

# GROUP DECISION- MAKING & GETTING TO CONSENSUS

Quarterly Coordinator/Staffer Training

February 3, 2022

# CONSENSUS MISCONCEPTIONS

Silence is agreement

I'm not hearing any objections, thus we have reached consensus

All voices have been heard, that is consensus

Consensus takes too much time

Our solutions become watered down

People with personal agendas will hijack the process

Leaders will lose their authority

People are not accountable when decisions have shared responsibility

A decorative graphic in the bottom-left corner consisting of several overlapping, curved, translucent red shapes that resemble a stylized flower or a modern architectural element.

CONSENTIRE =  
“TO THINK AND  
FEEL TOGETHER.”

- A **process** of securing support of the whole group for a decision.
- Everyone can live with and will support the decision, allowing everyone to acknowledge that even though the decision may not be perfect, **it is acceptable, and we can move on.**
- Used to work collaboratively to develop a solution that **satisfies all parties.**
- A solution is negotiated and thus all parties **agree upon the threshold for consensus.**
- Unanimity is when everyone agrees. Consensus is **when no one disagrees.**

# FACILITATING GROUP DECISION MAKING



SUPPORTS EVERYONE  
TO DO THEIR BEST  
THINKING



INSTILLS CORE VALUES  
INTO THEIR MEETINGS



HELPS THE GROUP  
UNDERSTAND THE  
DYNAMICS AND  
VALUES OF GROUP  
DECISION-MAKING



BUILDS AND SUSTAINS A  
RESPECTFUL AND  
SUPPORTIVE  
ATMOSPHERE



STAYS OUT OF THE  
CONTENT AND  
MANAGES THE  
PROCESS



TEACHES THE GROUP  
NEW THINKING SKILLS  
AS THE PROCESS  
UNFOLDS TO BUILD ON  
COLLABORATION



# CORE VALUES

**Full Participation:** All members are encouraged to speak up and say what is on their minds. Members are more adept at raising difficult issues, sharing “first draft” ideas, discovering and acknowledging diversity of opinions and backgrounds.

**Mutual Understanding:** Members understand and accept one another’s needs and goals. This allows us to think from each other’s point of view, which is a catalyst for innovated ideas that serve the interests of all parties.

**Inclusive Solutions:** We integrate everybody’s perspectives and needs.

**Shared Responsibility:** Members are willing and able to implement the proposals they endorse and make every effort to give and receive input before final decisions are made. They assume responsibility for designing and managing the thinking process that will result in a good decision.



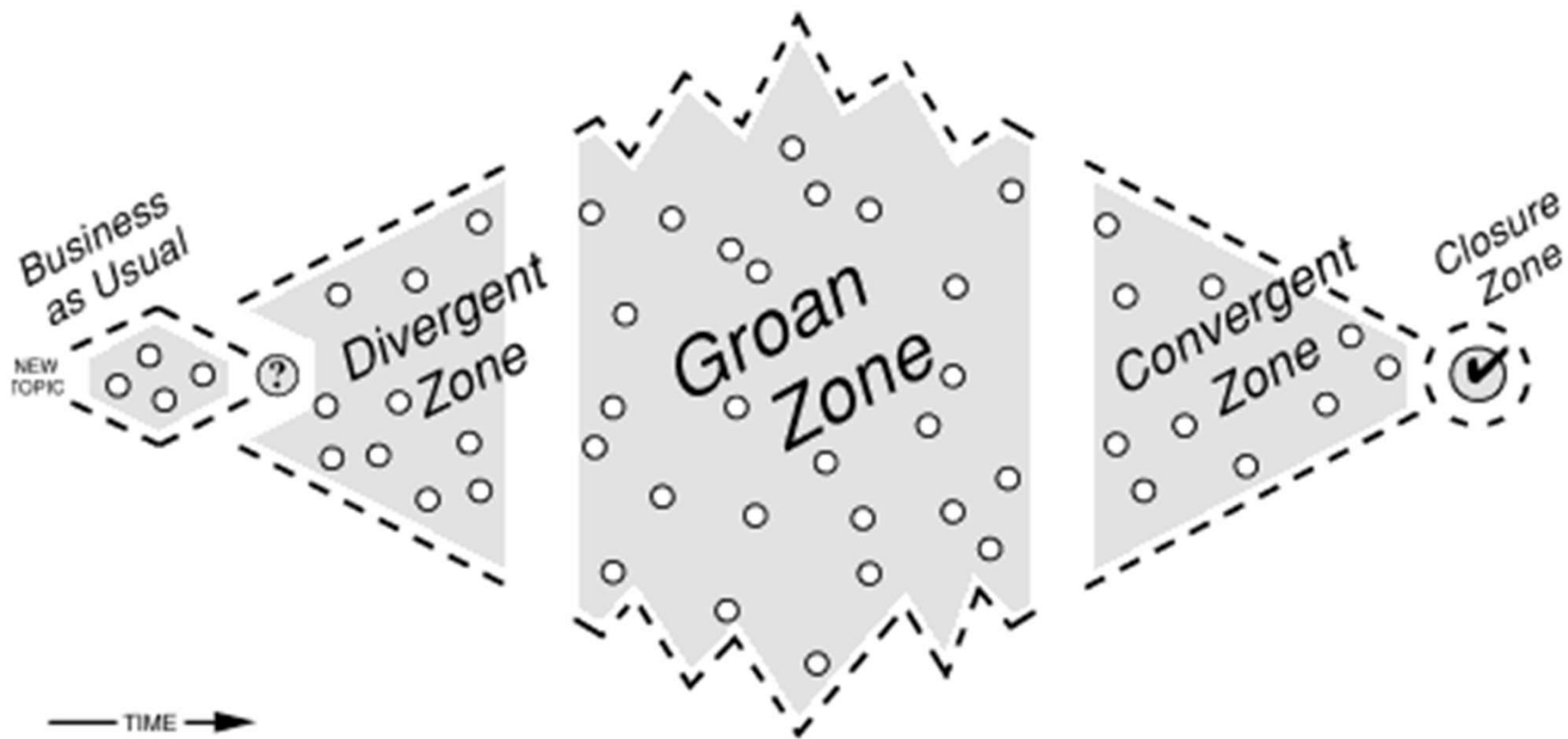
# FACILITATING SUSTAINABLE AGREEMENTS

- Stage 1: Gathering diverse points of view
- Stage 2: Building a shared framework of understanding
- Stage 3: Developing inclusive solutions
- Stage 4: Reaching Closure



# DYNAMICS OF GROUP DECISION MAKING

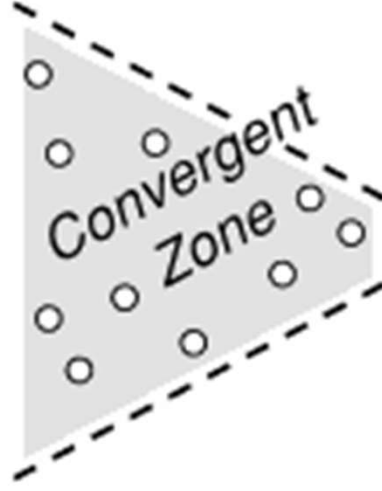
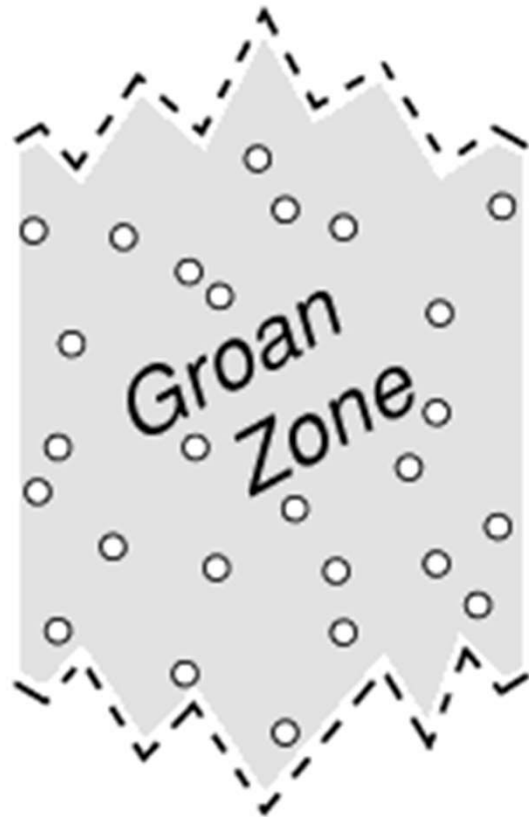
- We go on tangents
- We lose track of the central themes of discussion
- We get attached to our ideas
- We are individuals with diverging points of view
- When there is discomfort in the midst of the meeting process, we view it as dysfunctional and our impatience increases







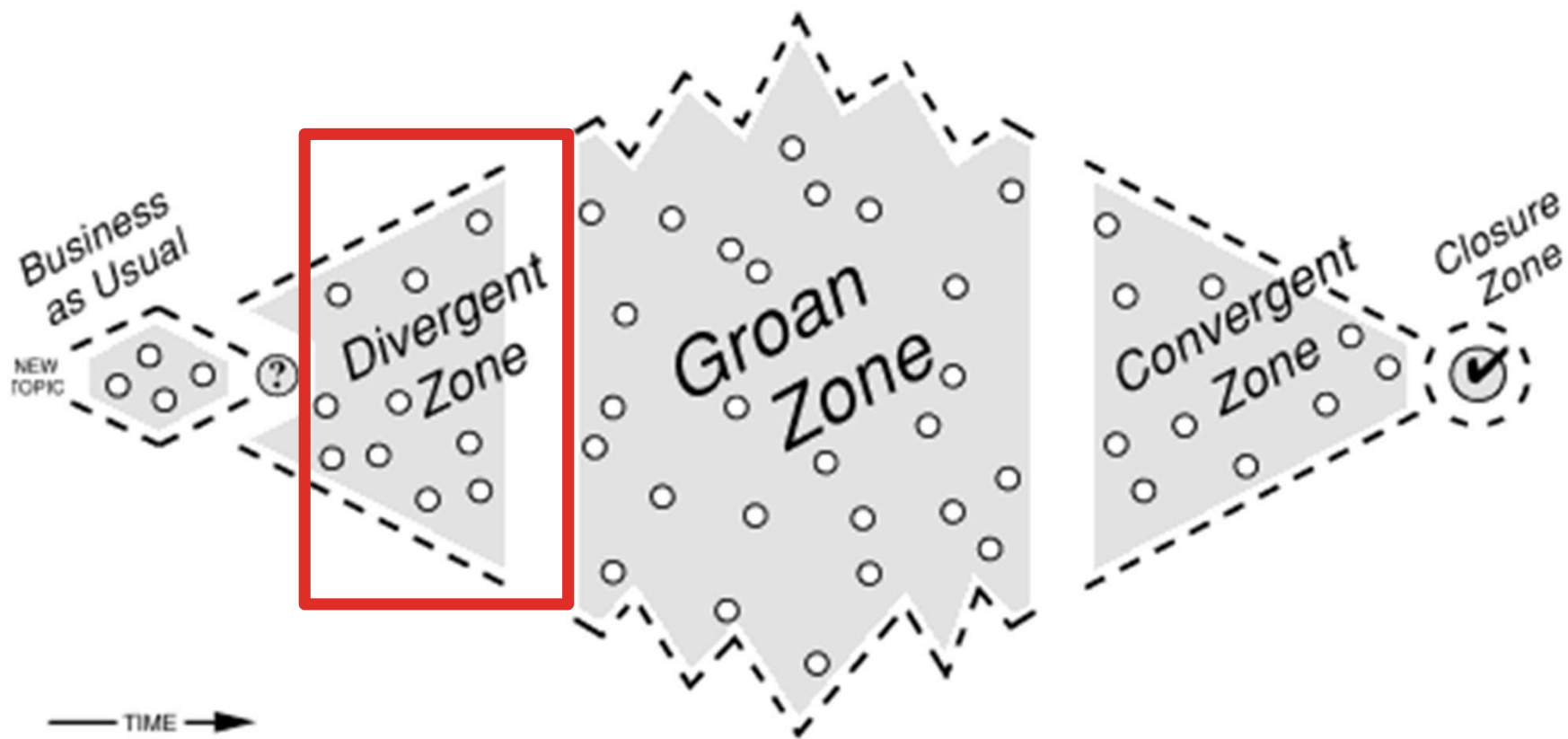
Divergent Zone



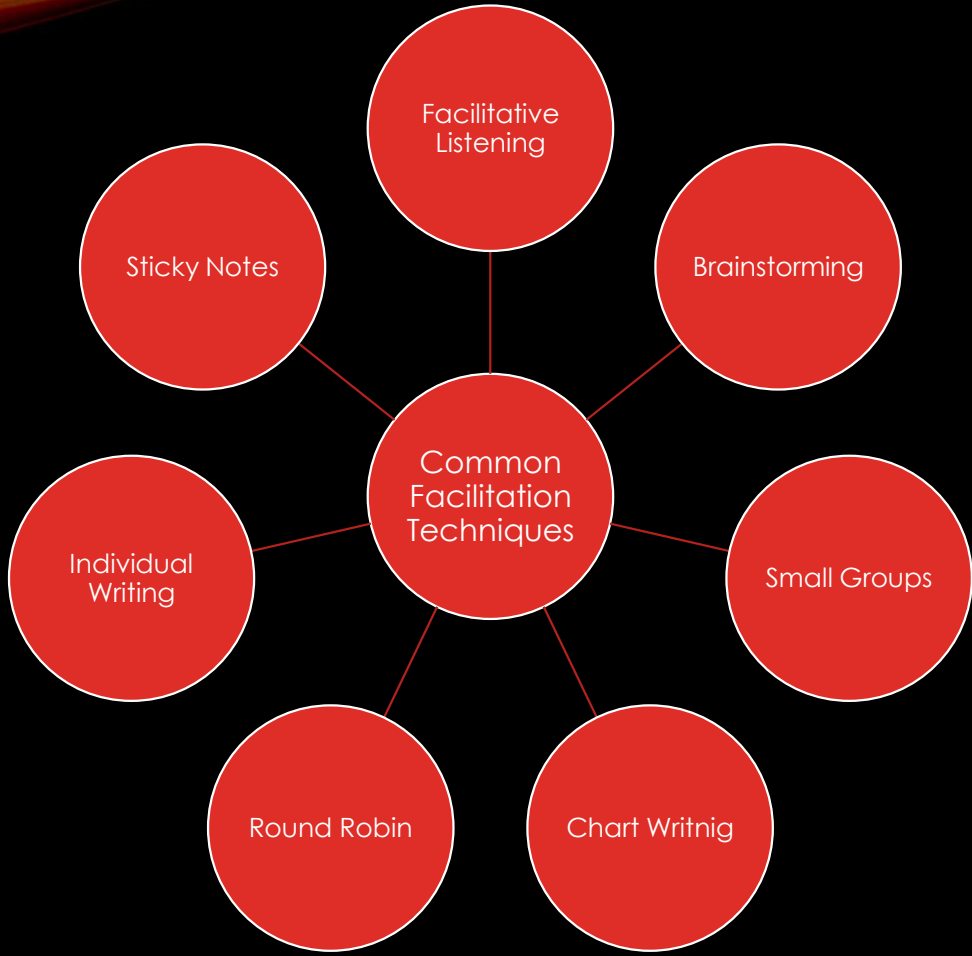
Closure Zone



— TIME →



# FACILITATING IN THE DIVERGENT ZONE



Business  
as Usual

NEW  
TOPIC



Divergent  
Zone

— TIME —>

Groan  
Zone

Convergent  
Zone

Closure  
Zone



# CHAOS CAN BE A GOOD THING!



Sometimes what appears as chaos is actually a prelude to creativity.



A period of confusion, frustration, misunderstanding and miscommunication is a natural part of group decision-making

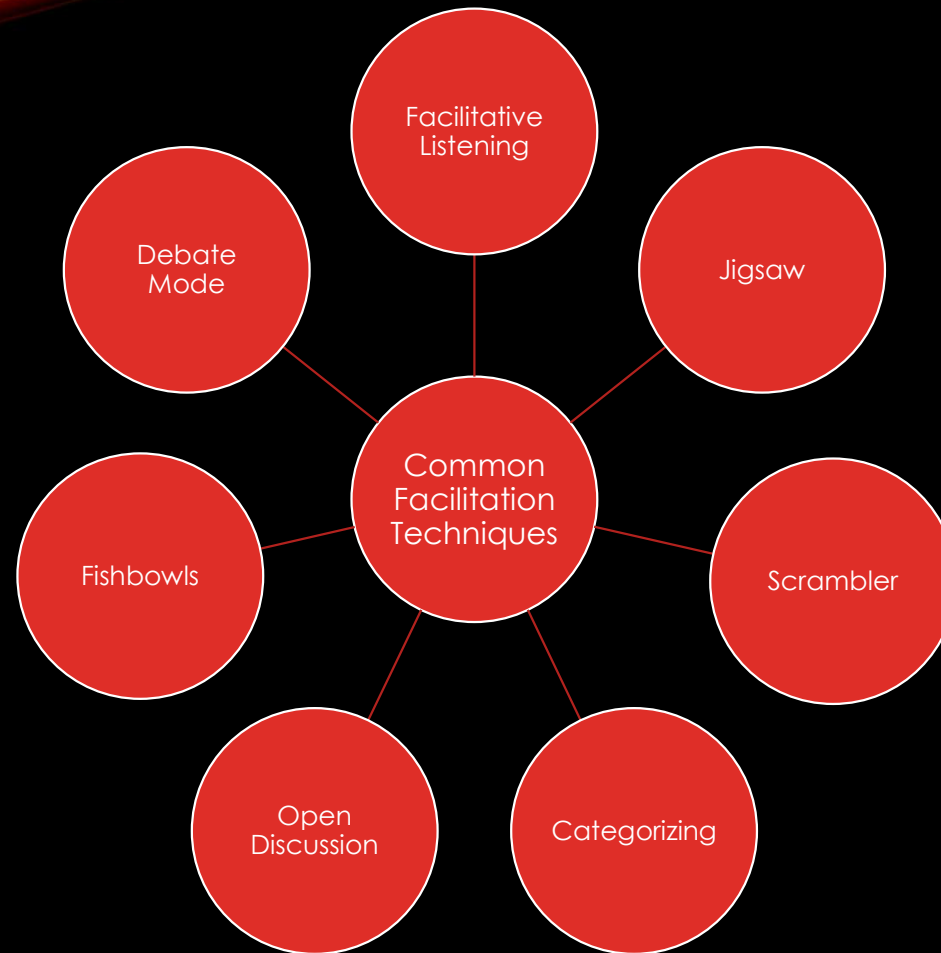


Members have to struggle in order to integrate new and different ways of thinking with their own



The act of working through misunderstandings is what builds the foundation for sustainable agreements. Shared understanding leads to meaningful collaboration.

## FACILITATING IN THE GROAN ZONE



Business  
as Usual

NEW  
TOPIC



Divergent  
Zone

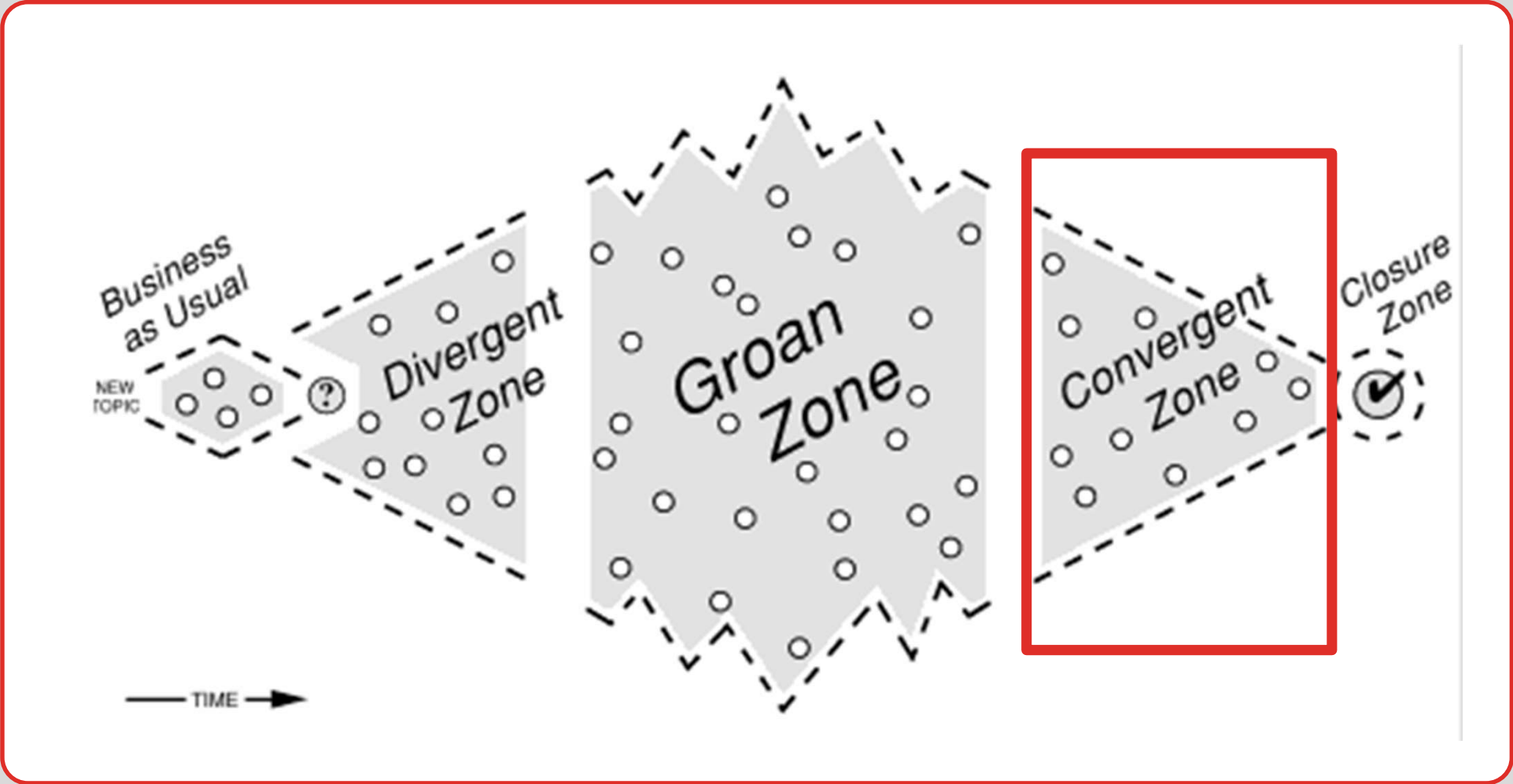
Groan  
Zone

Convergent  
Zone

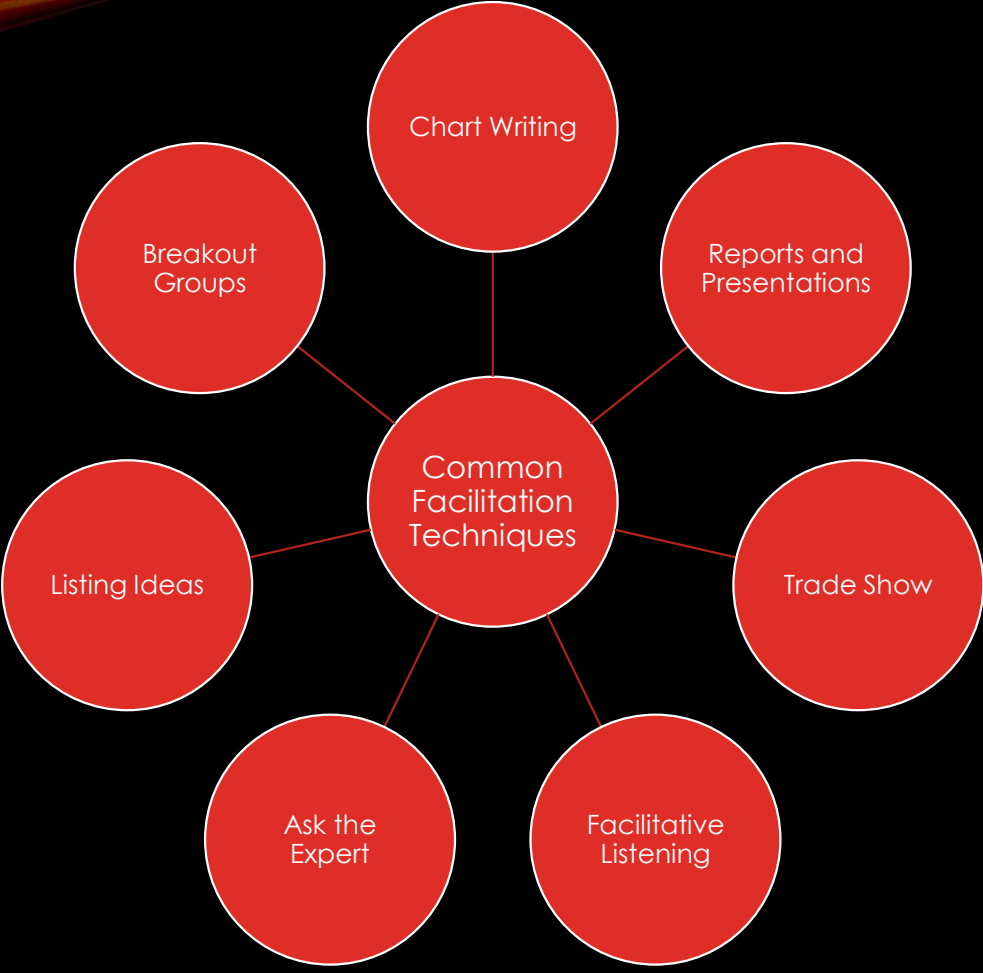
Closure  
Zone



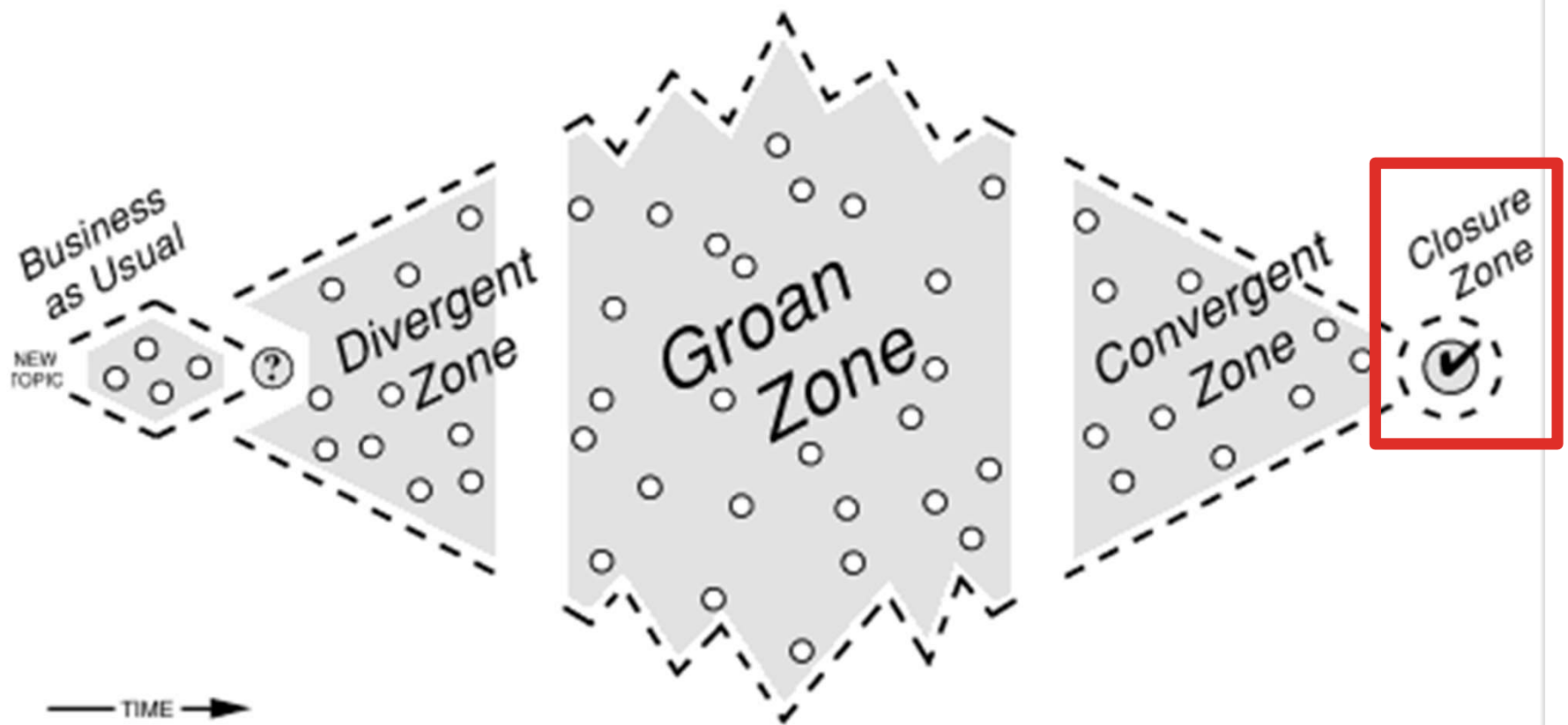
— TIME —>



# FACILITATING IN THE CONVERGENT ZONE









# COMMON DECISION RULES

- Unanimous Agreement
- Majority Vote
- Person-in-Charge Decides after Discussion
- Delegation
- Person-in-Charge Decides without Discussion
- “Flip a Coin” (or any arbitrary, random method to make a decision)



**Stop**

"I do not agree and feel the need to stand in the way of this decision"



**Hold**

"I believe more work is needed before we make a decision"



**Stand Aside**

"I trust the group and will not block this decision but need to register my disagreement"



**Agreement with Reservations**

"I can live with it"



**Endorsement**

"I like it"

# WHAT LEVEL OF SUPPORT IS OPTIMAL?

**Enthusiastic support  
is necessary**



**Lukewarm support  
is good enough**

High Stakes	Overall Importance	Low Stakes
Long-term Impact	Duration of Impact	Short-term Only
Tough Problem	Difficulty of the Problem	Simple Problem
High Investment	Stakeholder Buy-In	Low Investment
High Autonomy	Empowerment of Group Members	Low Autonomy

Which best describes your level of agreement?



No way!



Hold on, we need to talk about this.



I have reservations, but I could be convinced.



I guess I'm okay with it.



Sounds good.

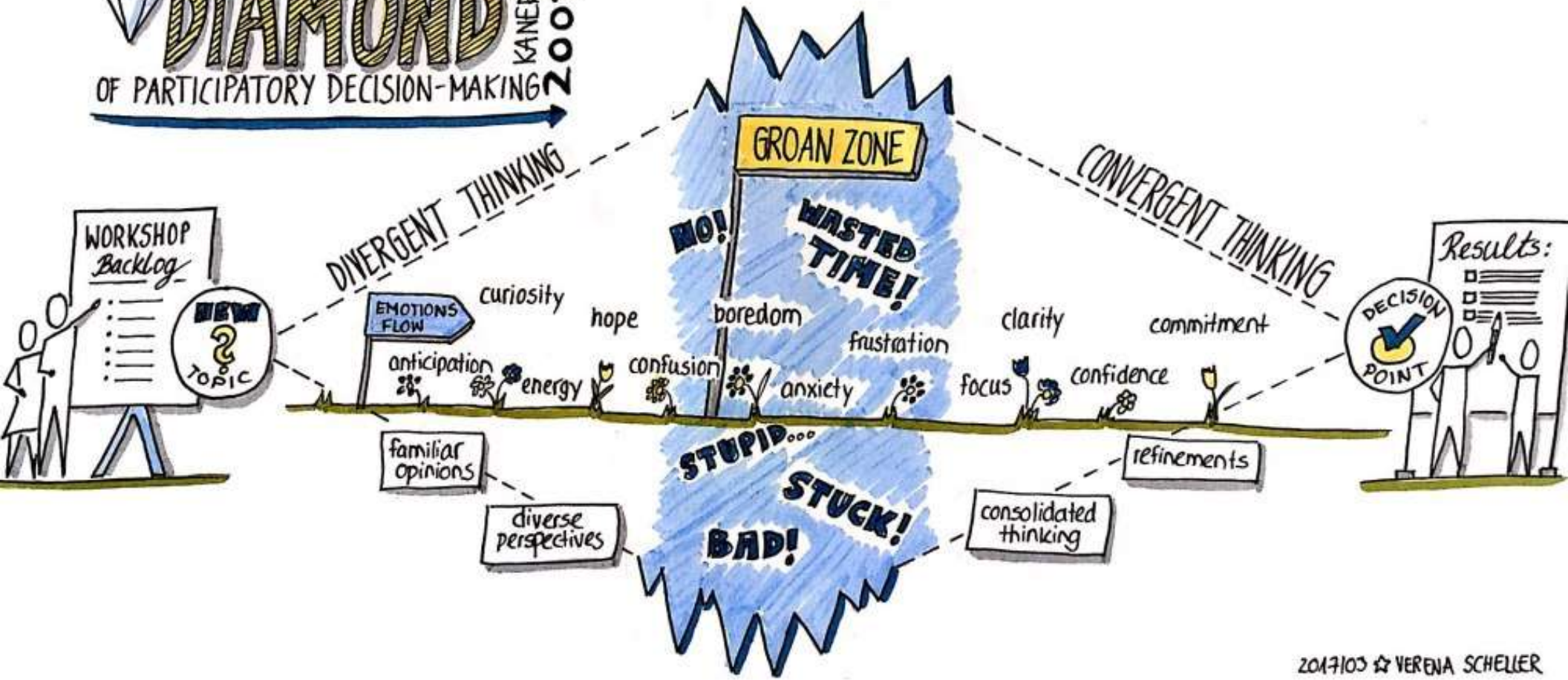


Love it!

# DIAMOND

KANER ET AL 2007...

OF PARTICIPATORY DECISION-MAKING





# CORE VALUES

**Full Participation:** All members are encouraged to speak up and say what is on their minds. Members are more adept at raising difficult issues, sharing “first draft” ideas, discovering and acknowledging diversity of opinions and backgrounds.

**Mutual Understanding:** Members understand and accept one another’s needs and goals. This allows us to think from each other’s point of view, which is a catalyst for innovated ideas that serve the interests of all parties.

**Inclusive Solutions:** We integrate everybody’s perspectives and needs.

**Shared Responsibility:** Members are willing and able to implement the proposals they endorse and make every effort to give and receive input before final decisions are made. They assume responsibility for designing and managing the thinking process that will result in a good decision.



# RESOURCES

- EPA, “Public Participation Guide - Tools for Consensus Building and Agreement-Seeking”: <https://www.epa.gov/international-cooperation/public-participation-guide-tools-consensus-building-and-agreement-seeking>
- CBI, “Collaborative Approaches to Environmental Decision Making - A State Agency’s Guide”: <https://www.cbi.org/report/collaborative-approaches-to-environmental-decision-making-state-agency-s-guide-to-effective-dialogue-and-stakeholder-engagement/>
- The Consensus Building Handbook: A Comprehensive Guide to Reaching Agreement by The Consensus Building Institute
- Facilitator’s Guide to Participatory Decision-Making, Sam Kaner