

Embracing Social Science within the Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership

STAR Meeting
June 24, 2021
Amy Handen, EPA



Photo: CBP

“The **conservation social sciences** are a rigorous set of disciplines, theories and methods for systematically understanding and characterizing the human dimensions to facilitate evidence-based conservation.”

(Bennett and Roth, 2018)

Prospect Theory

People will be more likely to take a risk if they are told their action will avoid a loss than if they are told it will achieve a gain.

Understand
social,
economic
and cultural
contexts to
enhance
outcomes of
conservation



Improve
governance,
organizational
effectiveness,
collaboration
and decision
making



Photo: CBP

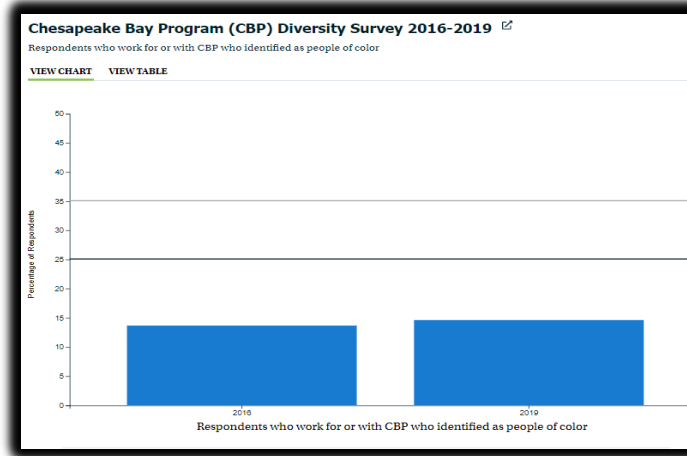
Understand
local context
to shape
approaches to
restoration
and protection



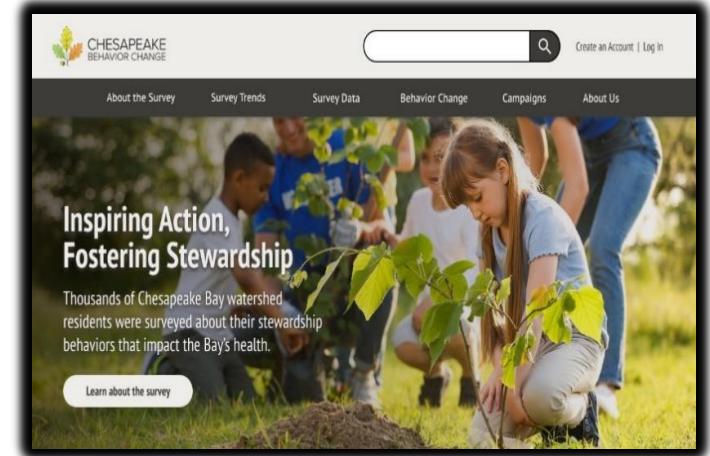
Examples of the Partnership Applying Social Science



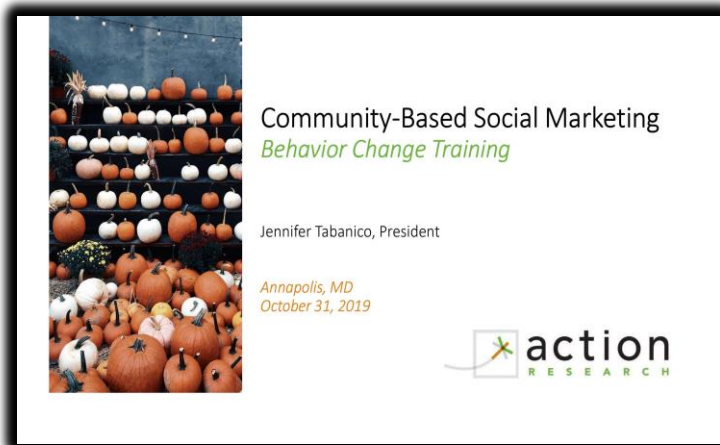
STAC Workshops



Diversity Indicator



ChesapeakeBehaviorChange.Org



Behavior Change Training



EPA Social Science Coordinator



UMCES Report Card



International Association for Society and Natural Resources

Approaches to Integrating Social Science in Complex Estuarine Systems





A Social Science Strategy for the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta

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UC DAVIS
Coastal and Marine
Sciences Institute



DELTA STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL

DRAFT Social Science Strategy Components



Define social science as it pertains to our work within the partnership



Incorporate social science theory and practice into the partnership structure and function



Integrate social science into outcome implementation




Build capacity for social science integration into the watershed



Support/fund social science indicators



Today!

- Value of social science research in guiding our work
 - Examples of partnership efforts that have applied community based social marketing and what have they learned
 - GIT funded project to inform our future social science efforts
 - Share ideas on how we can advance social science within our respective groups
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