres only if the farm did not indicate that they received federal funds.

Reported: question 10a. (acres under plan, by land type) conditional on selecting "NRCS Conservation Plan" and on selecting "No" for whether federal funds were used to develop the plan

Verified: question 6a. (acres under plan, by land type) conditional on selecting "NRCS Conservation Plan" and on selecting "No" for whether federal funds were used to develop the plan

Stream Bank Fencing

Fencing Length

Reported: Linear feet of fencing reported in question 13a. of the original mail/web survey

Verified: Linear feet of fencing reported in question 9a. of the farm visit report

Distance from Stream to Fence

Reported: average distance (feet) from the stream to the fence reported in question 13b. of the original mail/web survey

Verified: average distance (feet) from the top of the stream bank to the fence as reported in question 9b. of the farm visit report

Privately Funded Fencing Length

Reported: Linear feet of fencing reported in question 13a. of the original mail/web survey minus that reported in question 13d. (the amount constructed using government funds)

Verified: Linear feet of fencing reported in question 9a. of the farm visit report minus that reported in question 9c. (linear feet constructed using county, state, or federal funds)

Acres of Buffer (fencing length x distance to stream)

Reported: the linear feet of fencing reported in question 13a. times the average distance between the stream and the fence reported in question 13b. divided by 43560 (square feet per acre)

Verified: the linear feet of fencing reported in question 9a. times the average distance between the stream and the fence reported in question 9b. divided by 43560

Acres of Privately Funded Buffer (fencing length x distance to stream)

Reported: the linear feet of privately funded fencing computed above times the distance between the stream and the fence reported in question 13b. divided by 43560 (square feet per acre)

Verified: the linear feet of privately funded fencing computed above times the average distance between the stream and the fence reported in question 9b. divided by 43560

Riparian Buffers

Buffer Acres

Reported: buffer acres indicated in question 14a of the original mail/web survey

Verified: buffer acres indicated in question 10a of the farm visit report

Privately Funded Buffer Acres

Reported: buffer acres indicated in question 14a minus acres of publicly funded buffers indicated in question 14e

Verified: buffer acres indicated in question 10a minus acres of publicly funded buffers indicated in question 10f.

Buffer Width

Reported: buffer width reported in question 14b of the original mail/web survey

Verified: buffer width reported in question 10b of the farm visit report

Categories of Reports

For some of the practices verified, I classify reports by four types--

Category 0: zero acres (or other units) reported in mail/web survey, zero acres (or other units) reported in farm visit

Category 1: positive acres reported in mail/web survey, but zero acres reported in farm visit

Category 2: zero acres reported in mail/web survey, but positive acres reported in farm visit

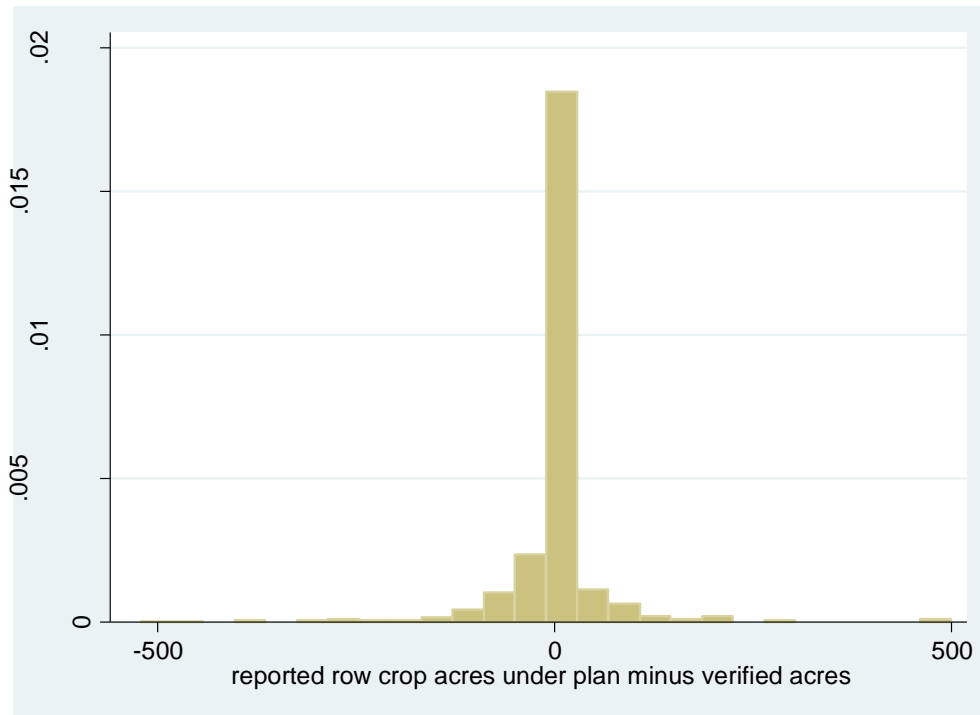
Category 3: positive acres reported in both mail/web survey and farm visit

Practice by Practice Statistical Analysis and Histograms

Nutr Mgmt Plan Acres

ROW CROP ACRES (reported with and without a large outlier of +11000)

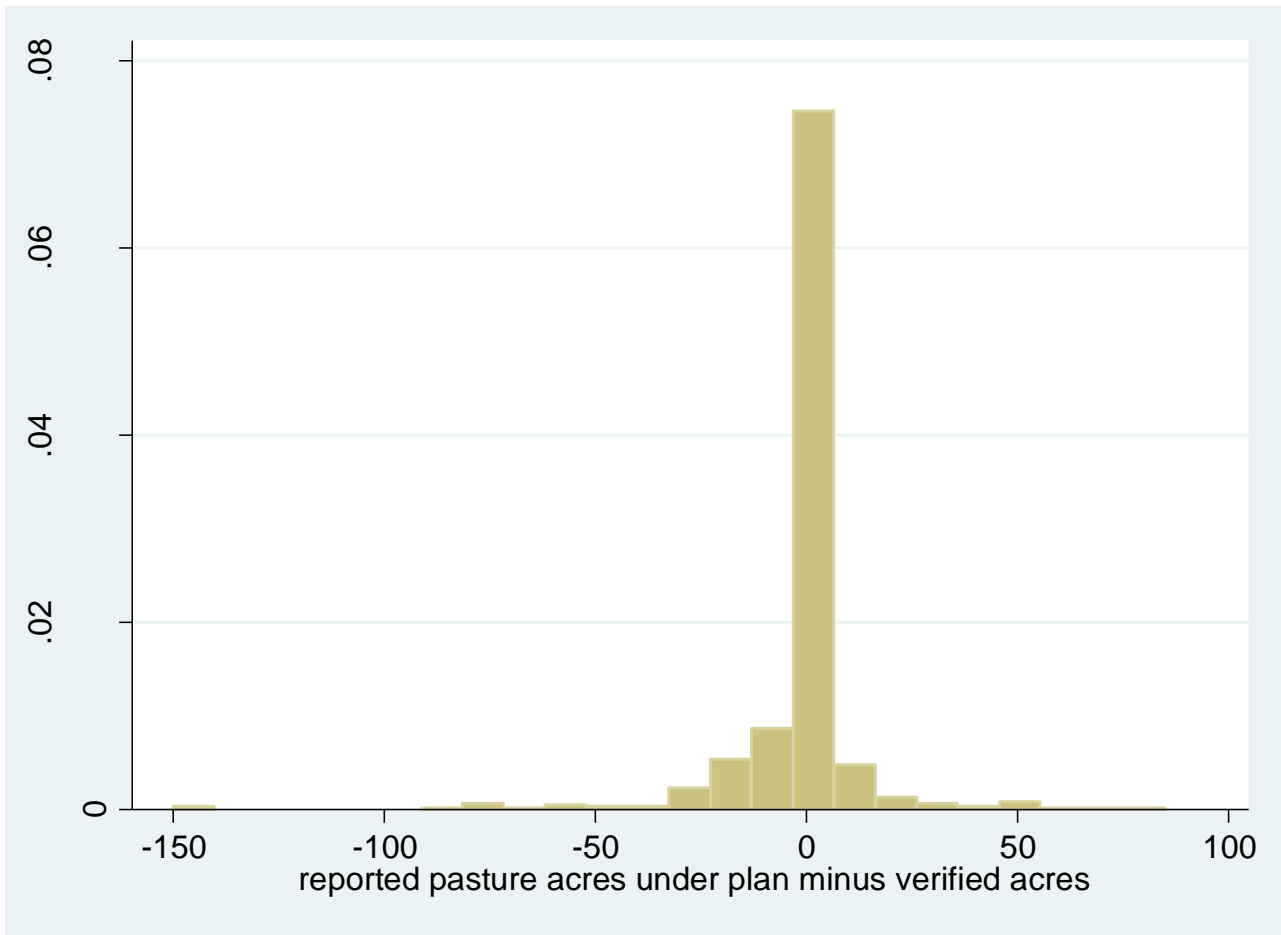
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	372	52	0	---	
Category 1	34	5	79.05	10.26	
w/ +11000	35	5	391.08	312.19	
Category 2	70	10	-71.45	9.85	
Category 3	234	33	3.22	6.24	(-9.05, 15.51)
Total	710	100	-2.19	2.55	(-7.20, 2.81)
w/ +11000	711	100	13.28	15.68	(-17.51, 44.07)



(graph excludes +11000)

PASTURE ACRES (reported with and without outliers of -400 and +1137.6)

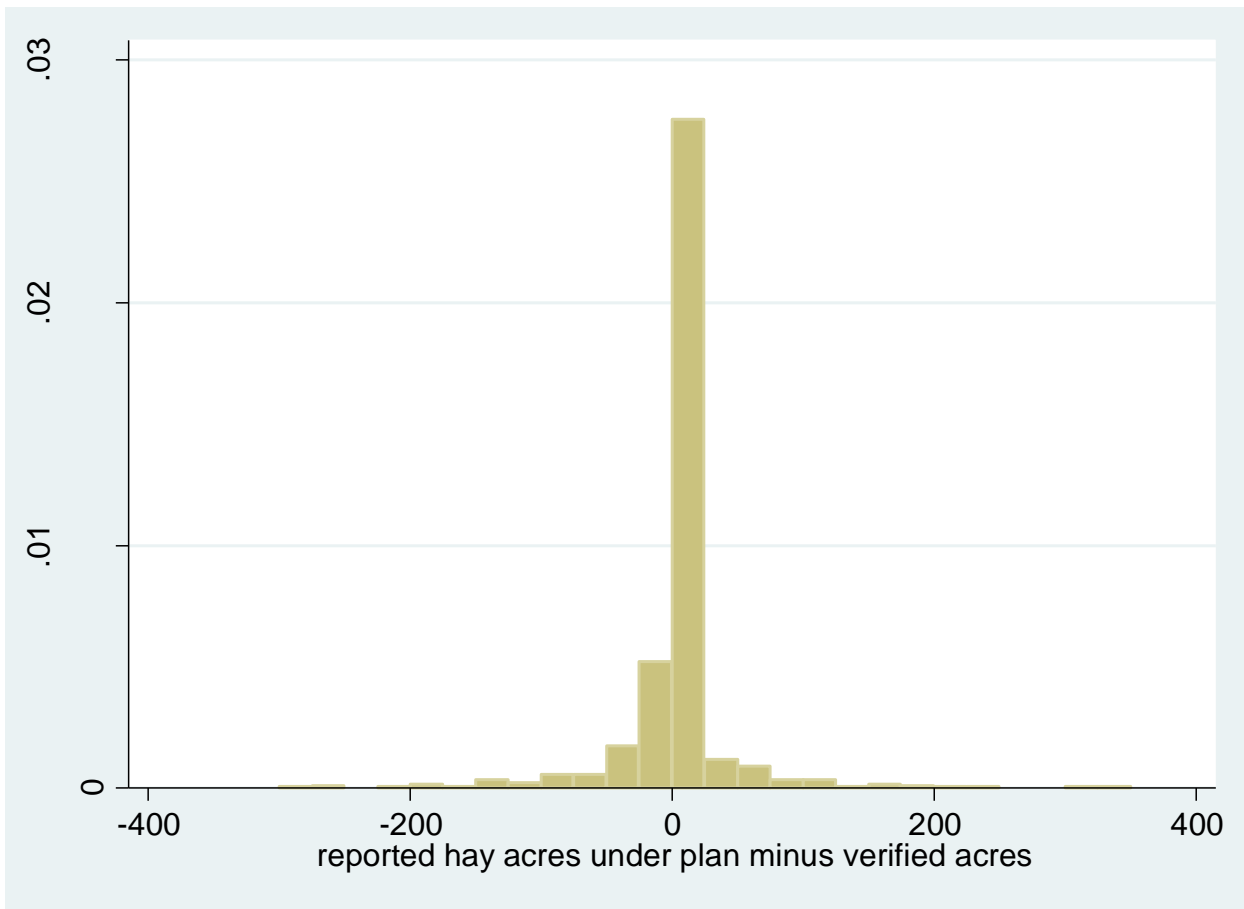
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	411	58	0	---	
Category 1	37	5	20.81	3.15	
Category 2	100	14	-21.68	2.70	
w/ -400	101	14	-25.42	4.60	
Category 3	161	23	1.80	1.15	(-0.46, 4.07)
w/ +1137.6	162	23	8.81	7.10	(-5.21, 22.84)
Total	709	100	-1.56	0.62	(-2.77, -0.35)
w/ outliers	711	100	-0.52	1.81	(-4.07, 3.03)



(graph excludes outliers)

HAY ACRES

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	393	55	0	---	
Category 1	55	8	60.45	9.44	
Category 2	87	12	-53.94	6.77	
Category 3	176	25	0.50	3.64	(-6.68, 7.68)
Total	711	100	-1.80	1.70	(-5.15, 1.55)



DRAFT

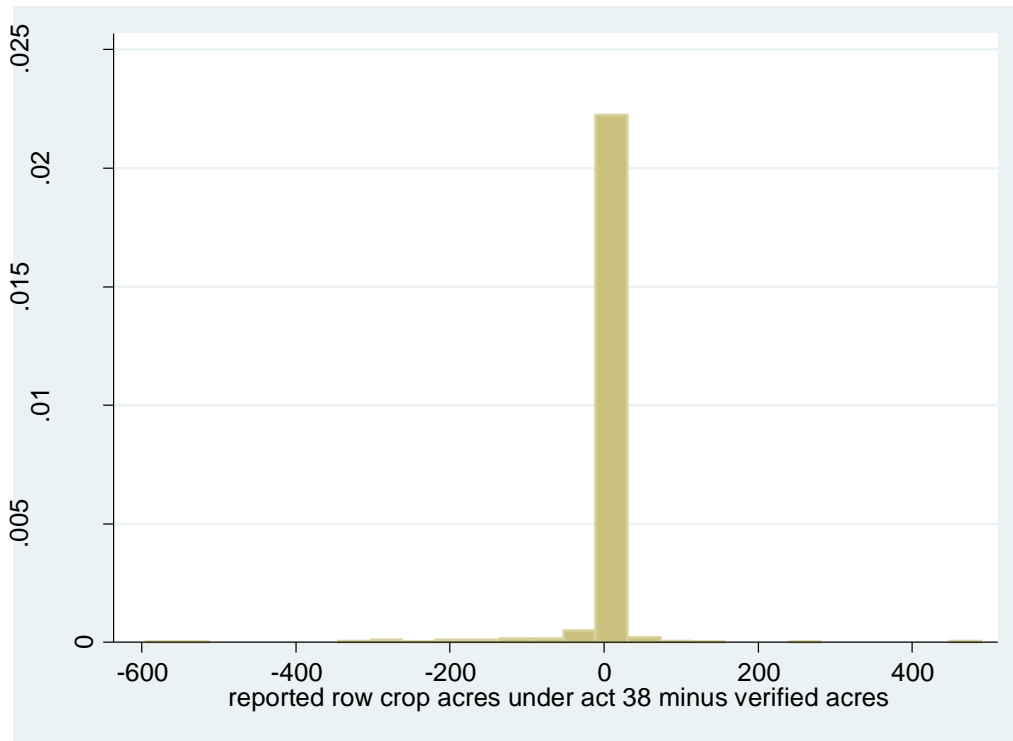
PRIVATELY FUNDED ACT 38 ROW CROP ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
proopr_38DIF	7.82	15.90	(-23.40, 39.04)

Drop +11000	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
proopr_act38DIF	-7.66	3.64	(-14.80, -0.52)

Drop +11000, -2170	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
proopr_act38DIF	-4.61	1.99	(-8.51, -0.71)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	649		0		
Category 1	10		95.80	45.32	
w/+11000	11		1087.09	992.14	
Category 2	36		-135.63	22.59	
w/-2170	37		-189.17	57.87	
Category 3	13		60.82	44.49	(-36.11,
157.75)					
Total	709		-4.61	1.99	(-8.51, -0.71)
w/outliers	711		7.82	15.90	(-23.40, 39.04)

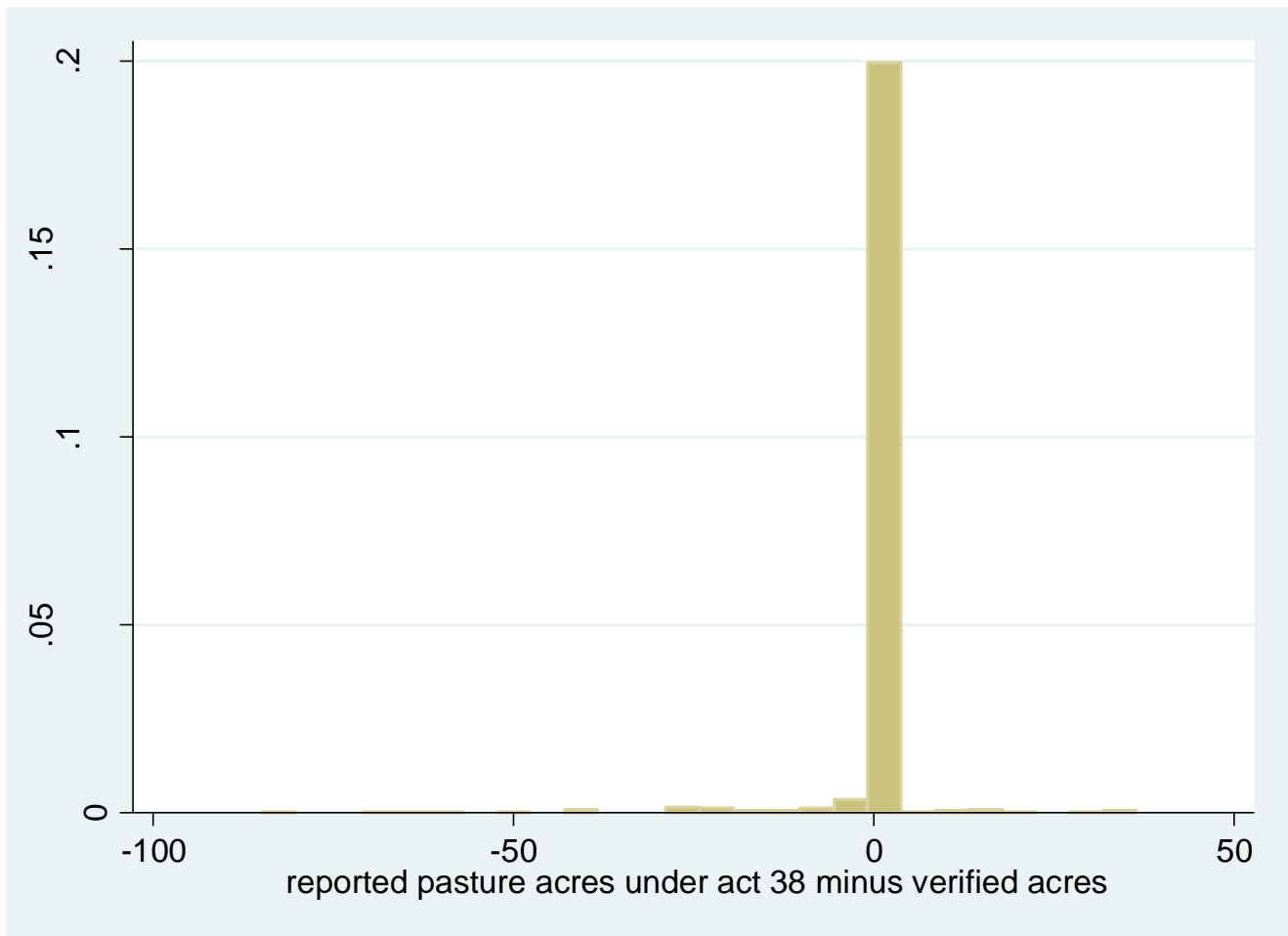


(graph excludes outliers)

PRIVATELY FUNDED ACT 38 PASTURE ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ppasprv_act38DIF	-0.85	0.27	(-1.39, -0.31)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	660		0		
Category 1	9		16.78	3.02	
Category 2	36		-22.13	3.57	
Category 3	6		6.77	6.02	(-8.72, 22.25)
Total	711		-0.85	0.27	(-1.39, -0.31)

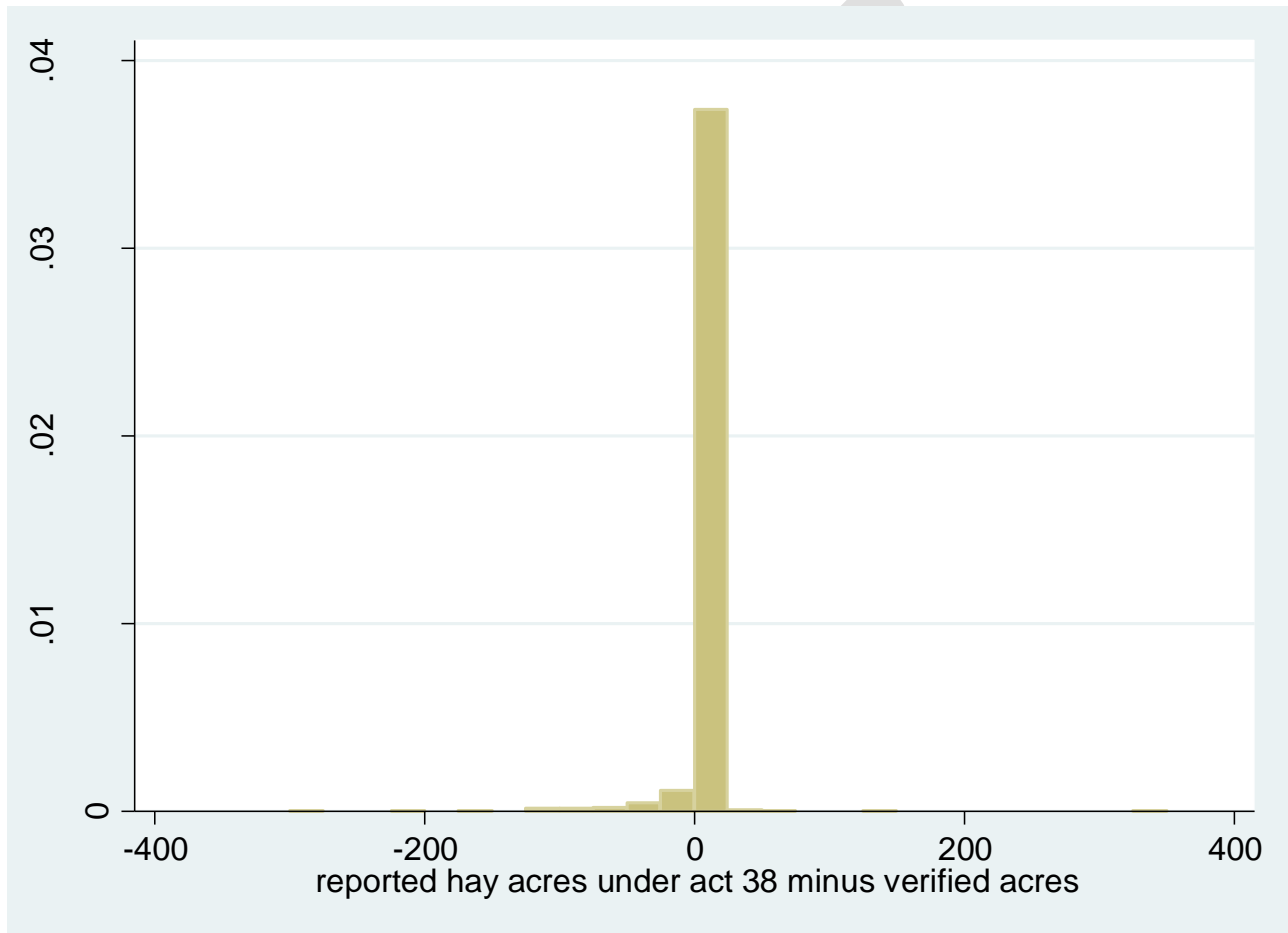


PRIVATELY FUNDED ACT 38 HAY ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
phayprv_act38DIF	-2.04	0.90	(-3.81, -0.28)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	659		0		

Category 1	9	72.44	37.14	
Category 2	39	-51.51	10.07	
Category 3	4	-24.25	26.74	(-109.36, 60.86)
Total	711	-2.04	0.90	(-3.81, -0.28)

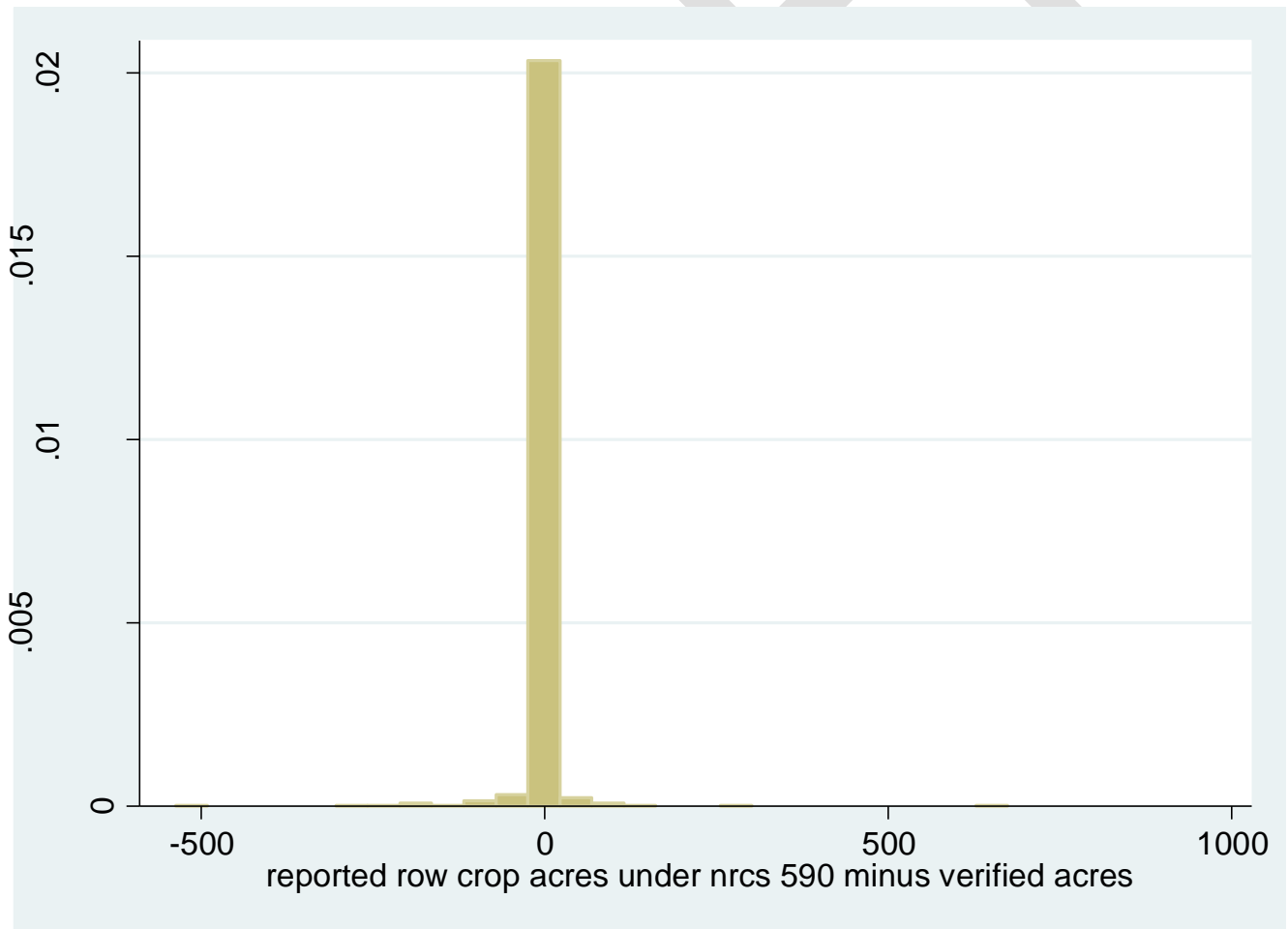


PRIVATELY FUNDED NRCS 590 ROW CROP ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
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proprv_nracs590DIF -1.24 1.55 (-4.29, 1.80)

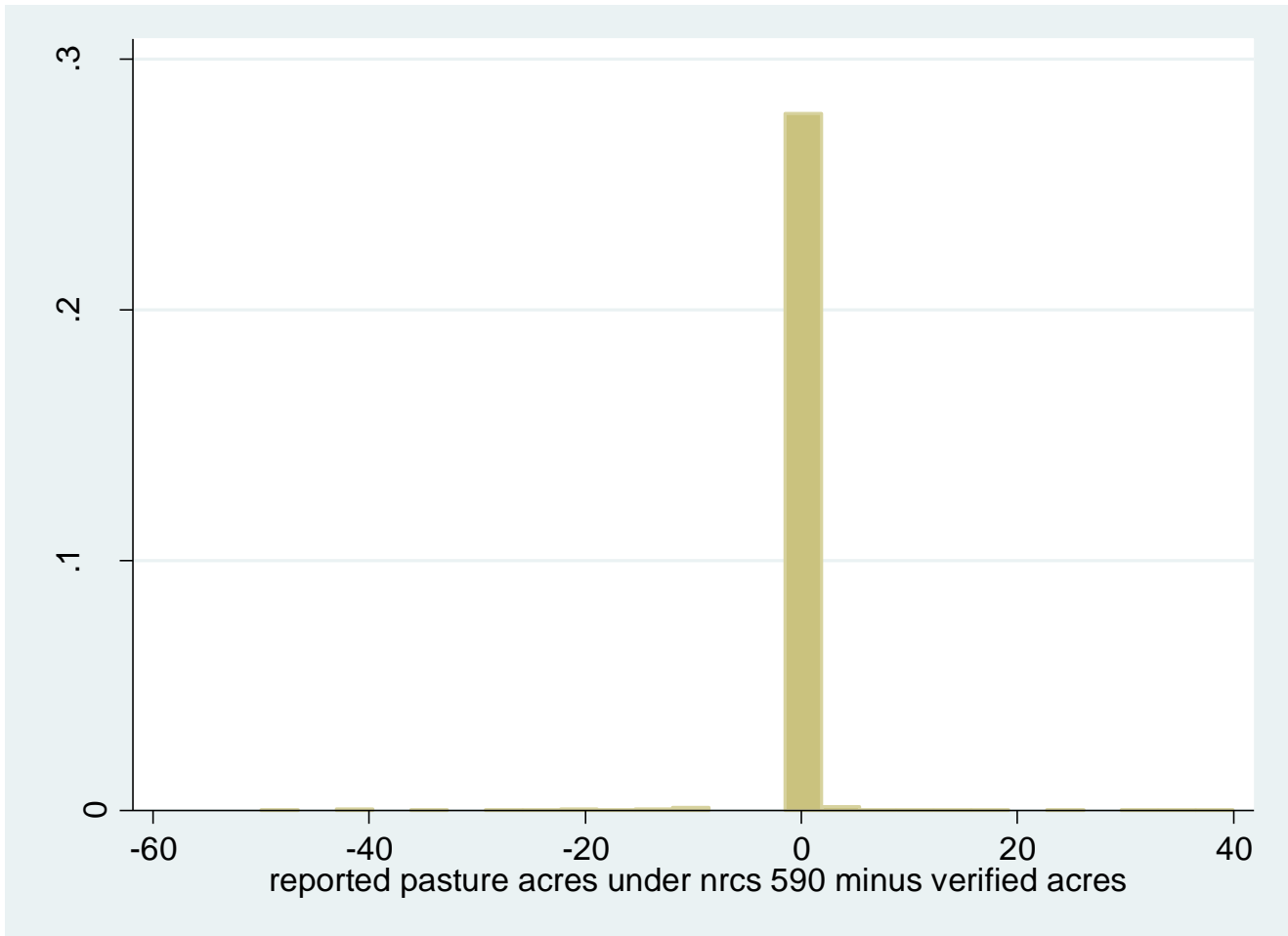
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	670		0		
Category 1	13		125.66	50.51	
Category 2	22		-117.62	25.30	
Category 3	6		11.5	17.16	(-32.61, 55.61)
Total	711		-1.24	1.55	(-4.29, 1.80)



PRIVATELY FUNDED NRCS 590 PASTURE ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ppasprv_nracs590DIF	0.08	0.33	(-0.57, 0.73)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	684		0		
Category 1	10		37.18	18.53	
Category 2	13		-24.03	3.72	
Category 3	4		0	8.50	(-27.04, 27.04)
Total	711		0.08	0.33	(-0.57, 0.73)



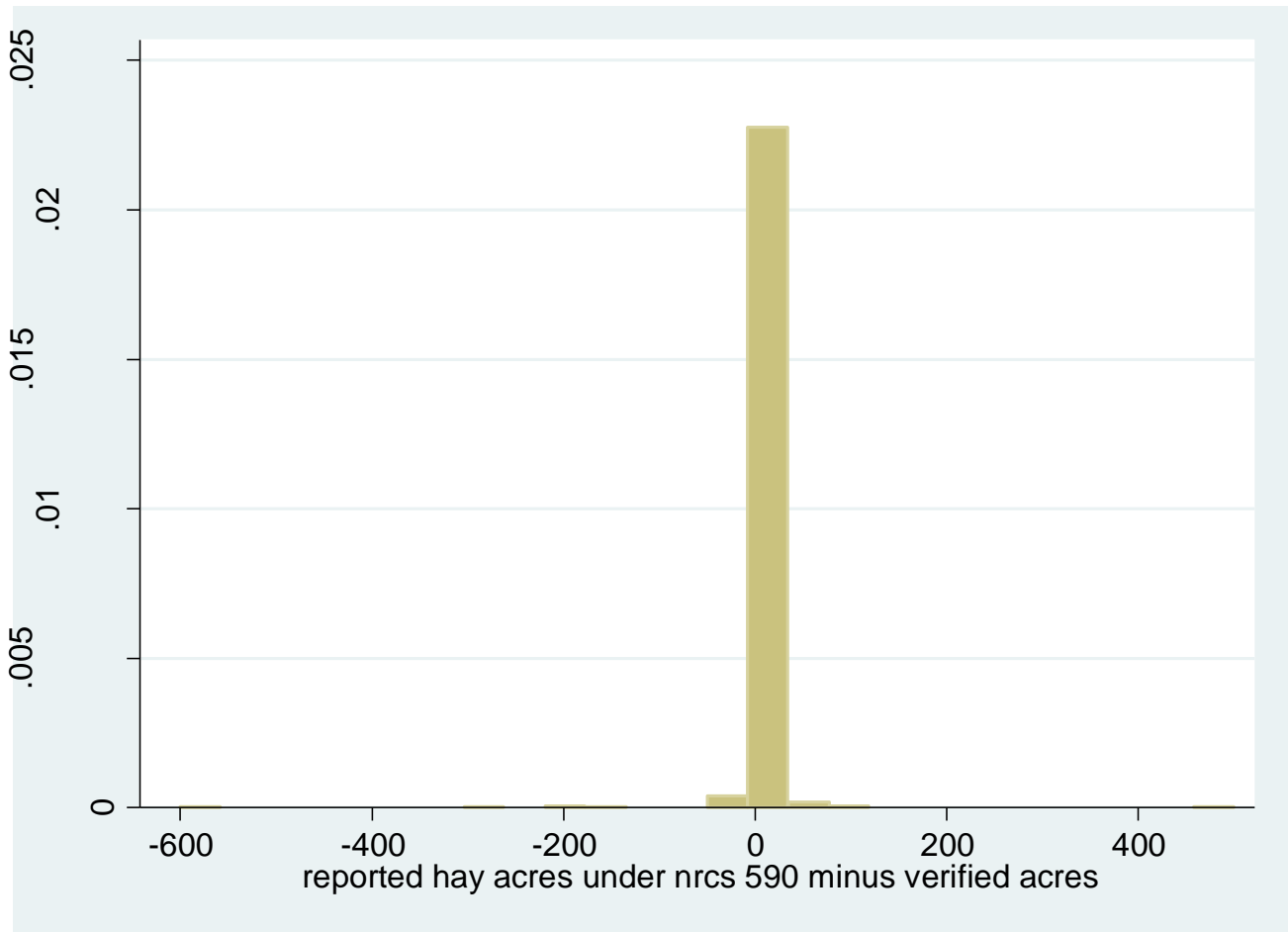
(graph excludes observation at +200)

PRIVATELY FUNDED NRCS 590 HAY ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
phayprv_nracs590DIF	-0.86	1.30	(-3.41, 1.69)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	674		0		

Category 1	15	74.13	31.44	
Category 2	17	-102.47	37.58	
Category 3	5	3.4	4.19	(-8.23, 15.03)
Total	711	-0.86	1.30	(-3.41, -1.69)



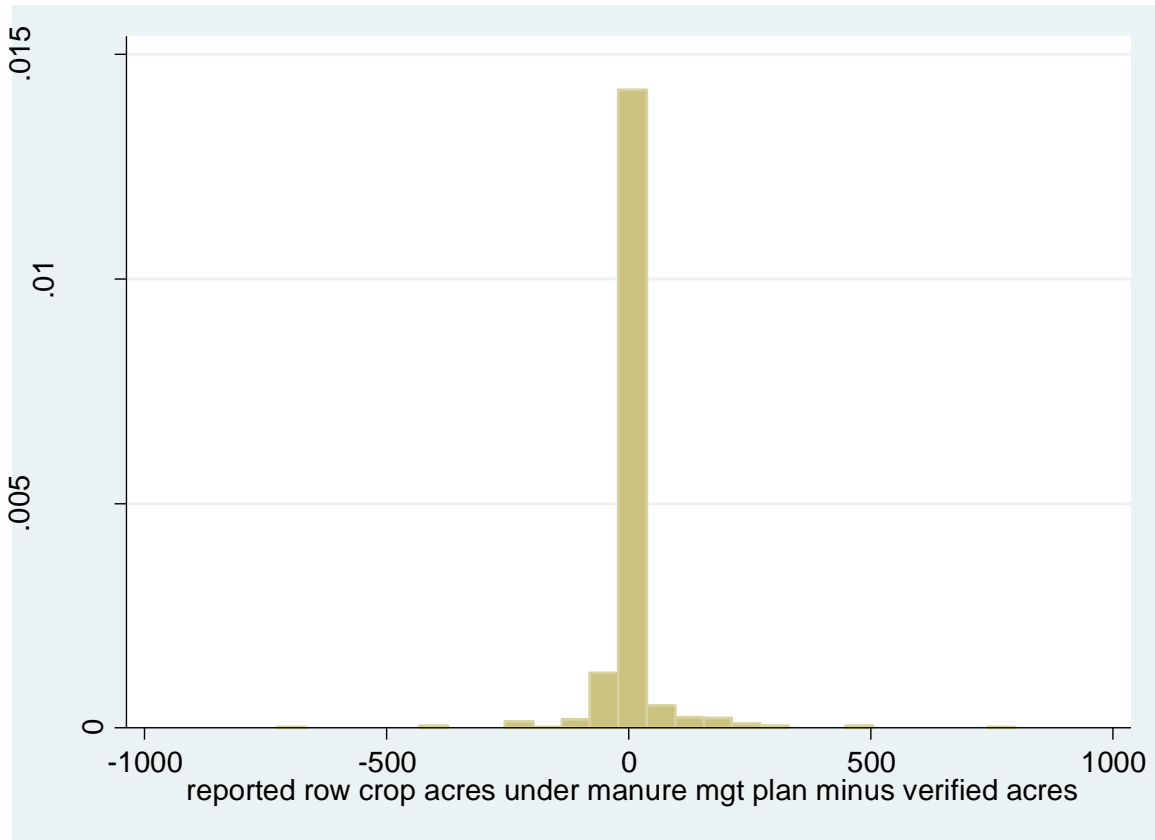
MANURE MANAGEMENT PLANS ON ROW CROP ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
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pro_w_mnrmgtDIF	7.06	4.97	(-2.69, 16.81)
-----------------	------	------	----------------

Drop +3000	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
pro_w_mnrmgtDIF	2.84	2.63	(-2.32, 8.00)

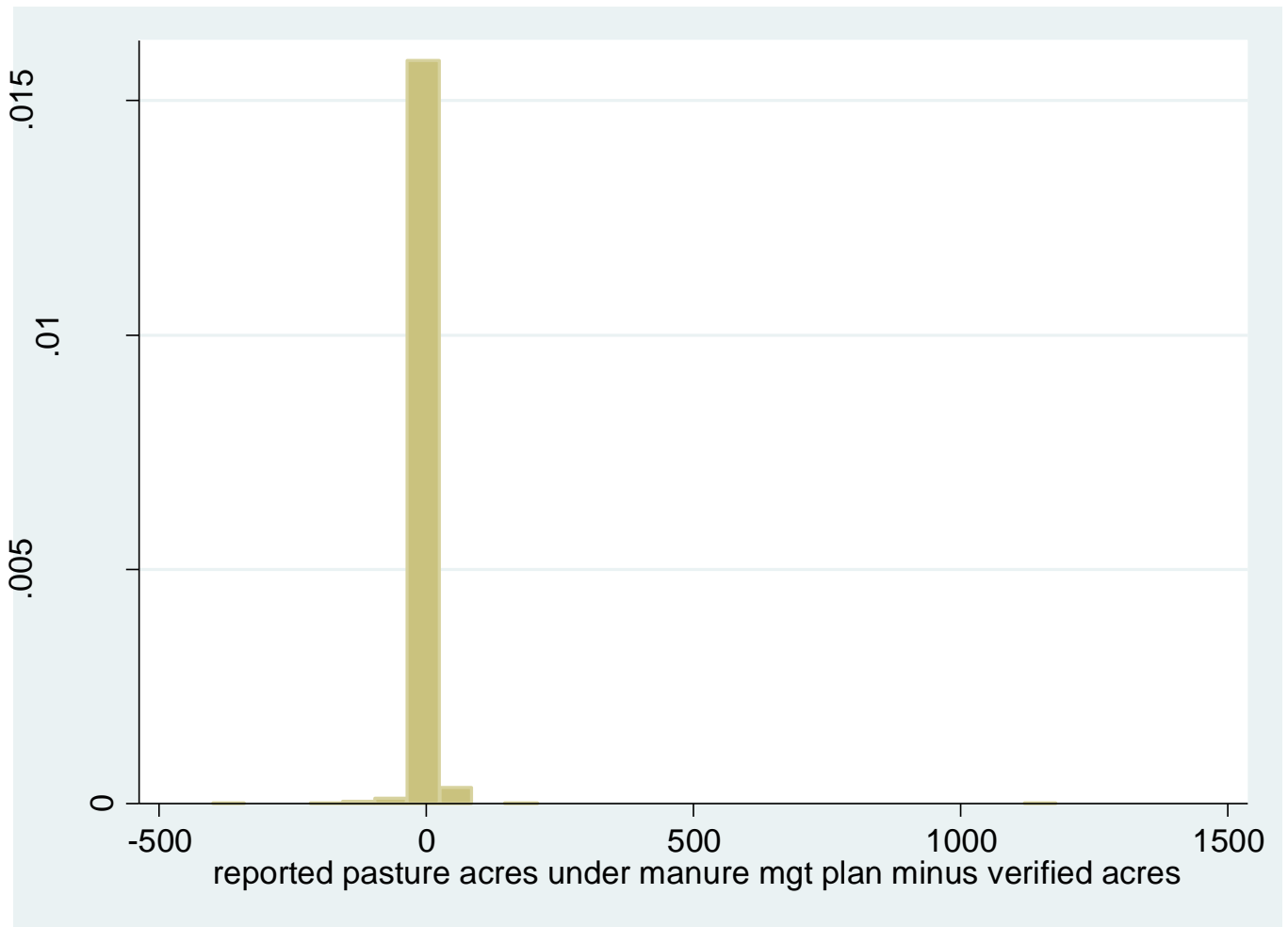
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	506		0		
Category 1	56		119.23	17.80	
w/+3000	57		169.77	53.48	
Category 2	57		-81.84	15.19	
Category 3	91		0.07	8.50	(-16.82, 16.96)
Total	710		2.84	2.63	(-2.32, 8.00)
w/+3000	711		7.06	4.97	(-2.69, 16.81)



(graph excludes observation at +3000)

MANURE MANAGEMENT PLANS ON PASTURE ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.		
ppas_mnrmgtDIF	0.44	1.85	(-3.20, 4.08)		
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	530		0		
Category 1	45		50.33	25.98	
Category 2	69		-29.14	6.82	
Category 3	67		0.89	1.34	(-1.78, 3.56)
Total	711		0.44	1.85	(-3.20, 4.08)

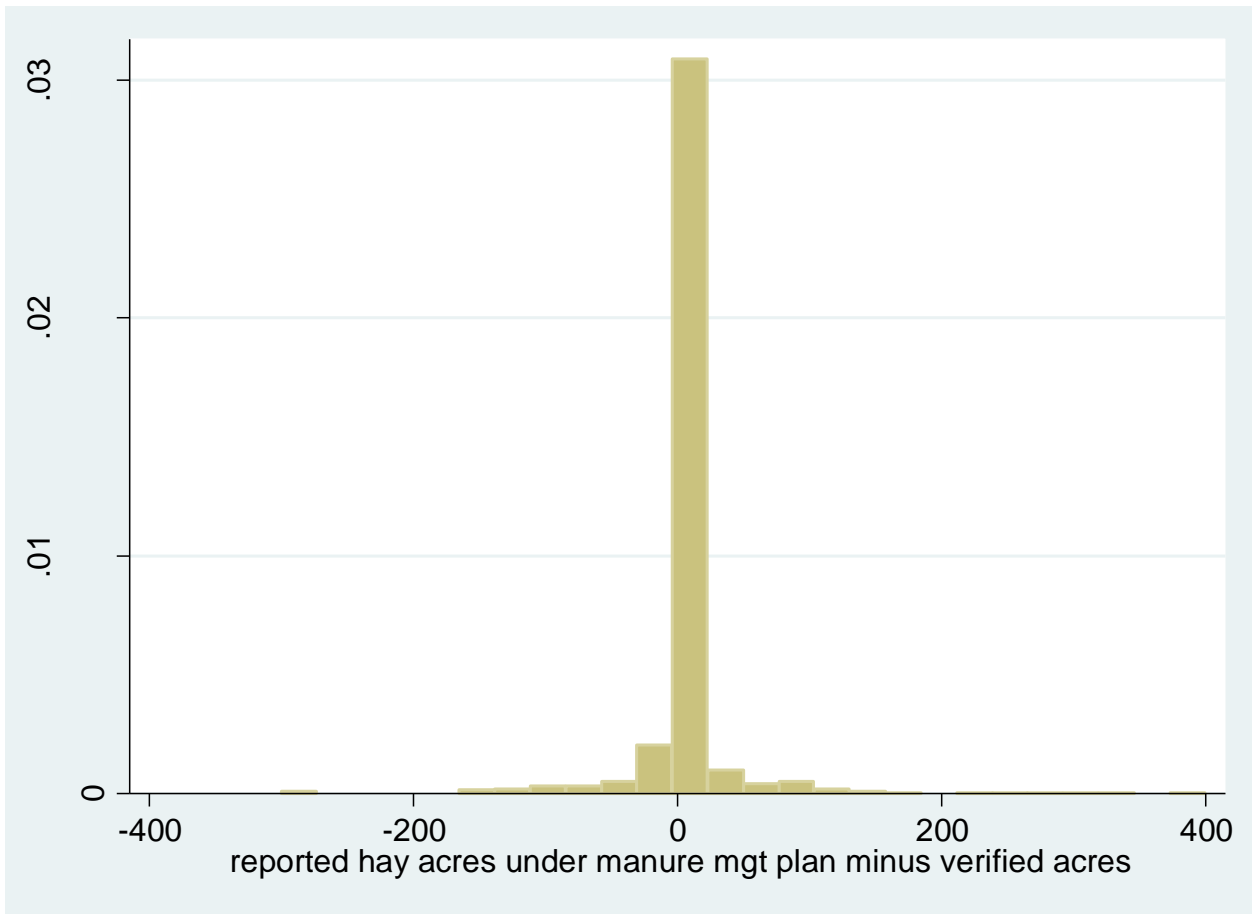


MANURE MANAGEMENT PLANS ON HAY ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
phay_mnrmgtDIF	2.25	1.54	(-0.78, 5.27)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	529		0		

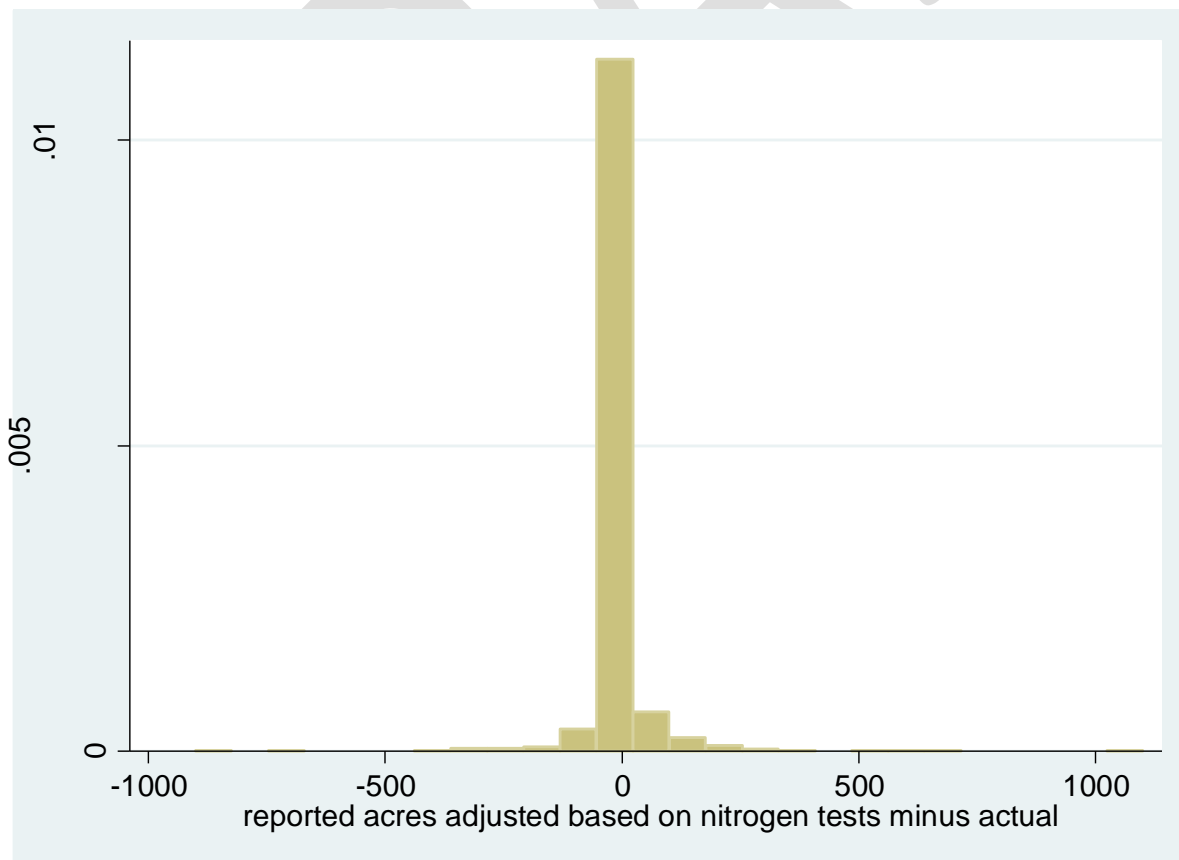
Category 1	56	76.96	11.59	
Category 2	51	-56.51	8.92	
Category 3	75	2.26	4.10	(-5.91, 10.42)
Total	711	2.25	1.54	(-0.78, 5.27)



Advanced Nutr Mgmt

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
adjDIF	15.61	13.75	(-11.38, 42.60)
Drop +9500	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
adjDIF	2.25	3.26	(-4.314, 8.65)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	564	79	0	---	
Category 1	63	9	117.58	21.68	
w/ +9500	64	9	264.18	148.15	
Category 2	54	8	-104.82	19.11	
Category 3	29	4	-5.06	35.06	(-76.88, 66.76)
Total	710	100	2.25	3.26	(-4.14, 8.65)
w/ +9500	711	100	15.61	13.75	(-11.38, 42.60)



(graph excludes the +9500 observation)

Manure Transport (no statistical analysis)

Manure Storage

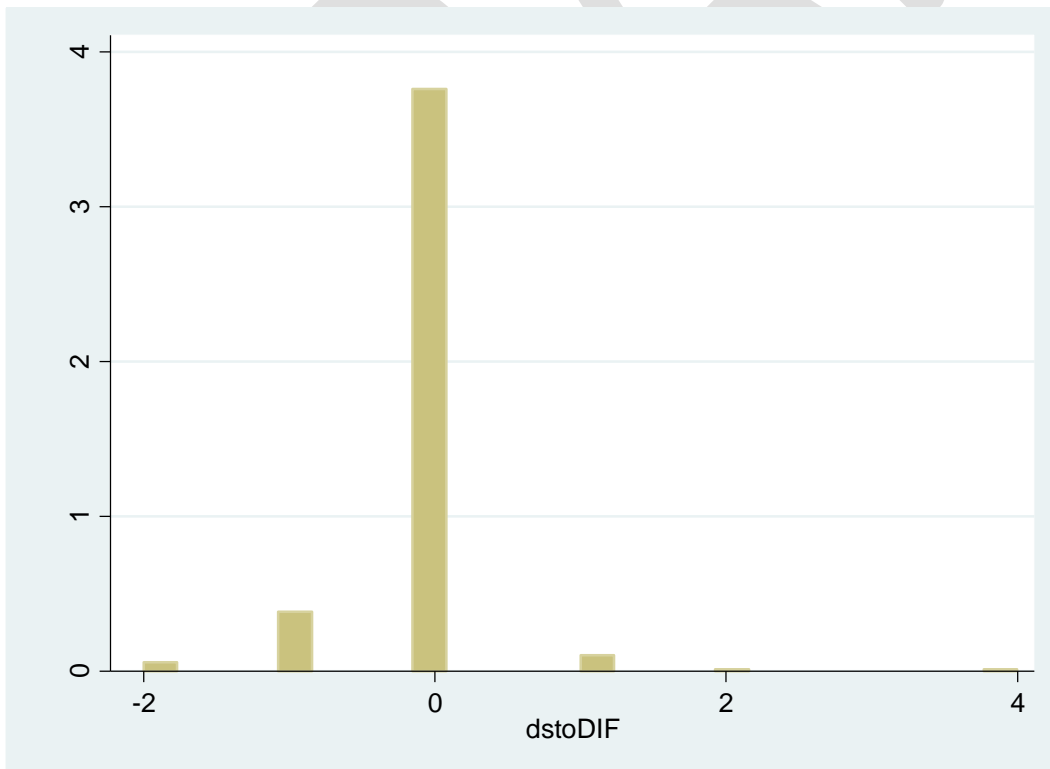
Difference between number of storage units reported in the mail/web survey and number of units reported in the farm visits

DAIRY (-54)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-.0759	.0176	(-.1105, -.0414)

It might help to think of the mean here as a proportion, so (on average) about 1 in 12 of the farms (8 percent) in the original survey that did not report a dairy manure storage unit actually had one.



Value Freq. Percent

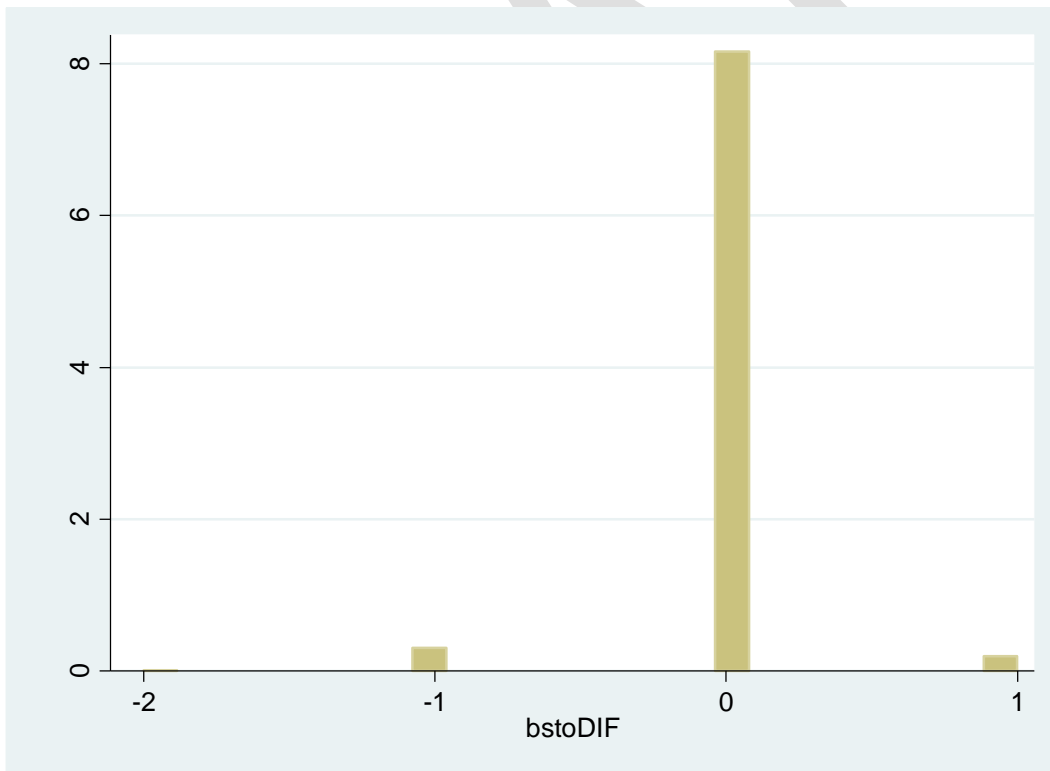
	-2	10	1.41
	-1	63	8.86
	0	617	86.78
	1	17	2.39
	2	2	0.28
	4	2	0.28
Total	-54	711	100.00

BEEF (-11)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-.0155	.0094	(-.0340, .0030)

On average about 1 in 60 farms that reported no beef manure storage units actually had one.



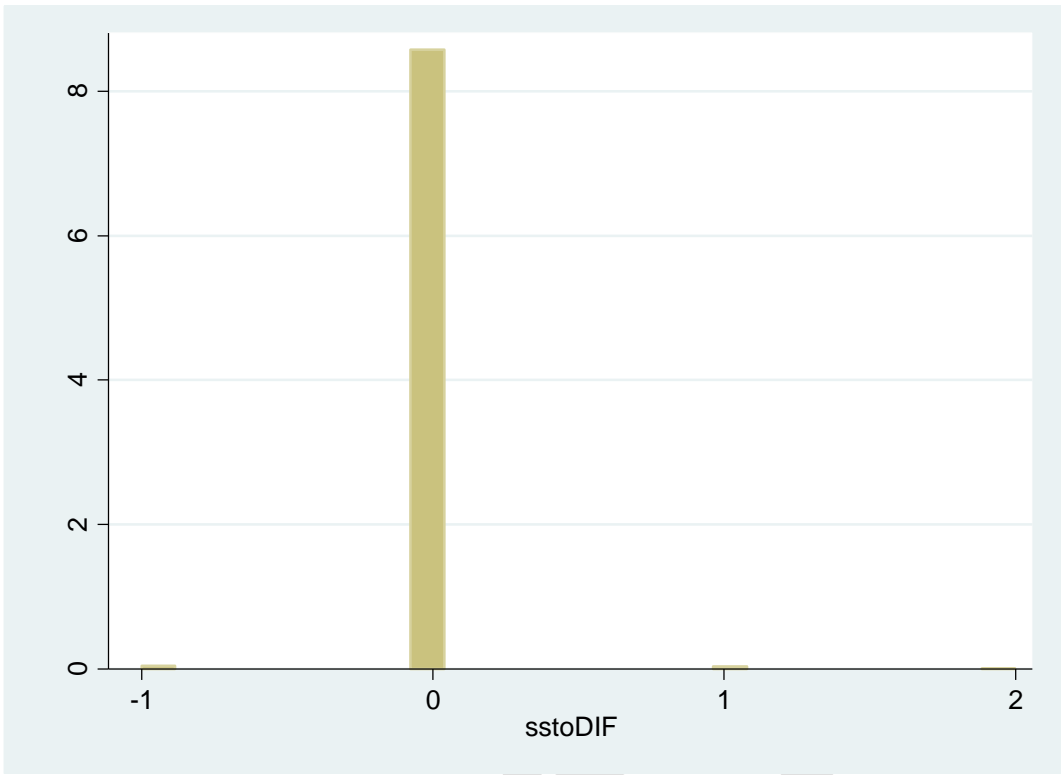
Value	Freq.	Percent
-2	1	0.14

	-1	25	3.52
	0	669	94.09
	1	16	2.25
Total	-11	711	100.00

SWINE (+1)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
.0014	.0047	(-.0078, .0106)

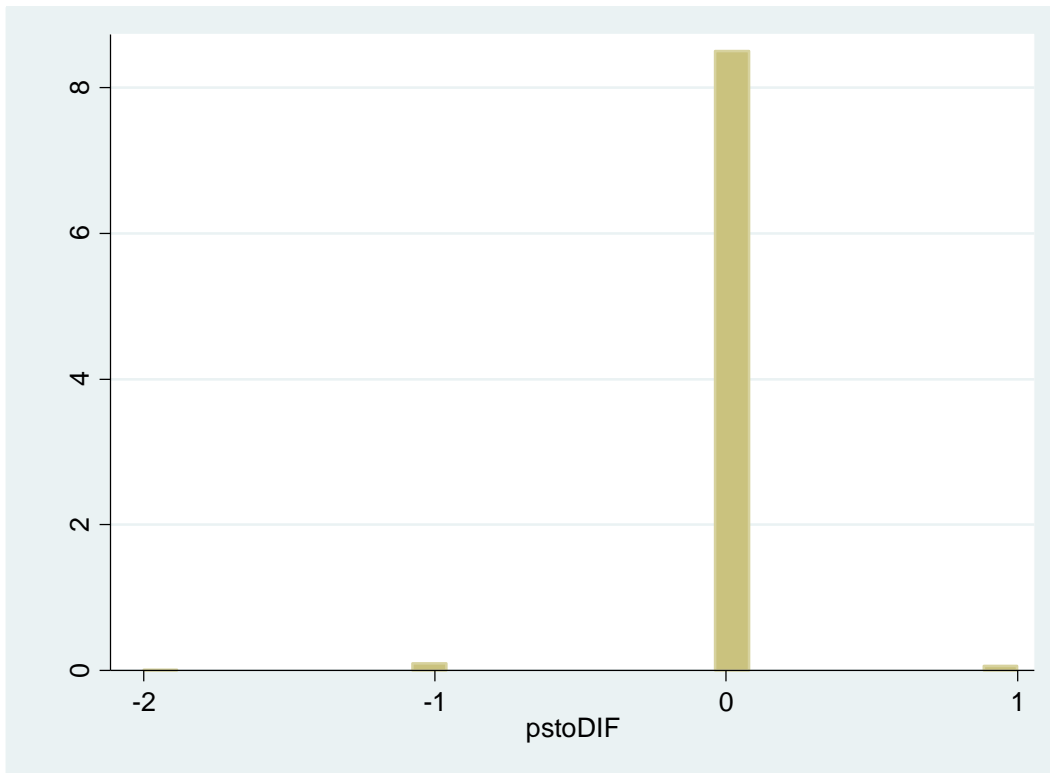


	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-1	4	0.56
	0	703	98.87
	1	3	0.42
	2	1	0.14
Total	+1	711	100.00

POULTRY (-5)

N = 711

Mean Std. Err. 95% Conf. Interval
-.0070 .0058 (-.0184, .0043)



	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-2	1	0.14
	-1	8	1.13
	0	697	98.03
	1	5	0.70
Total	-5	711	100.00

Barnyard Runoff Control

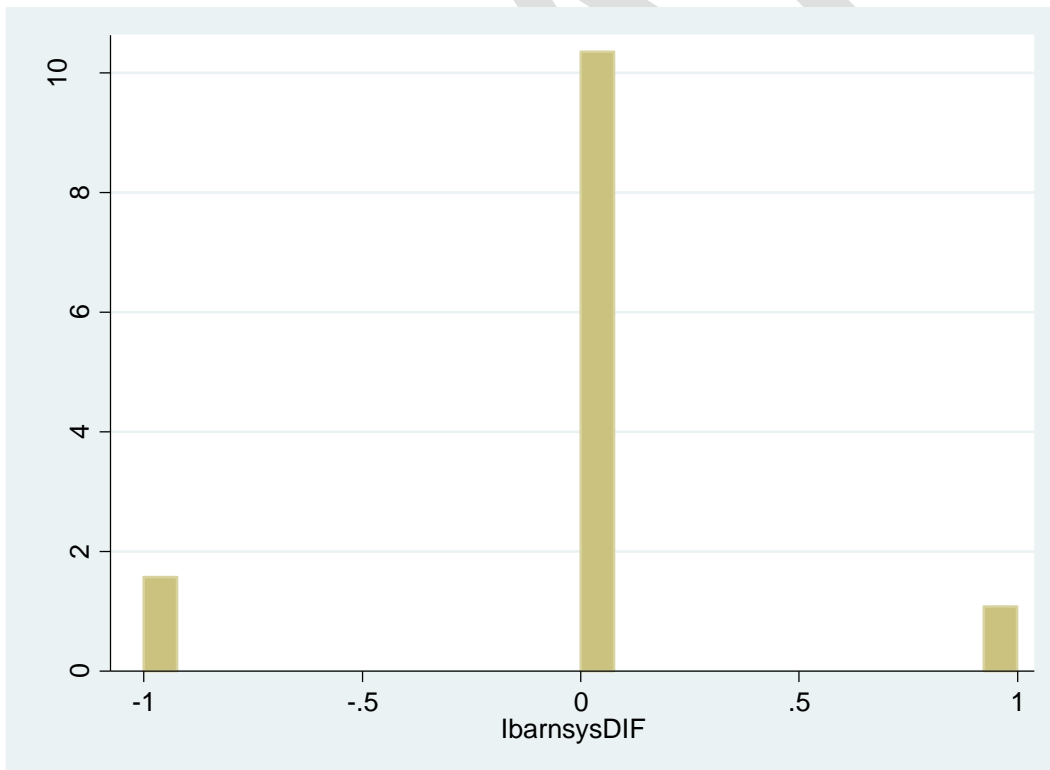
Difference between practices reported in mail/web survey and those reported from the farm visits

Farms having a privately funded barnyard runoff system overall:

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0380	0.0169	(-0.0711, -.0048)

On average about 4 percent of farms that did not report themselves having a system actually did have one as reported by the farm visits



Value	Freq.	Percent
-1	86	12.10
		56

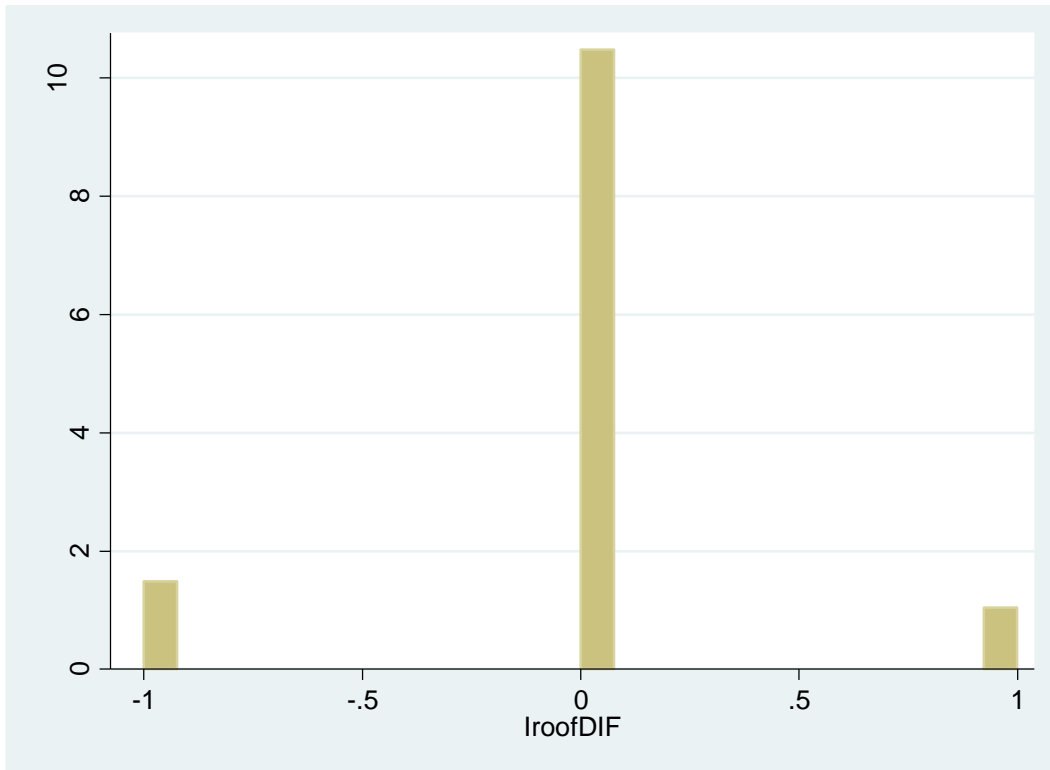
	0	566	79.61
	1	59	8.30
Total	-27	711	100.00

Reporting each practice within "Barnyard Runoff Control Structures" separately

ROOF RUNOFF STRUCTURES (-24)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0328	0.0165	(-0.0661, -0.0014)

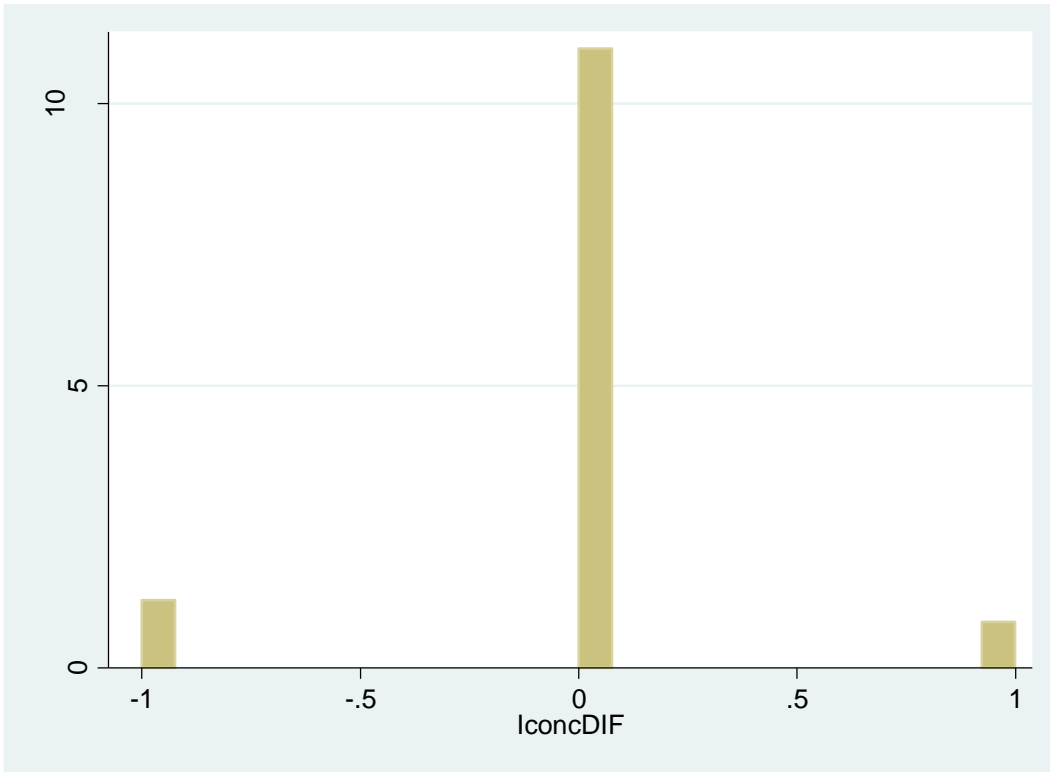


	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-1	81	11.39
	0	573	80.59
	1	57	8.02
Total	-24	711	100.00

CONCRETE BARNYARDS (-21)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0295	0.0148	(-0.0586, -0.0005)

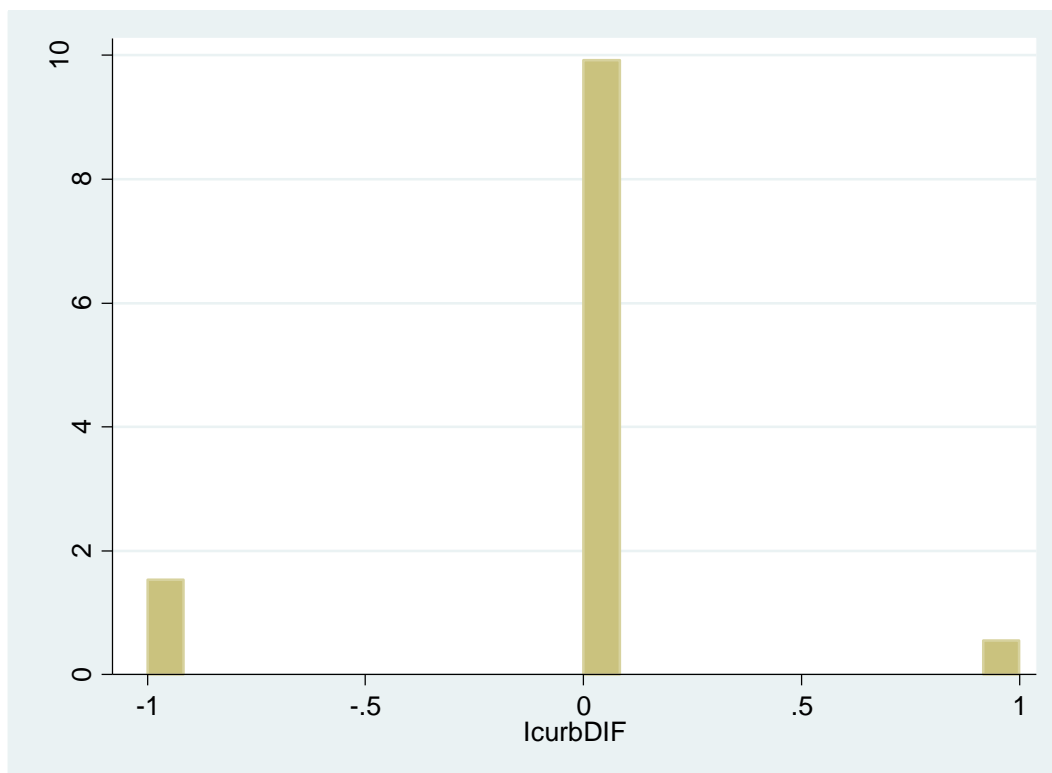


	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-1	66	9.28
	0	600	84.39
	1	45	6.33
Total	-21	711	100.00

CURBS (-57)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0802	0.0151	(-0.1097, -0.0506)

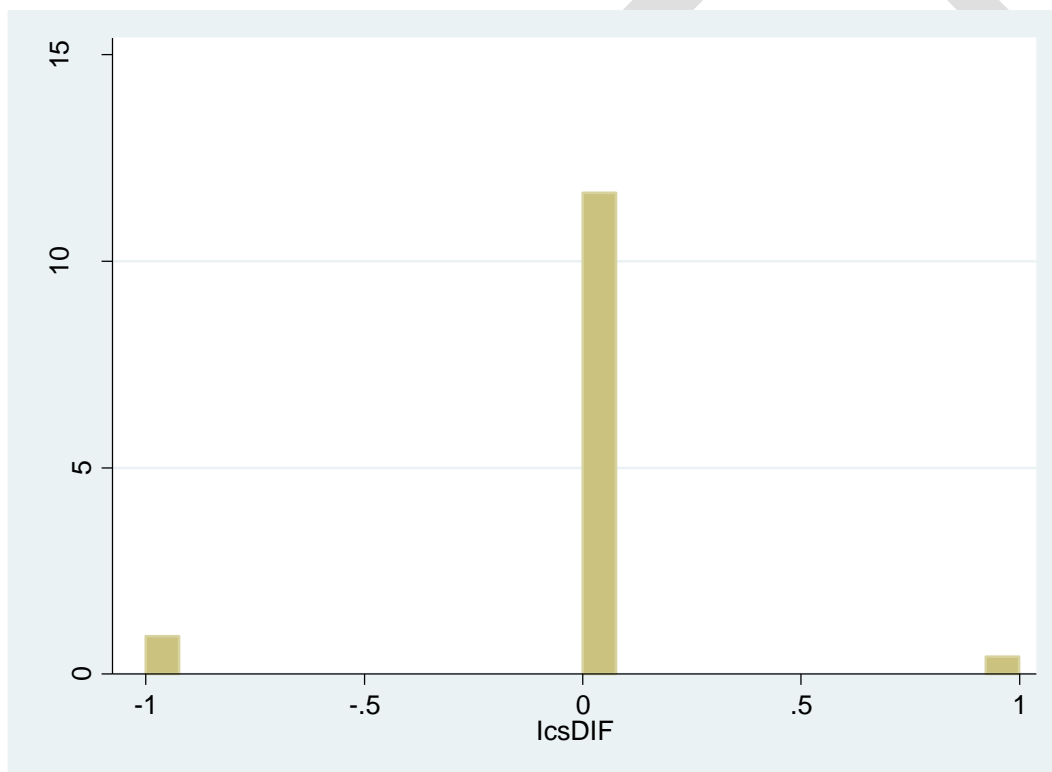


	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-1	88	12.38
	0	592	83.26
	1	31	4.36
Total	-57	711	100.00

COLLECTION SYSTEMS (-27)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0380	0.0119	(-0.0614, -0.0145)

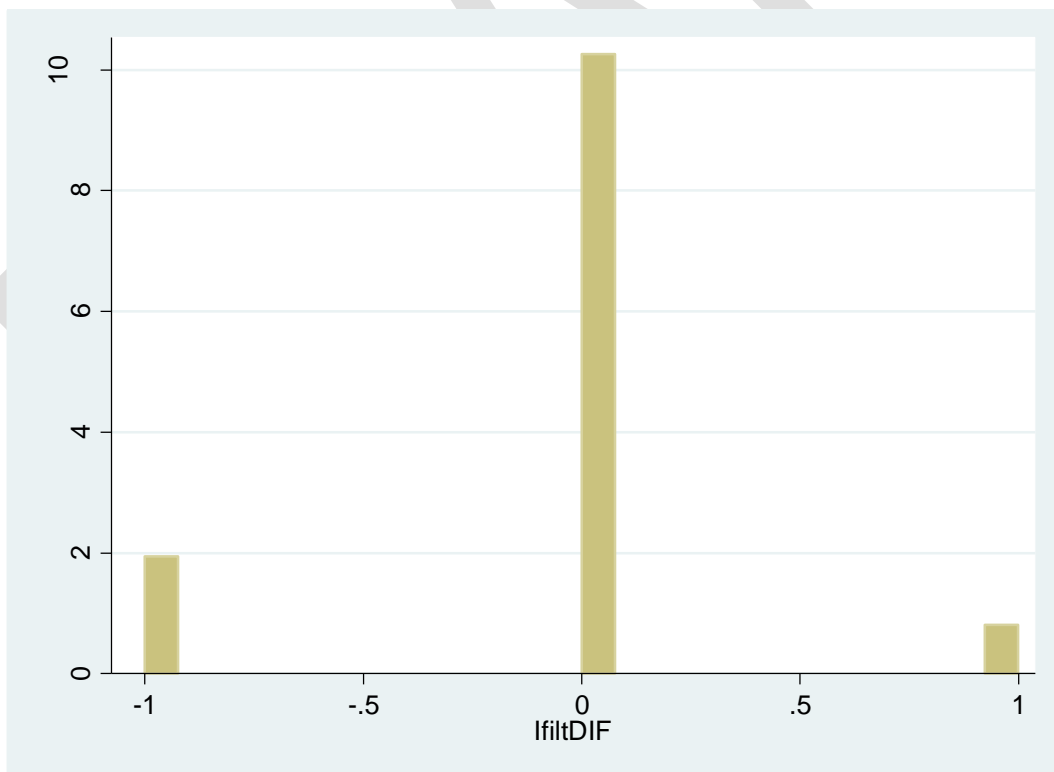


	Value	Freq.	Percent
	-1	50	7.03
	0	638	89.73
	1	23	3.23
Total	-27	711	100.00

BARNYARD RUNOFF FILTER STRIPS (-62)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.0872	0.0169	(-0.1204, -0.0540)



Value	Freq.	Percent
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	-1	106	14.91
	0	561	78.90
	1	44	6.19
Total	-62	711	100.00

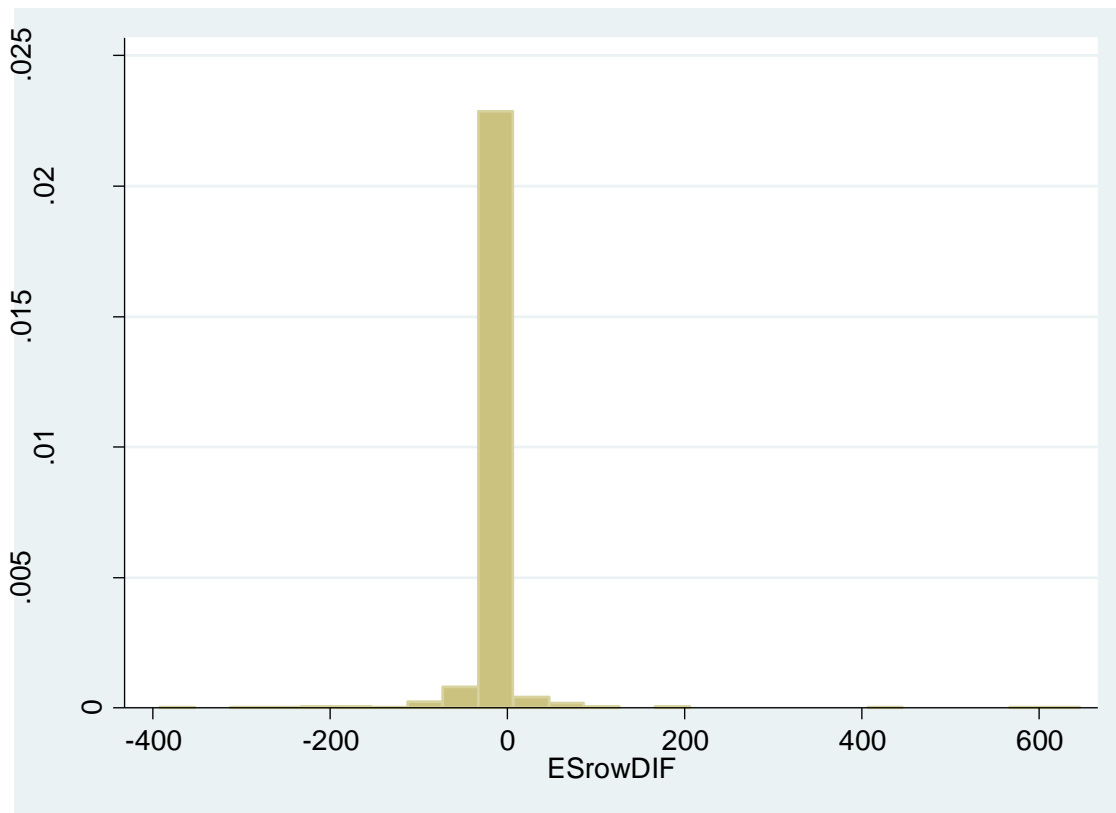
E&S Plans

ROW CROP ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ESrowDIF	-2.98	2.40	(-7.69, 1.73)

Drop -1100	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ESrowDIF	-1.43	1.84	(-5.04, 2.18)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	622	87	0	---	
Category 1	18	3	130.64	47.61	
Category 2	49	7	-79.70	11.17	
w/ -1100	50	7	-100.11	23.16	
Category 3	21	3	25.64	13.99	(-3.53, 54.82)
Total	710	100	-1.43	1.84	(-5.04, 2.18)
w/ -1100	711	100	-2.98	2.40	(-7.69, 1.73)



(graph excludes the -1100 observation)

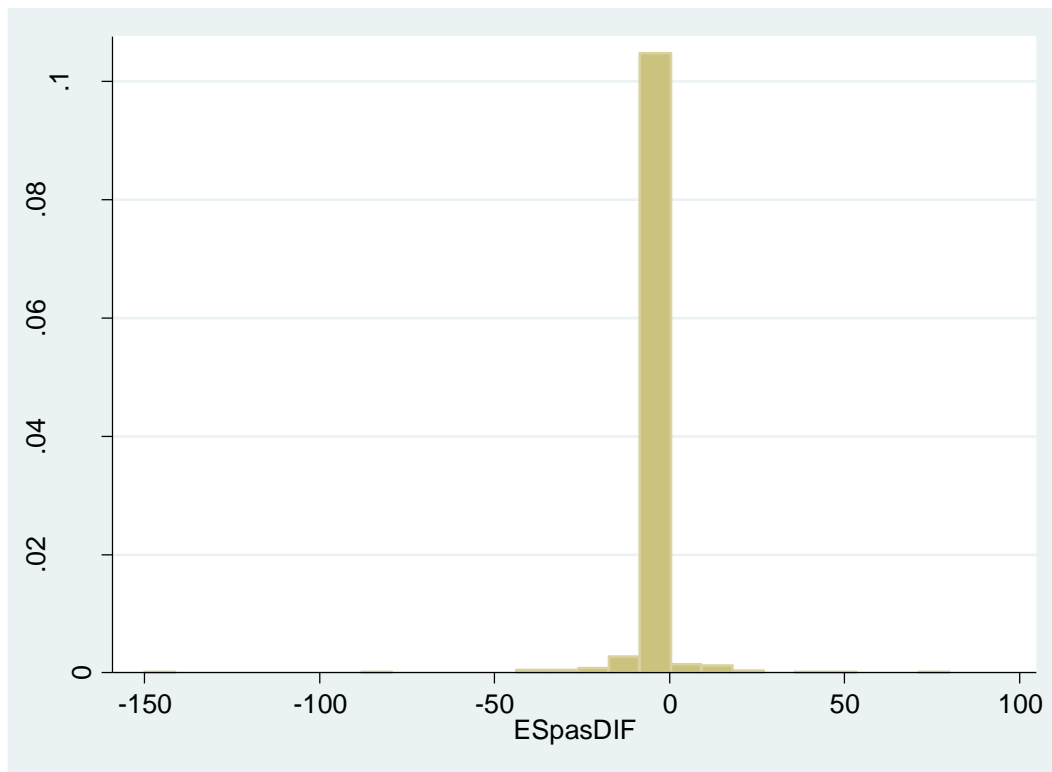
PASTURE ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ESpasDIF	-1.20	0.65	(-2.48, 0.07)

Drop -400	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ESpasDIF	-0.64	0.33	(-1.28, -0.00)

	<u>Freq.</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Std. Err.</u>	<u>95% Conf. Int.</u>
Category 0	638	90	0	---	
Category 1	16	2	17.5	4.99	
Category 2	39	6	-19.75	4.19	
w/ -400	40	6	-29.25	10.35	

Category 3	17	2	2.02	2.55	(-3.41, 7.44)
Total	710	100	-0.64	0.33	(-1.28, -0.00)
w/ -400	711	100	-1.20	0.65	(-2.48, 0.07)



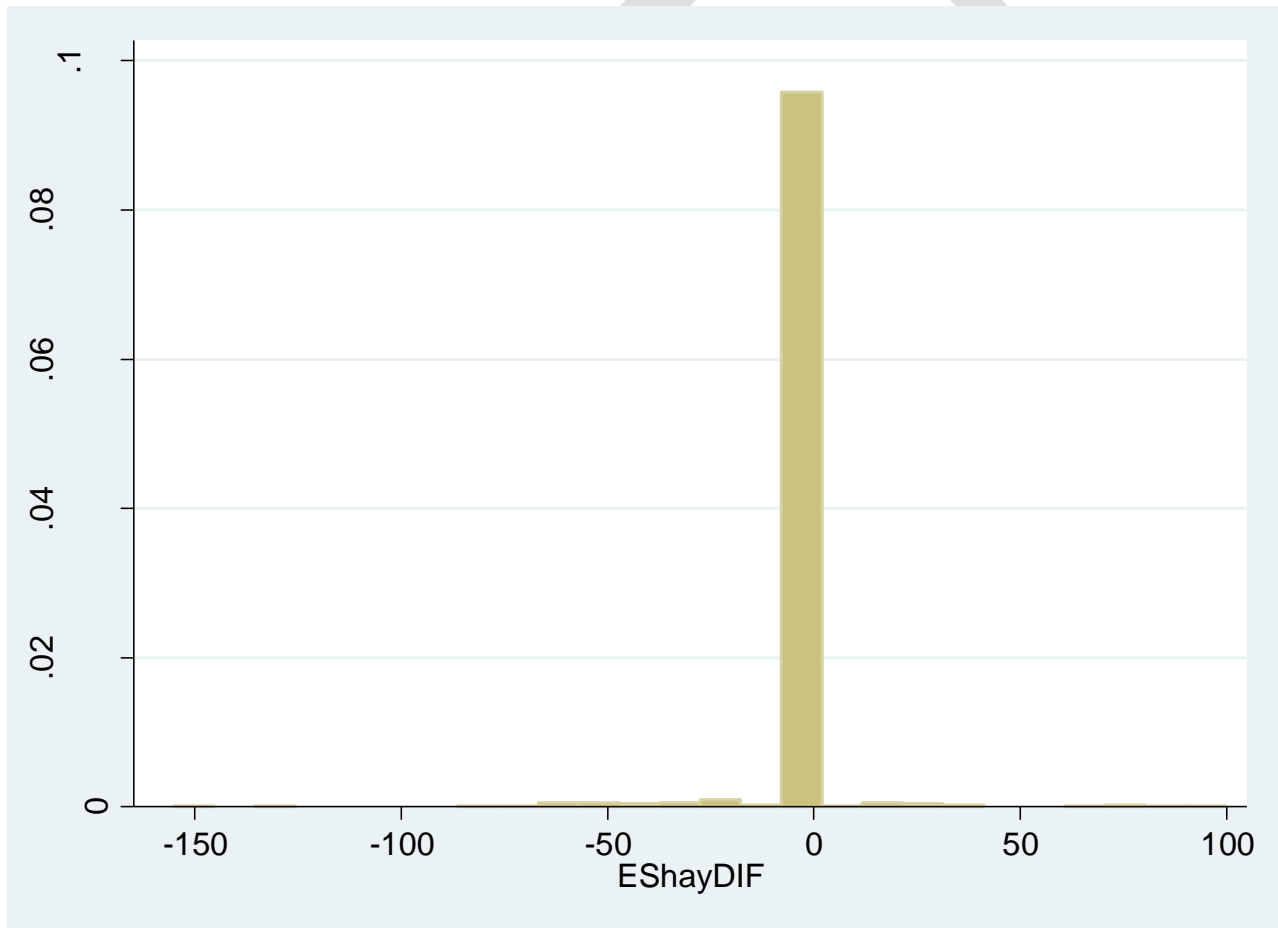
(graph excludes observation at -400)

HAY ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
EShayDIF	-2.44	0.95	(-4.30, -0.58)

Drop -400,-300,-278	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
EShayDIF	-1.07	0.51	(-2.07, -0.07)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	644	91	0	---	
Category 1	12	2	44	8.17	
Category 2	37	6	-31.50	5.58	
w/ outliers	40	6	-53.59	13.65	
Category 3	15	2	-8	9.49	(-28.35, 12.35)
Total	708	100	-1.07	0.51	(-2.07, -0.07)
w/ outliers	711	100	-2.44	0.95	(-4.30, -0.58)

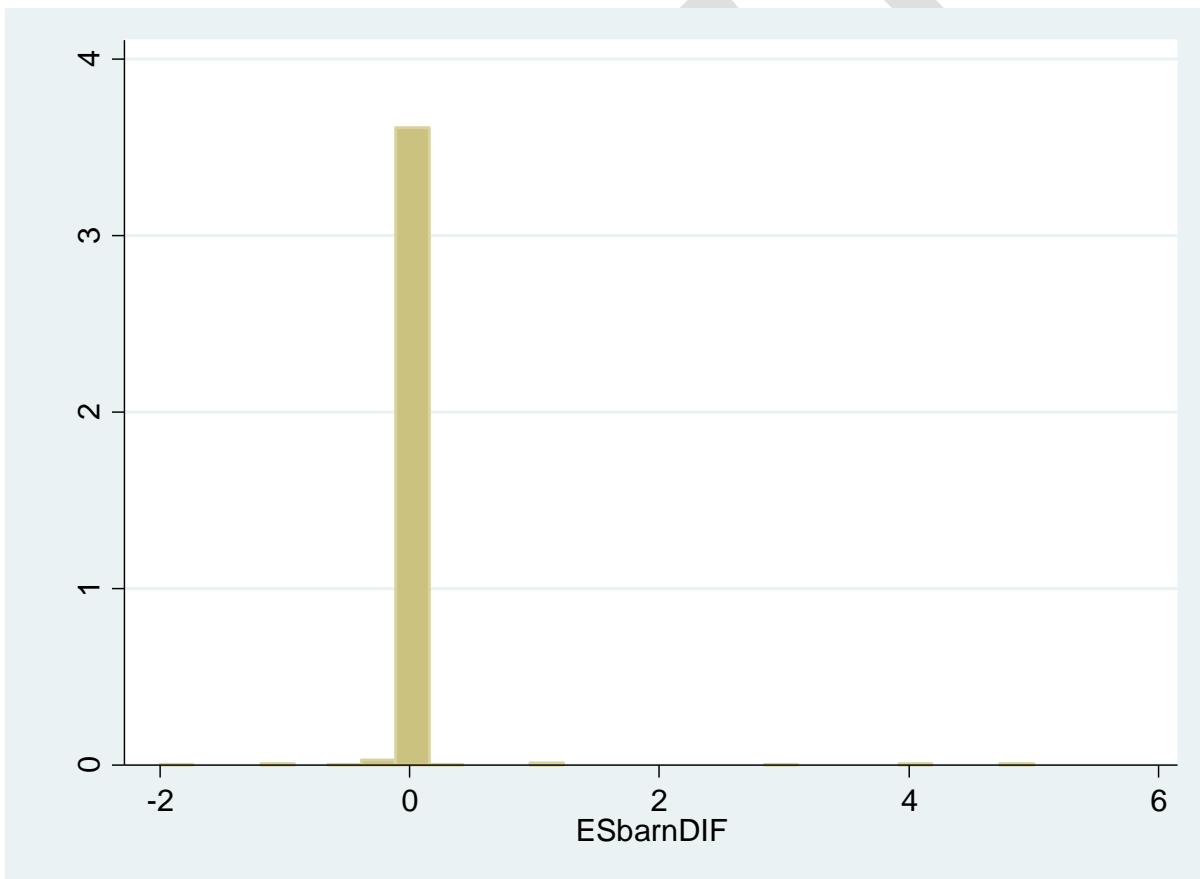


(graph excludes -400, -300, and -278)

BARNYARD ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
ESbarnDIF	0.025	0.014	(-0.002, 0.053)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	676	95	0	---	
Category 1	11	2	2.21	0.60	
Category 2	20	3	-0.31	0.11	
Category 3	4	1	0.01	0.16	(-0.51, 0.53)
Total	711	100	0.03	0.02	(-0.00, 0.05)

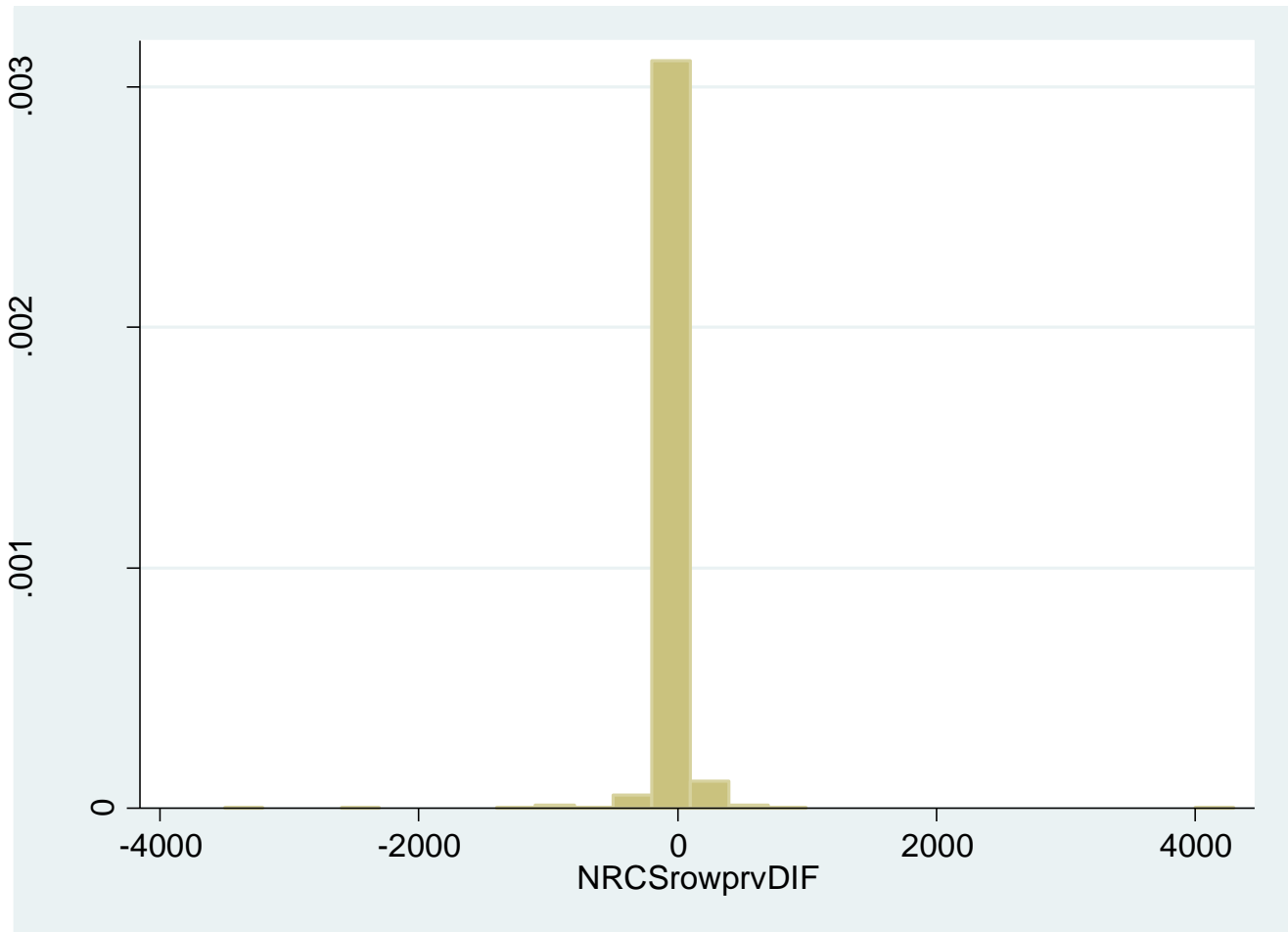


NRCS Plans (privately funded)

ROW CROP ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
NRCSrowprvDIF	-8.28	9.40	(-26.74, 10.19)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	538	76	0	---	
Category 1	55	8	128.48	18.84	
Category 2	77	11	-216.62	57.67	
Category 3	41	6	90.96	108.52	(-128.37, 310.28)
Total	711	100	-8.28	9.40	(-26.74, 10.19)

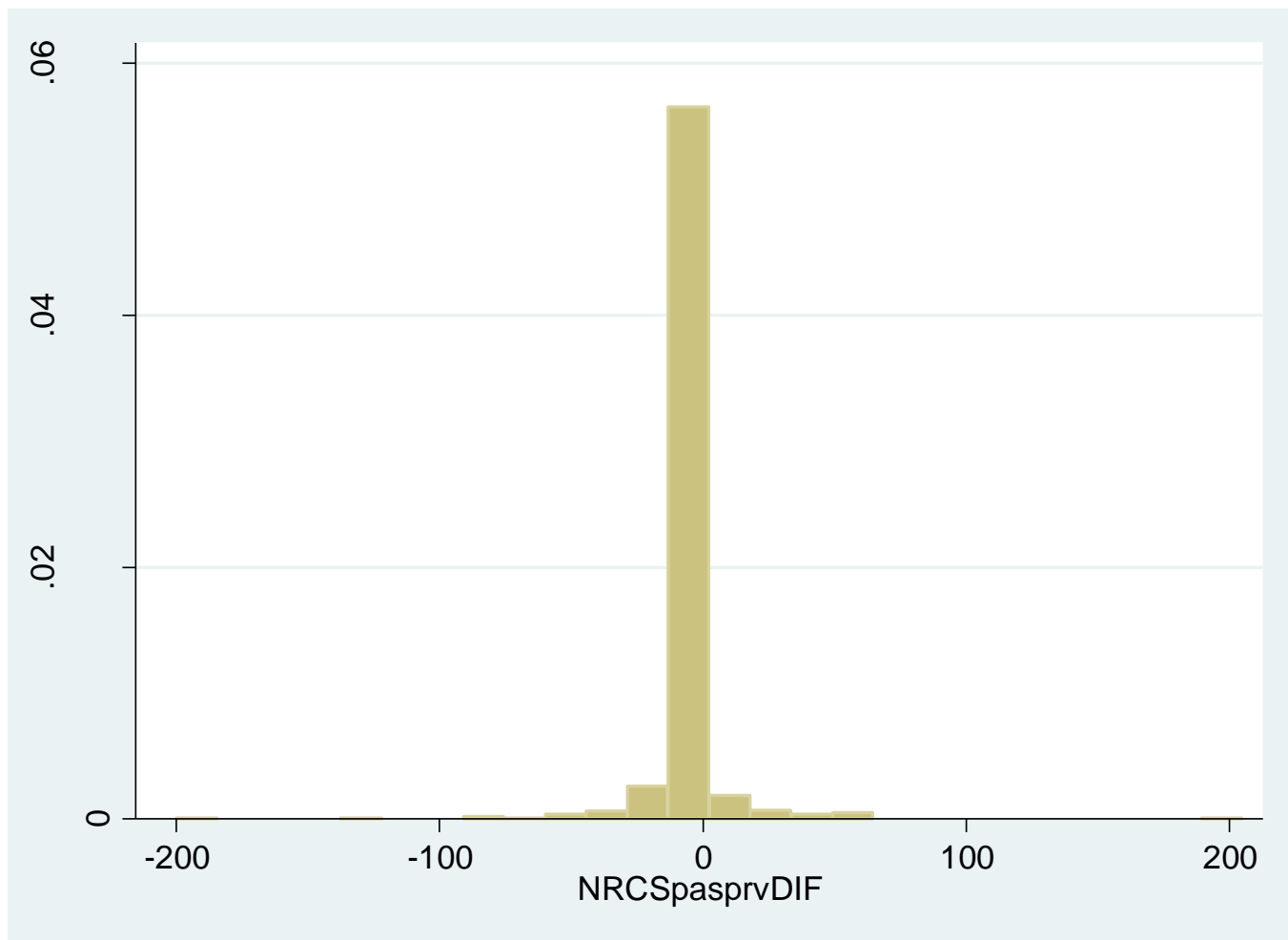


PASTURE ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
NRCSpasprvDIF	-0.97	0.59	(-2.13, 0.20)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	587	82.56	0	---	
Category 1	35	4.92	22.89	3.22	
Category 2	64	9.00	-24.08	3.71	
Category 3	25	3.52	2.12	9.63	(-17.75, 21.99)

Total 711 100.00 -0.97 0.59 (-2.13, 0.20)



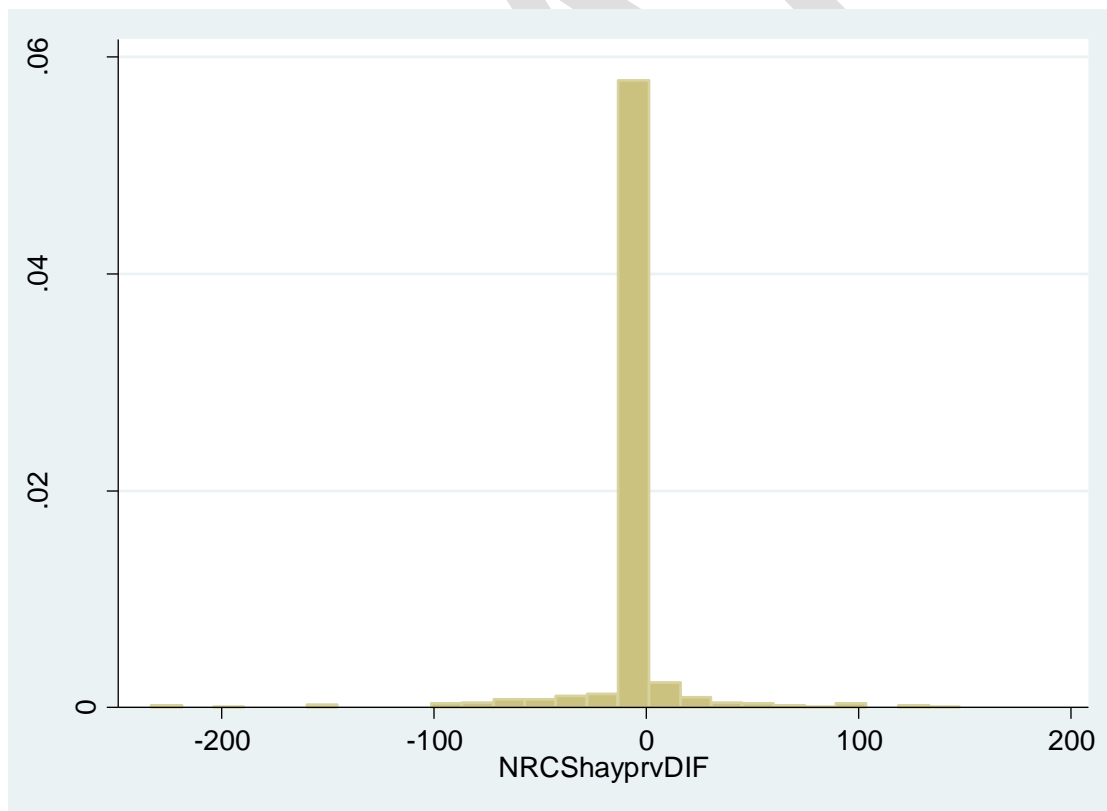
HAY ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
NRCSHayprvDIF	-3.23	1.29	(-5.76, -0.69)

Drop -600	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.

NRCShayprvDIF -2.39 0.98 (-4.31, -0.46)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	577	81	0	---	
Category 1	40	6	39.26	6.36	
Category 2	64	9	-46.72	5.56	
w/ -600	65	9	-55.23	10.12	
Category 3	29	4	2.12	9.63	(-17.75, 21.99)
Total	710	100	-2.39	0.98	(-4.31, -0.46)
w/ -600	711	100	-3.23	1.29	(-5.76, -0.69)

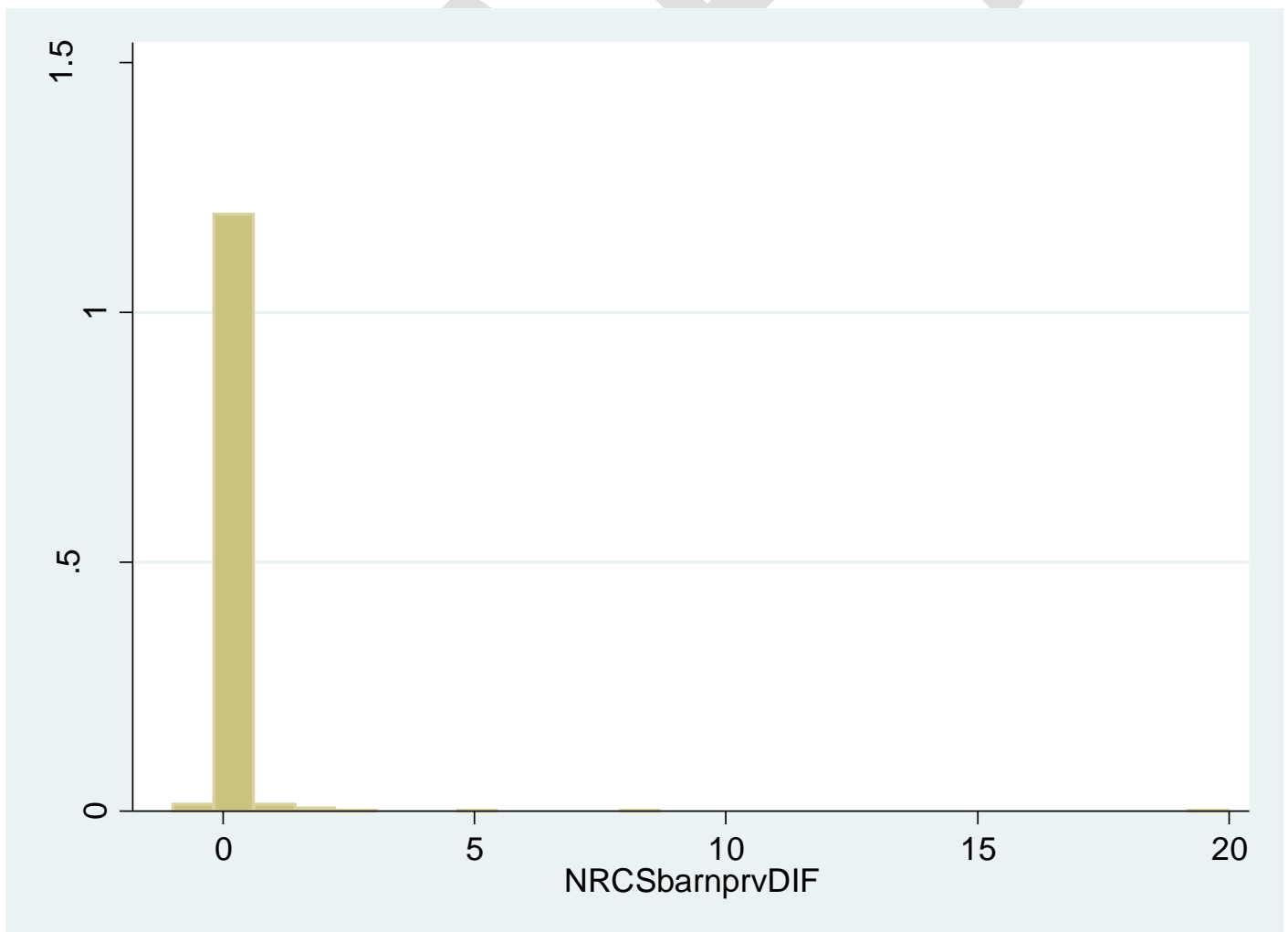


(graph excludes -600)

BARNYARD ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
NRCSbarnprvDIF	0.067	0.032	(0.004, 0.130)

	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	661	93	0	---	
Category 1	18	3	2.54	1.11	
Category 2	27	4	-0.19	0.04	
Category 3	5	1	1.39	0.93	(-1.21, 3.99)
Total	711	100	0.07	0.03	(0.00, 0.13)



(graph excludes -600)

Stream Bank Fencing

FENCING LENGTH (FT.)

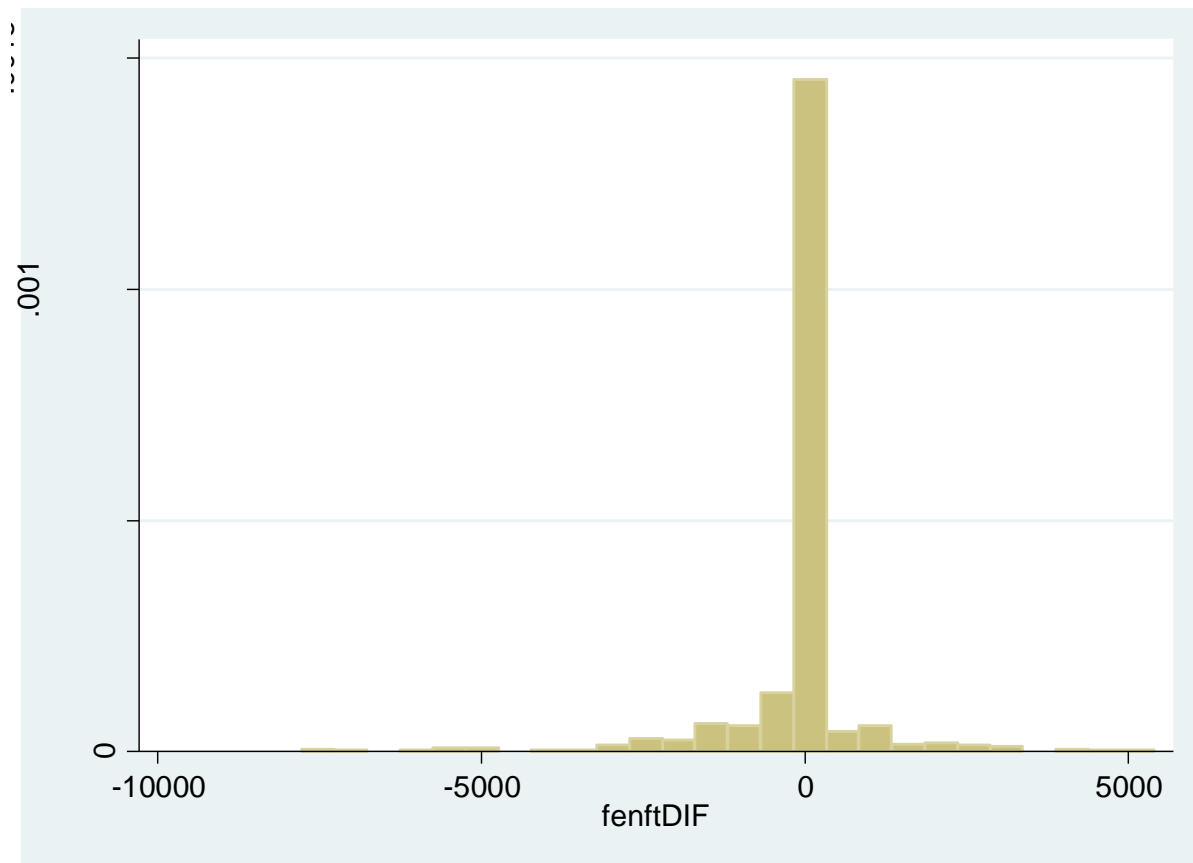
N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-204.376	60.428	(-323.015, -85.736)

Exclude 3 observations -25000, -17160, -11000

N = 708

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-130.157	40.489	(-209.650, -50.664)



(graph excludes -25000, -17160, and -11000)

		Freq.	Percent
reported	0	478	67.23
reported	> 0	26	3.66
reported	0	61	8.58
reported	> 0	146	20.53
Total		711	100.00

DISTANCE FROM STREAM TO FENCE (FT.)

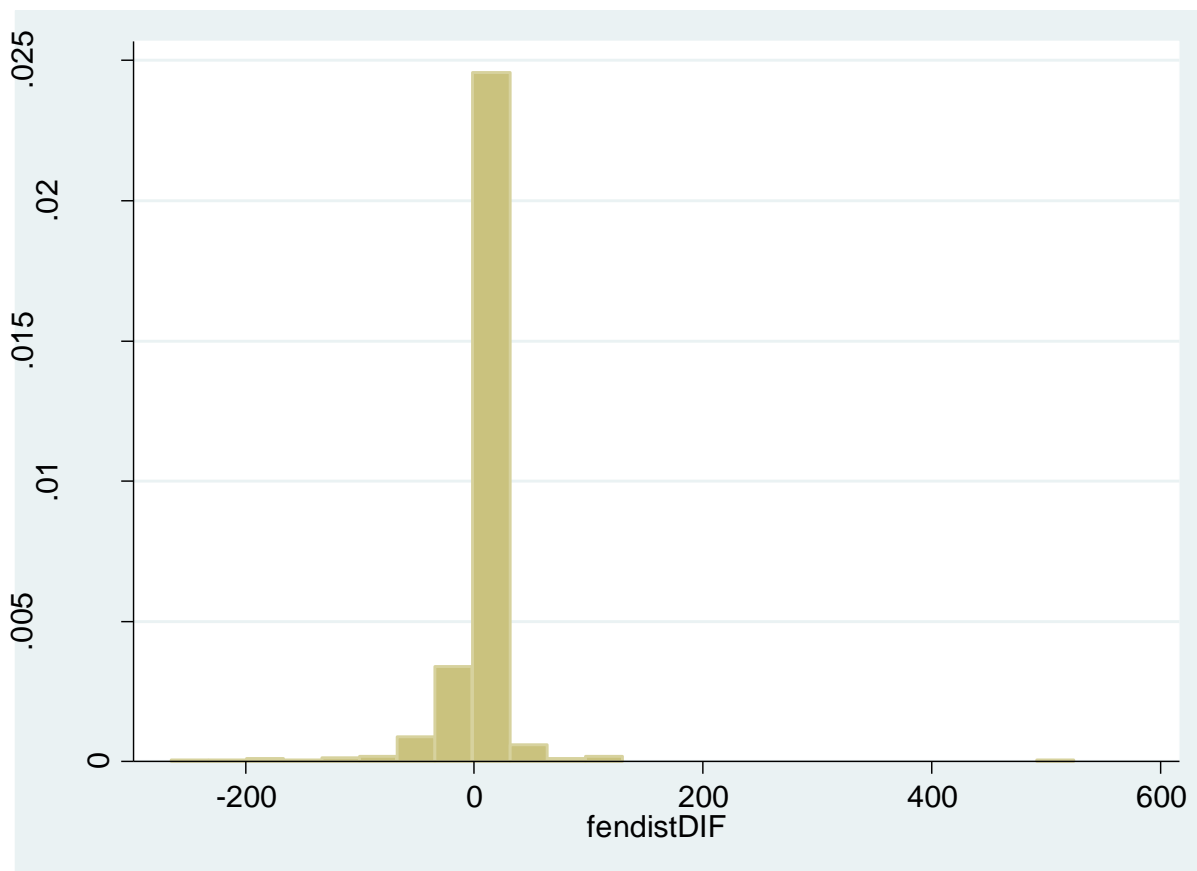
N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
0.018	1.842	(-3.599, 3.635)

Exclude 1 obs +1000

N = 710

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-1.390	1.189	(-3.724, 0.945)



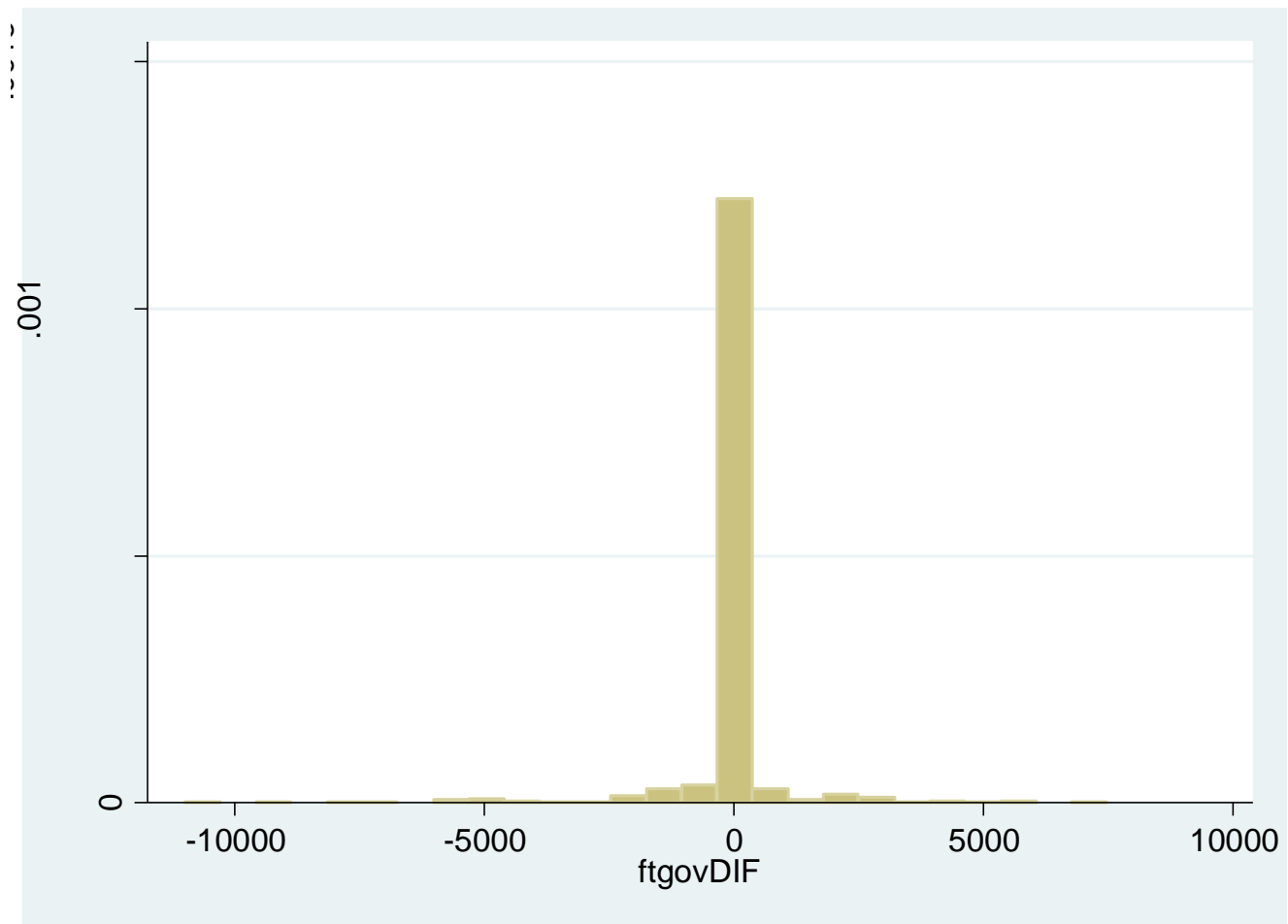
(graph excludes +1000)

			Freq.	Percent
reported	0	verified 0	471	66.24
reported	> 0	verified 0	35	4.92
reported	0	verified > 0	54	7.59
reported	> 0	verified > 0	151	21.24
		Total	711	100.00

PUBLIC FUNDED FENCING (FT.)

N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-64.471	43.189	(-149.265, 20.323)



			Freq.	Percent
reported	0	verified 0	599	84.25
reported	> 0	verified 0	21	2.95
reported	0	verified > 0	28	3.94
reported	> 0	verified > 0	63	8.86
		Total	711	100.00

PRIVATELY FUNDED FENCING (FT.)

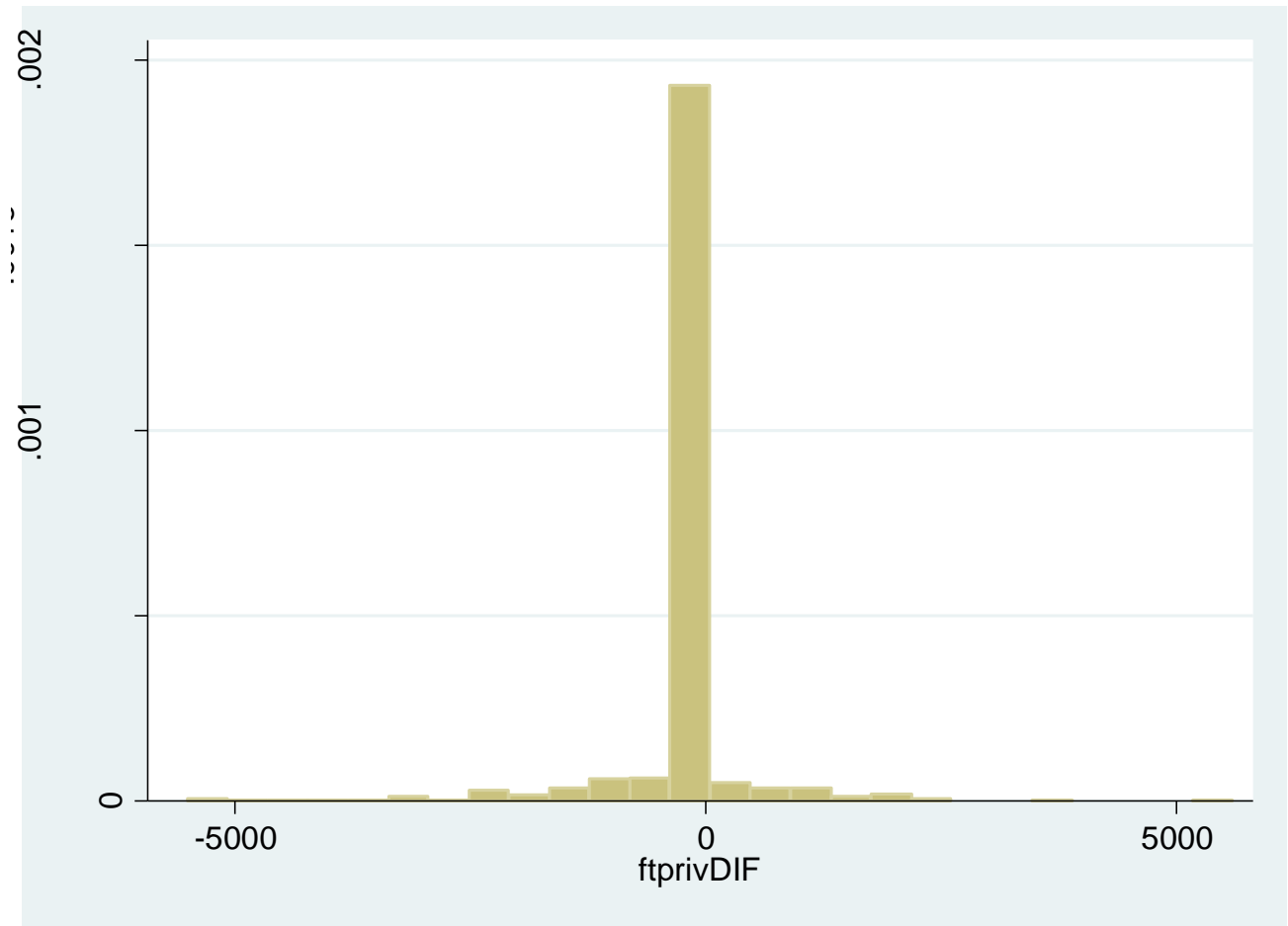
N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-141.190	52.784	(-244.822, -37.558)

Exclude 3 obs -25000, -17160, +10000

N = 709

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-96.364	28.078	(-151.491, -41.237)



(graph excludes -25000, -17160, +10000)

		Freq.		Percent	
reported	0	verified	0	553	77.78
reported	> 0	verified	0	29	4.08
reported	0	verified	> 0	60	8.44
reported	> 0	verified	> 0	69	9.70
		Total		711	100.00

ACRES OF BUFFER (calculated with fence length x distance from stream)

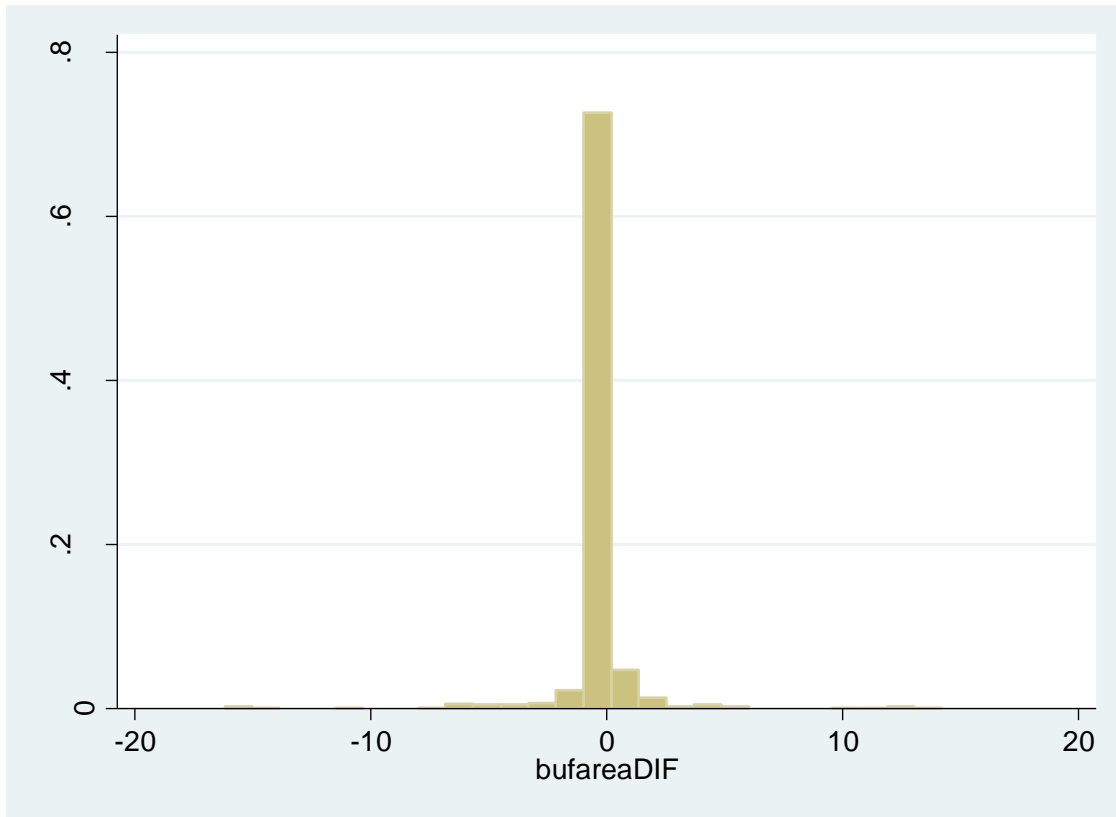
N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.215	0.099	(-0.409, -0.021)

Exclude 3 obs -39.39394, -27.77778, -19.66942

N = 708

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.093	0.067	(-0.225, 0.039)



(graph excludes -39.39, -27.78, -19.67)

			Freq.	Percent
reported	0	verified 0	478	67.23
reported	> 0	verified 0	32	4.50
reported	0	verified > 0	61	8.58
reported	> 0	verified > 0	140	19.69
Total			711	100.00

ACRES OF PRIVATELY FUNDED BUFFER

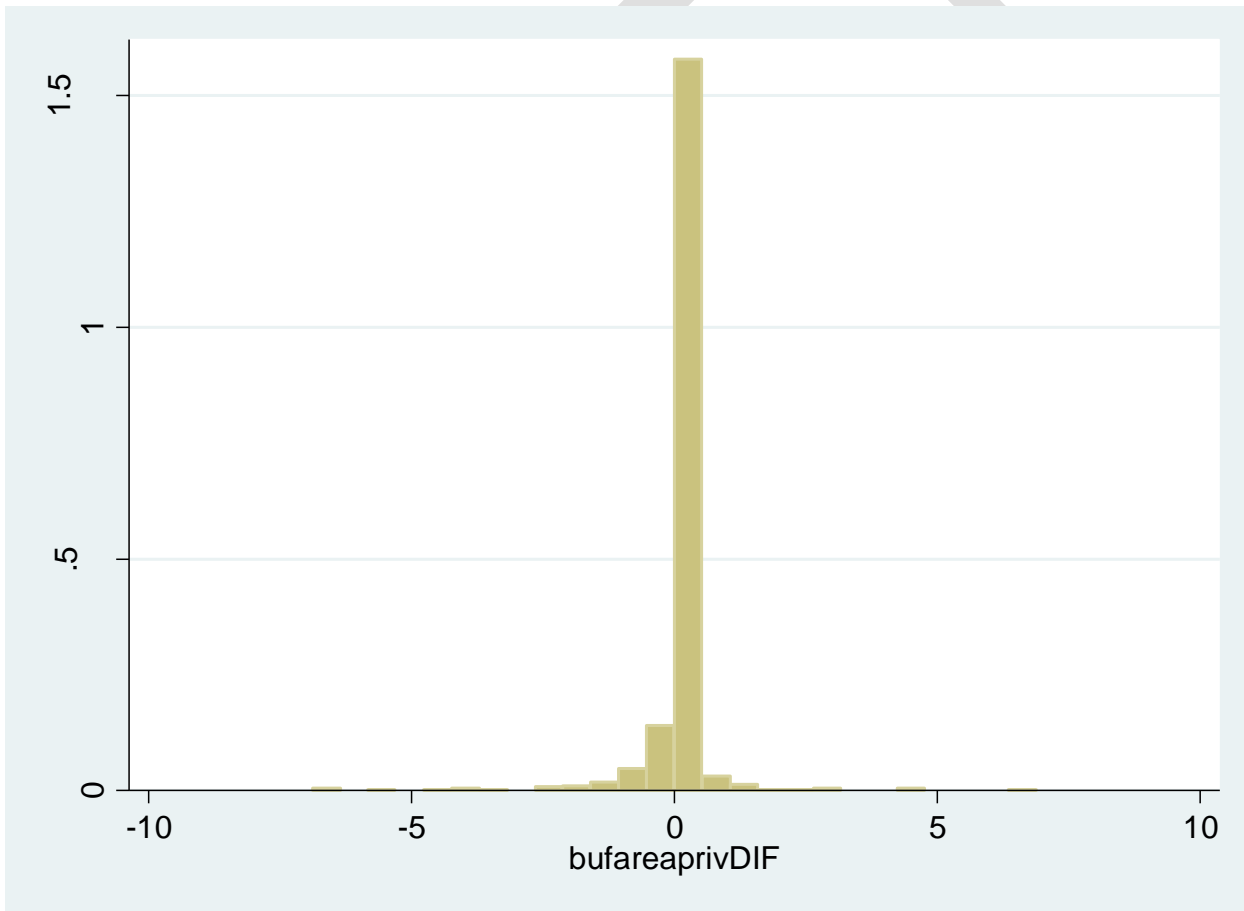
N = 711

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.142	0.067	(-0.273, -0.011)

Exclude 3 obs -39.39394, -14.63499, -10.56015

N = 708

Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Interval
-0.051	0.027	(-0.105, 0.002)



(graph excludes -39.39, -14.63, -10.56)

			Freq.	Percent
reported	0	verified 0	555	78.06
reported	> 0	verified 0	33	4.64

reported	0	verified > 0	58	8.16
reported > 0		verified > 0	65	9.14
		Total	711	100.00

Riparian Buffers

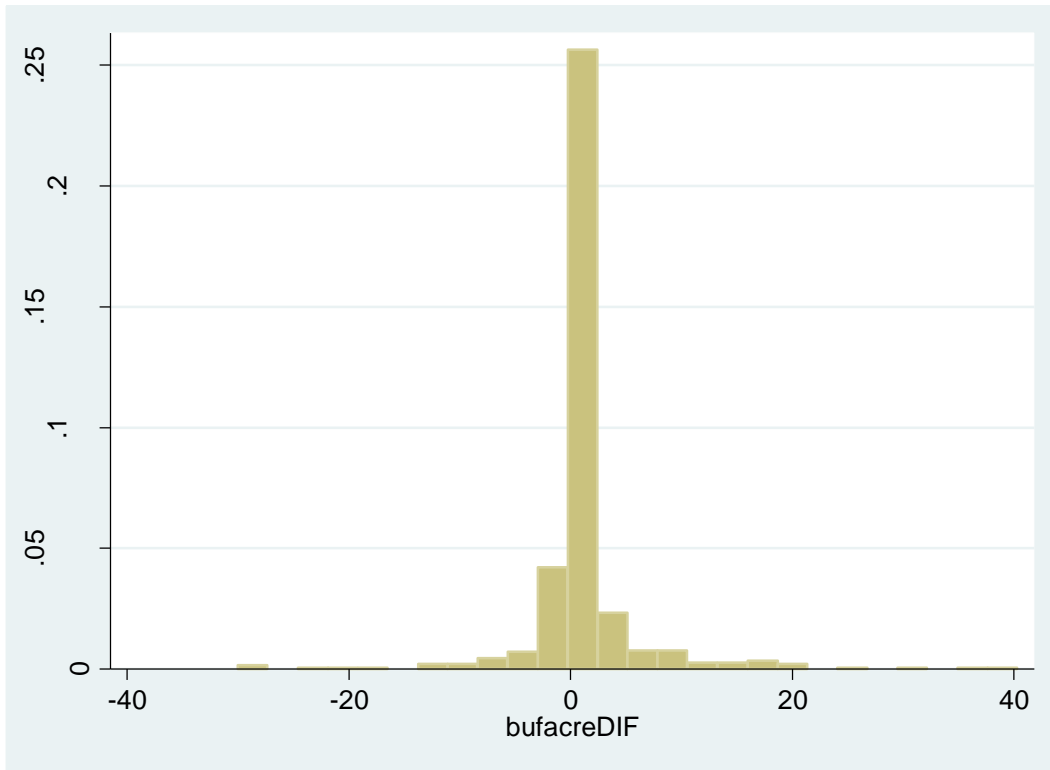
This seems to be the only BMP that is systematically over-reported

BUFFER ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
bufacreDIF	0.514	0.262	(0.001, 1.028)

Drop -128.5583	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
bufacreDIF	0.696	0.188	(0.326, 1.066)

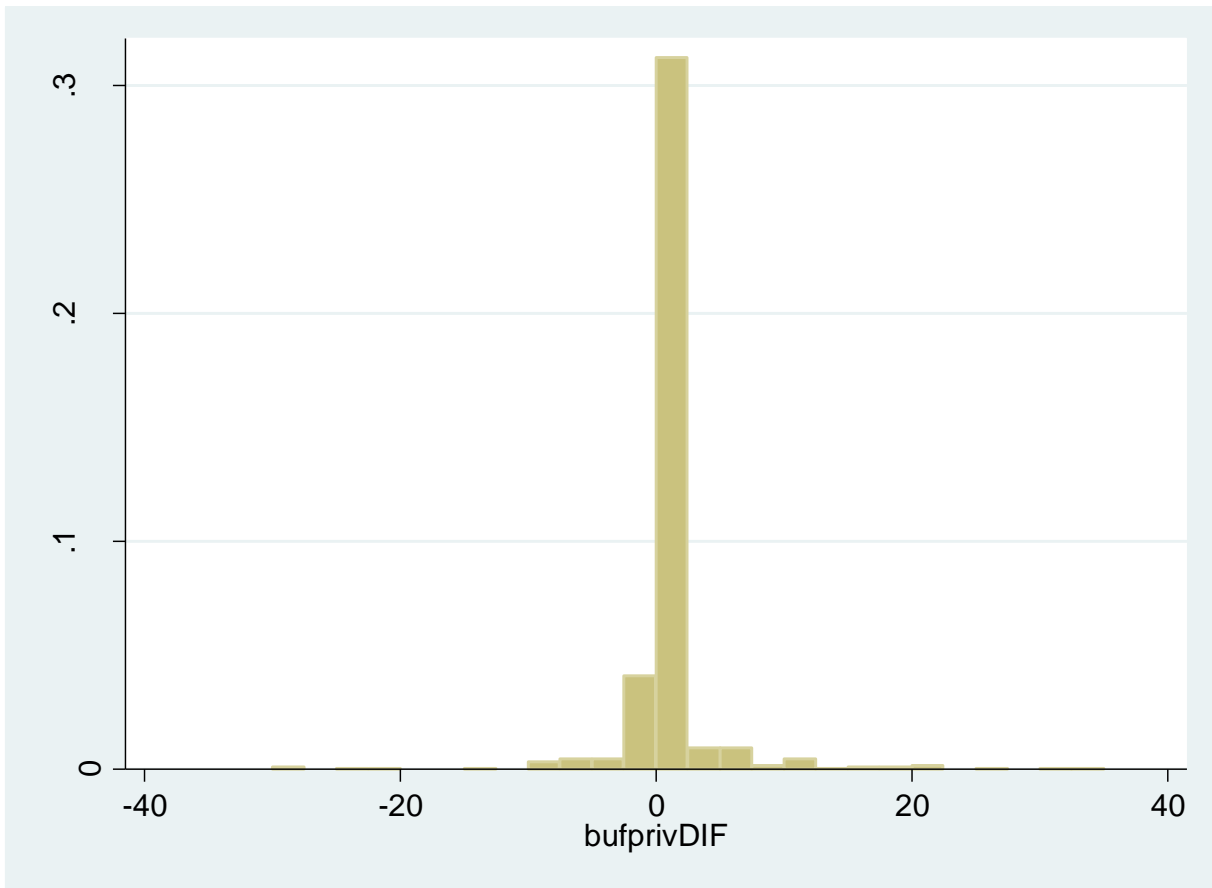
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	407	57	0		
Category 1	95	13	5.57	0.61	
Category 2	113	16	-2.84	0.45	
w/-128.5583	114	16	-3.95	1.19	
Category 3	95	13	3.01	0.92	(1.19, 4.83)
Total	710	100	0.70	0.19	(0.33, 1.07)
w/-128.5583	711	100	0.51	0.26	(0.00, 1.03)



(graph excludes -128.5583)

PRIVATELY FUNDED BUFFER ACRES

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.		
bufprivDIF	0.3308	0.1462	(0.0438, 0.6179)		
	Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
Category 0	509	72	0		
Category 1	80	11	5.54	0.71	
Category 2	87	12	-2.47	0.44	
Category 3	35	5	0.39	1.67	(-3.00, 3.79)
Total	711	100	0.33	0.15	(0.04, 0.62)



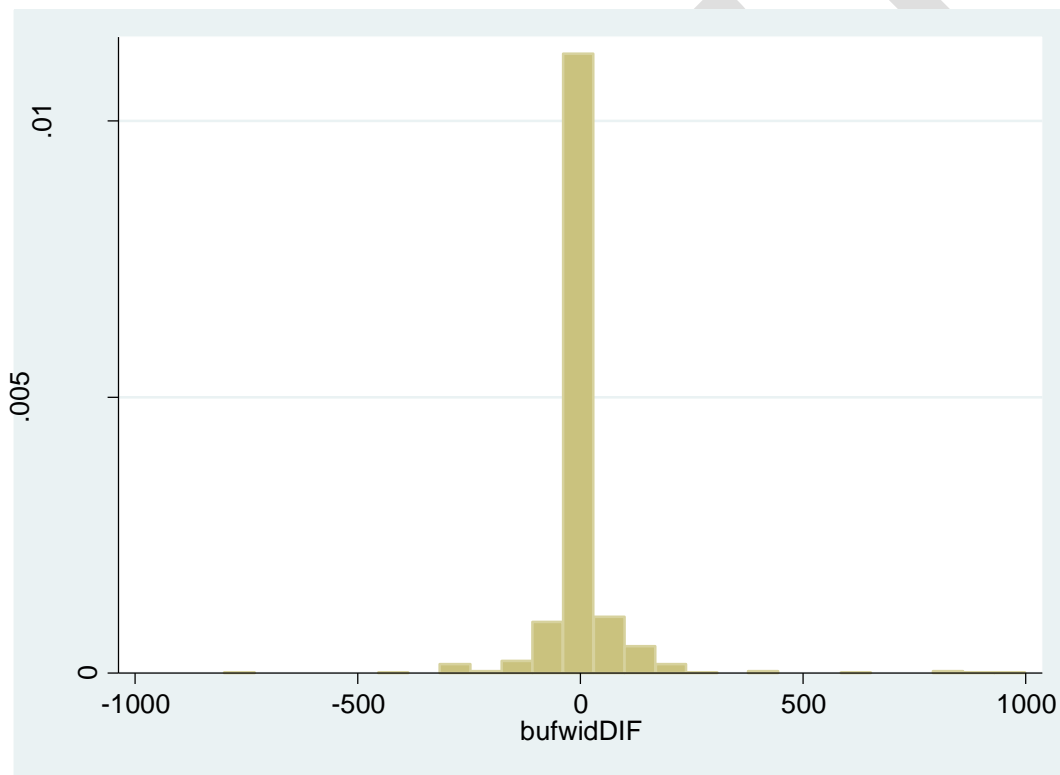
DRAFT

BUFFER WIDTH

Raw variable	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
bufprivDIF	2.0499	4.6355	(-7.0510, 11.1509)
Drop -2000			
bufprivDIF	4.8697	3.6844	(-2.3640, 12.1034)

Freq.	Percent	Mean	Std. Err.	95% Conf. Int.
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Category 0	398	56	0		
Category 1	98	14	89.89	14.69	
Category 2	110	16	-77.2	10.30	
w/-2000	111	16	-94.52	20.11	
Category 3	104	15	30.20	13.61	(3.21, 57.18)
Total	710	100	4.87	3.68	(-2.36, 12.1)
w/-2000	711	100	2.05	4.64	(-7.05, 11.15)



(graph excludes -2000)

Appendix D: Summary Data on Manure Transport between Counties

Manure Transport Summary Results

County	Manure Exported (Tons)	Manure Imported (Tons)	Net Change in Manure (Tons)
Adams		100	100
Bedford	200	1230	1030
Berkeley, WV		1300	1300
Berks	5259	16,320	11061
Blair	1230	600	-630
Bradford		400	400
Cambria	2624		-2624
Cecil, MD		10,163	10163
Centre	62		-62
Chester	14,095	5290	-8805
Clinton		12	12
Columbia	10	450	440
Cumberland	1950	250	-1700
Dauphin	300	2008	1708
Franklin	2964	1025	-1939
Fulton	200	50	-150
Huntingdon	600	550	-50
Indiana		2624	2624
Jefferson, NY		2000	2000
Lancaster	35,643	5220	-30423
Lebanon	3461	4538	1077
Lehigh		200	200
Lycoming		3566	3566
Mifflin		72	72
Montour	3950		-3950
Northampton		350	350
Northumberland		2387	2387
Schuylkill	652	570	-82
Snyder	647		-647
Somerset		200	200
Susquehanna	400		-400
Tioga	2,804	2300	-504
Union	339	575	236
York	350	10,876	10,526