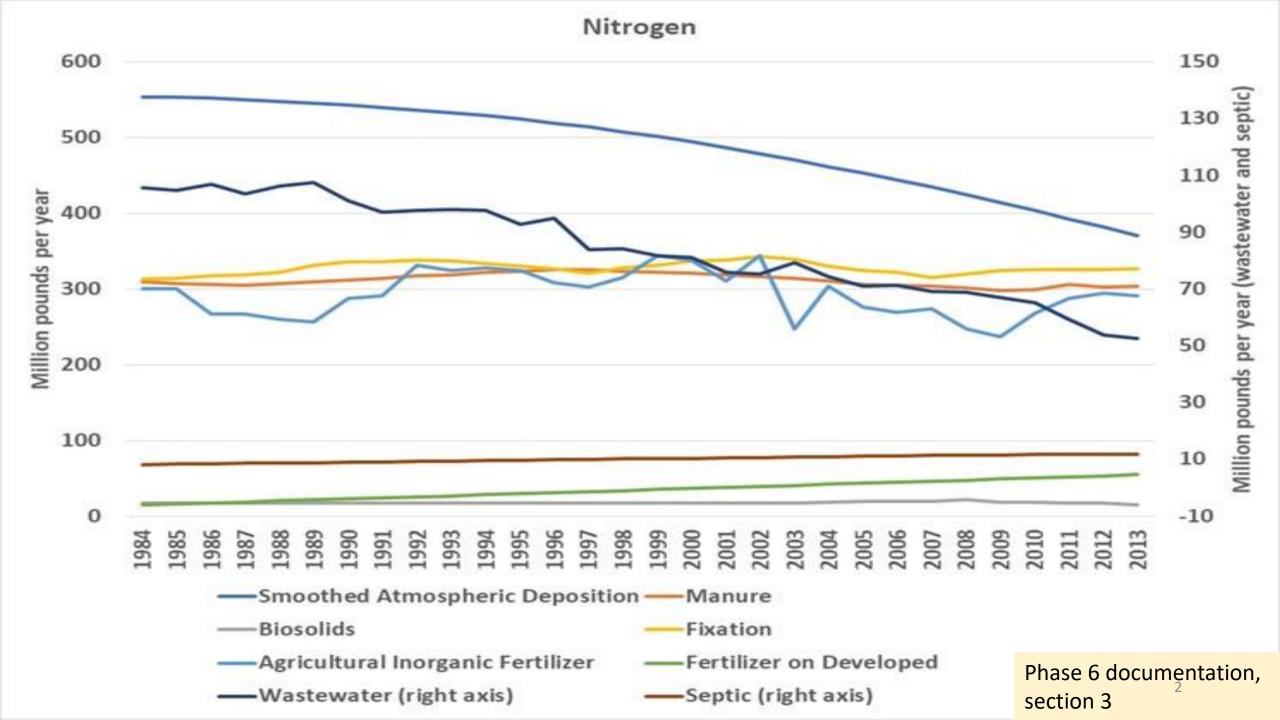
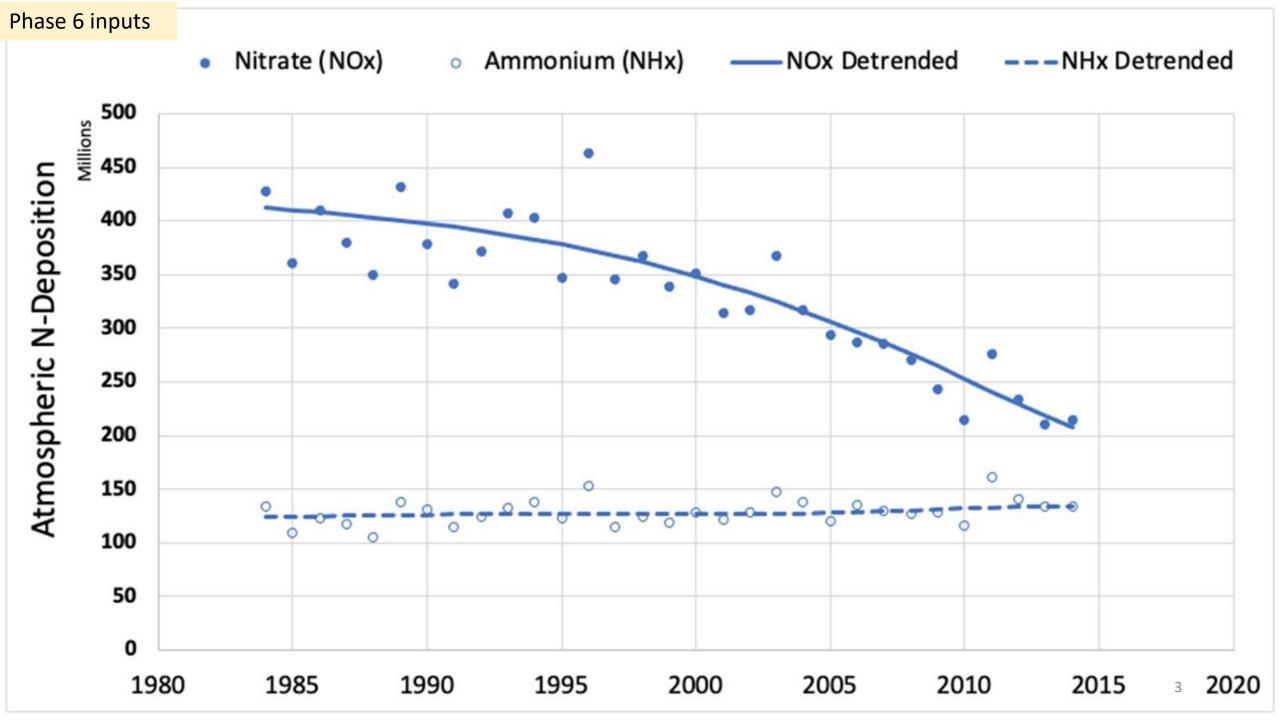
# Atmospheric Deposition Updates

8/3/2023

**WTWG** 

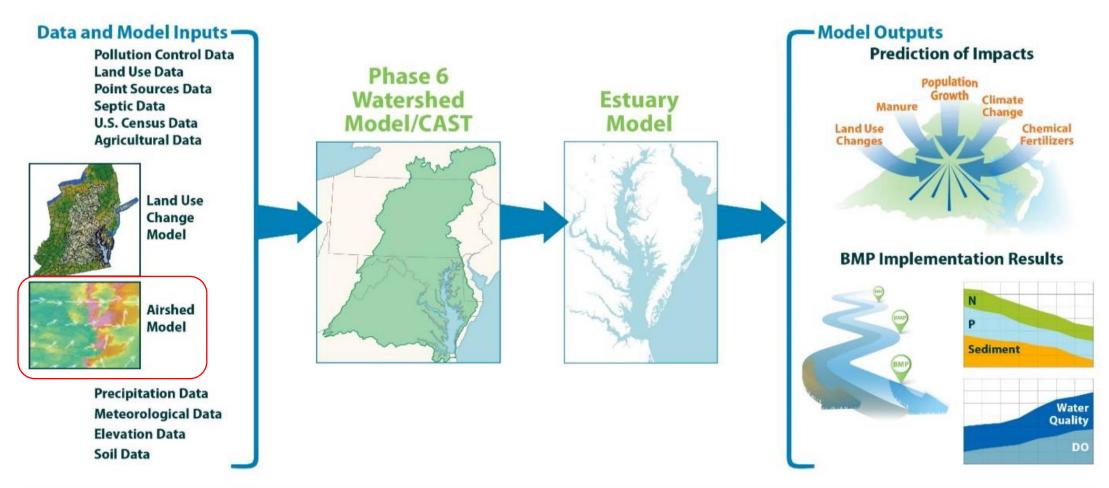




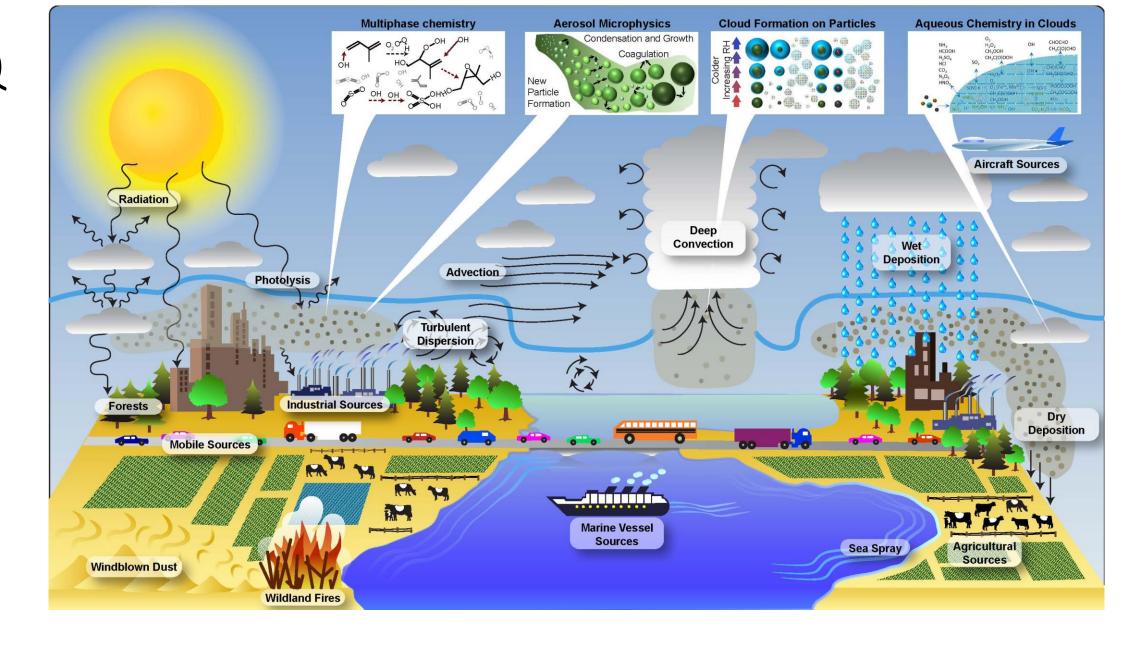
### Questions

- How do different emission sources and regions deposit around the watershed?
- What is the proportion of load from atmospheric deposition?
- What is the effect of emission reductions?

# Chesapeake Bay Program Modeling System

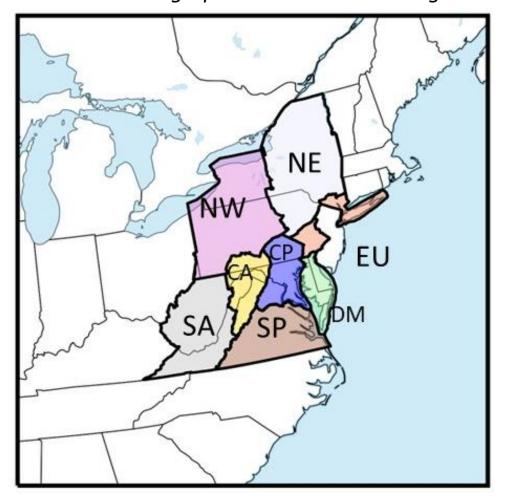


## CMAQ

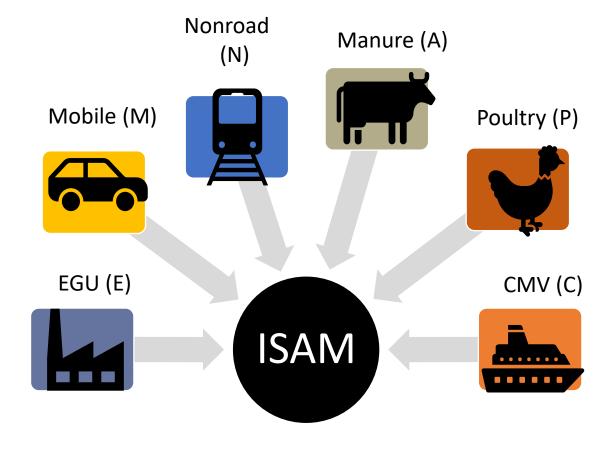


# CMAQ Integrated Source Apportionment Method (ISAM)

Geographic emission source regions



#### A subset of Emission source categories





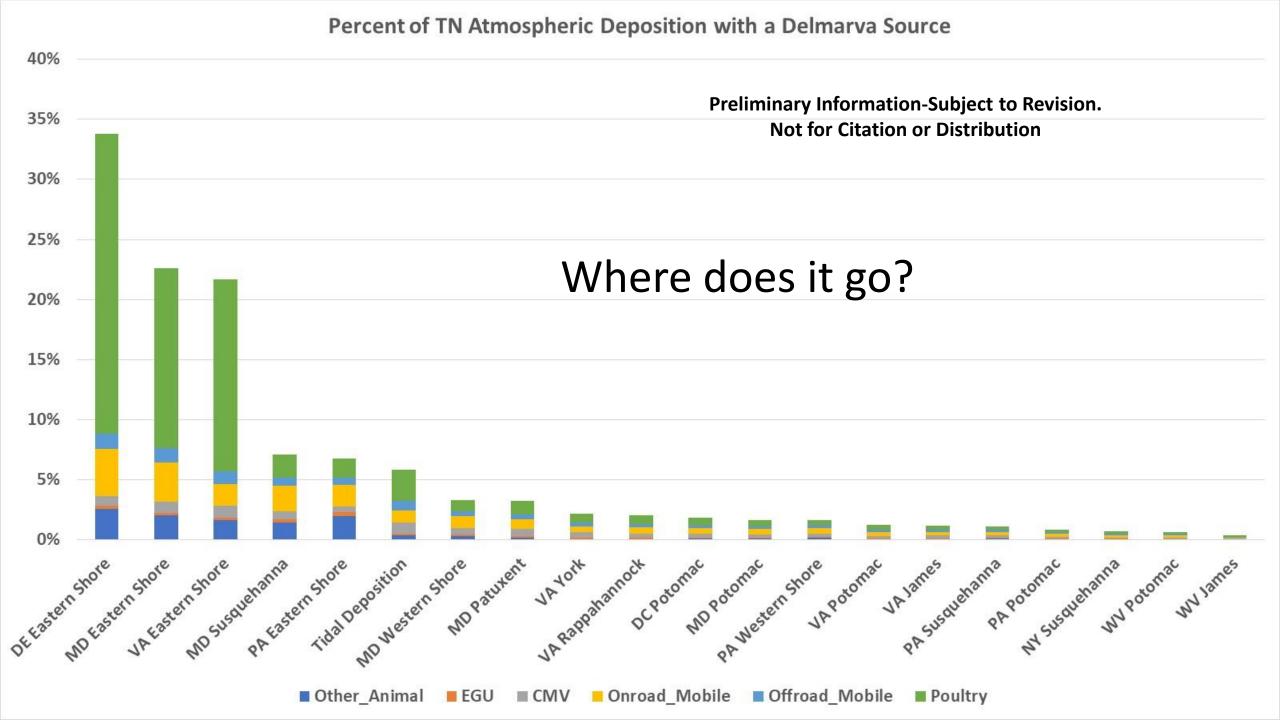
#### Where does it come from?

# Source Apportionment of Atmospheric deposition of ammonia to the Delmarva

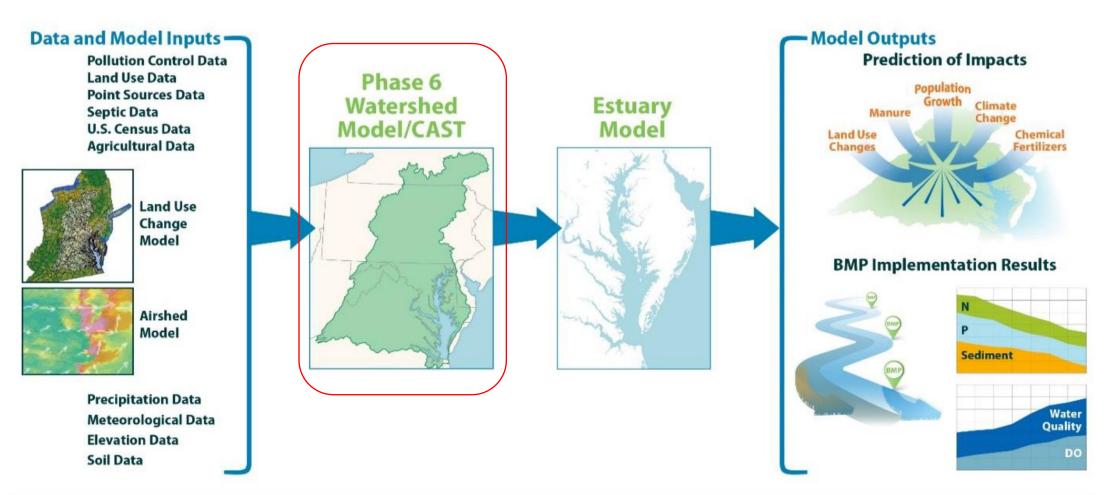
Benish et al., 2023 in review

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision.

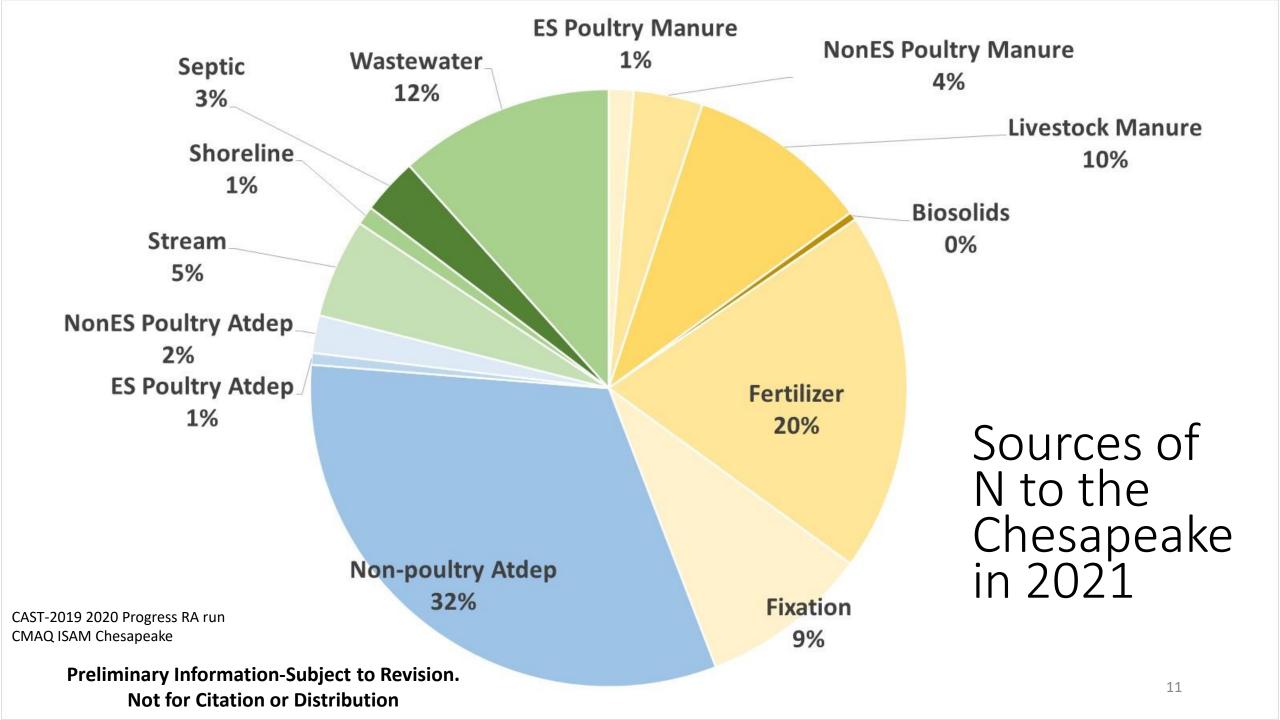
Not for Citation or Distribution



# How does it compare to other loads Chesapeake Bay Program Modeling System



Hood et al. 2021 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolmodel.2021.109635



# Atmospheric path is not efficient

Reduced nitrogen: Ammonia

	Emitter DE	Emitter MD	Emitter NY	Emitter PA	Emitter VA	Emitter WV
To Watershed	24.0%	49.6%	13.7%	34.1%	41.8%	25.7%
Delivered	3.2%	6.8%	1.8%	5.1%	4.6%	3.2%
To Bay	2.0%	4.4%	0.6%	1.6%	4.4%	1.7%
Total Delivered	5.3%	11.2%	2.4%	6.7%	8.9%	5.0%

<sup>\*\*</sup>These are currently in use but can change with the new ISAM model runs.

## Summary

- Atmospheric deposition is a large, but decreasing, source of nitrogen to the Bay watershed.
- New model runs allow us to identify source-receptor relationships between regions for different types of emission sources
- Transport between emission and tidal waters is not efficient
  - Coefficients can be updated for future models