Maryland Shallow Water Monitoring Program – 2023 Continuous Monitoring

Metadata:

Identification Information:

Citation:

Citation Information:

Originator: Maryland Department of Natural Resources, Resource Assessment Service

(MD DNR RAS)

Publication Date: 20240227

Title: MD DNR Continuous Water Quality Monitoring Project 2023

Geospatial Data Presentation Form: Spatial dataset

Description:

Abstract:

Water quality was monitored at twenty-one Maryland shallow water sites located in Chesapeake Bay and Chesapeake Bay tributaries during 2023. At most stations, YSI (6600 V2 or EXO2) data loggers sampled seven environmental parameters: water temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen concentration, oxygen percent saturation, pH, turbidity, and fluorescence. At two stations within Fishing Bay, YSI EXO1 data loggers sampled a subset of parameters: water temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen concentration, and oxygen percent saturation. Water depth was measured at stations where loggers were deployed at fixed depths. Salinity and chlorophyll were derived from specific conductance and fluorescence, respectively. Each parameter was sampled at 15-minute intervals. The number of days that data were collected at individual stations ranged from one hundred twenty-five to three hundred sixty-five.

An additional station, XCH8085 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface), was deployed for two days in early January. In late 2022, station XCH8085 was moved from the deployment location without the consent of DNR. The station was permanently removed from service on 2-Jan-2023 and both days of data are considered invalid. Station XCH7886 was deployed as a replacement to station XCH8085 on 13-Apr-2023 and station XCH8085 will not be covered in this document.

At station XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy) a weather station was deployed in conjunction with the water quality monitoring equipment that provided real-time data on air temperature, barometric pressure, and wind speed and direction. The latest real time reading is available on the Mallows Bay buoy weather page

[https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/contmon/mab_weather.cfm].

At two stations in which 6600 V2 data loggers were deployed, sondes were exchanged biweekly when logistically possible. For nineteen stations at which EXO2 or EXO1 data loggers were deployed, sondes were exchanged every two to four weeks because these loggers are equipped with more advanced anti-fouling technology that allows for longer deployments. Data loggers deployed from November through March were exchanged monthly because less biofouling occurs during cold weather months. Data loggers were deployed simultaneously at two depths at station XIE7136.

When data loggers were exchanged, water samples for pigments, suspended solids, and nutrients from select stations were collected for later analyses. At the same time, Secchi disk depth was measured and a Hydrolab (series 4a or 5) or EXO water quality sonde was used to collect discrete water temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen and pH data. Light attenuation was also measured using a LI-COR instrument.

Purpose:

The Maryland Department of Natural Resources Shallow Water Monitoring program is part of a cooperative effort between the Federal government and State and local governments in the Chesapeake Bay watershed to assess the ambient water quality criteria for dissolved oxygen, chlorophyll, and water clarity in shallow water habitats. The Shallow Water Monitoring Program includes two components, the Water Quality Mapping Project and the Continuous Water Quality Monitoring Project. Details of the Water Quality Mapping Project are documented in a separate document.

Continuous Water Quality monitoring data describe the 2023 state of twenty-one shallow water sites on Chesapeake Bay and associated tributaries using key water quality indicators.

The information is integrated with data from other Bay water quality stations and living resources monitoring projects and used to understand linkages, temporal variation and long-term trends.

Water quality data are used to refine, calibrate and validate Chesapeake Bay ecological models. The models are used to develop and assess water quality criteria with the goal of removing the Chesapeake Bay and its tidal rivers from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 303(d) list of impaired waters.

Supplemental Information:

The target audiences for this information include Resource Managers, Technical/Scientific Users, Government, Educators, Students and General Public.

Data users who desire very detailed information about Water Quality Monitoring data definition, sampling procedures and data processing are encouraged to refer to the documents listed below.

Water Quality Database - Database Design and Data Dictionary Prepared For: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Chesapeake Bay Program Office, January 2004. [https://d18lev1ok5leia.cloudfront.net/chesapeakebay/documents/cbwqdb2004_rb.pdf]. An updated version of the data dictionary is a Chesapeake Bay Program work in progress.

Guide to Using Chesapeake Bay Program Water Quality Monitoring Data, EPA 903-R-12-001, February 2012, CBP/TRS 304-12

[https://d18lev1ok5leia.cloudfront.net/chesapeakebay/documents/wq_data_userguide_10feb12_mod.pdf]

Methods and Quality Assurance for Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Monitoring Programs, May 2017, CBP/TRS-319-17

[https://d38c6ppuviqmfp.cloudfront.net/documents/CBPMethodsManualMay2017.pdf]

Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Maryland Department of Natural Resources, Chesapeake Bay Shallow Water Quality Monitoring Program, for the period July 1, 2023 - October 30, 2028

[https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/eyesonthebay/documents/SWM QAPP July2023.pdf]

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Time Period of Content:
   Time Period Information:
    Range of Dates/Times:
     Beginning Date: 20230101
     Ending Date: 20231231
   Currentness Reference: Ground condition
  Status:
   Progress: Complete
   Maintenance and Update Frequency: As needed
  Spatial Domain:
   Bounding Coordinates:
    West Bounding Coordinate: -79.4938
    East Bounding Coordinate: -75.0405
    North Bounding Coordinate: 39.7425
    South Bounding Coordinate: 37.8713
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   Theme:
    Theme Keyword Thesaurus:
     Global Change Master Directory (GCMD). 2024. GCMD Keywords, Version 17.9
Greenbelt, MD: Earth Science Data and Information System, Earth Science Projects Division,
Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).
     URL (GCMD Keyword Forum Page):
[https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov/app.php/tag/GCMD+Keywords]
    Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Biosphere > Ecosystems > Marine Ecosystems > Estuary
    Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Biosphere > Ecosystems > Freshwater Ecosystems >
Rivers/Streams
    Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Biosphere > Ecological Dynamics > Ecosystem
Functions > Nutrient Cycling
    Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Biosphere > Ecological Dynamics > Ecosystem
Functions > Primary Production
    Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Surface Water > Surface Water
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Features > Rivers/Streams

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Surface Water > Surface Water Processes/Measurements > Water Depth

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Chlorophyll Concentrations

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Conductivity

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Light Transmission

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Nitrogen Compounds

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Gases > Dissolved Oxygen

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Nutrients

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > pH

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Phosphorous Compounds

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Solids > Suspended Solids

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Turbidity

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Water Temperature

Theme_Keyword: Earth Science > Terrestrial Hydrosphere > Water Quality/Water Chemistry > Water Characteristics > Saline Concentration

Theme Keyword: Earth Science > Salinity/Density > Pycnocline

Place:

Place Keyword Thesaurus: Producer Defined

Place Keyword: United States Place Keyword: Maryland

Place Keyword: Chesapeake Bay Watershed

Place_Keyword: Chesapeake Bay

Place_Keyword: Anne Arundel County

Place_Keyword: Baltimore City Place_Keyword: Baltimore County

Place Keyword: Charles County Place Keyword: Dorchester County

Place Keyword: Dorchester County

Place_Keyword: Harford County

Place_Keyword: Prince George's County

Place Keyword: Somerset County Place Keyword: St. Mary's County

Place_Keyword: Back River Place_Keyword: Bush River Place Keyword: Fishing Bay

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Place Keyword: Patapsco River
    Place Keyword: Patuxent River
    Place Keyword: Potomac River
    Place Keyword: Susquehanna River
    Place Keyword: Tangier Sound
    Place Keyword: Wicomico River
   Temporal:
    Temporal Keyword Thesaurus: USGS Thesaurus
    Temporal Keyword: autumn
    Temporal Keyword: spring (season)
    Temporal Keyword: summer
    Temporal Keyword: winter
  Access Constraints: None
  Use Constraints: Acknowledgement of the MD Department of Natural Resources, Resource
Assessment Service as a data source would be appreciated in products developed from these
data. Please use the following citation: Maryland Department of Natural Resources, Resource
Assessment Service. Eyes on the Bay. URL: [http://www.eyesonthebay.net].
  Point of Contact:
   Contact Information:
    Contact Person Primary:
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nospam for valid email address]
  Browse Graphic:
   Browse Graphic File Name:
[https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/contmon/stn map/Cmon stns 2023.jpg]
   Browse Graphic File Description: Map of twenty-one 2023 Continuous Monitoring
Stations.
   Browse Graphic File Type: JPG
  Data Set Credit:
   Maryland Department of Natural Resources (MDDNR) Resource Assessment Service (RAS)
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staff collected the majority of samples and processed the data. The Nutrient Analytical Services Laboratory (NASL) at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory (University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science) analyzed the nutrient, chlorophyll and suspended solids samples.

The project was made possible with funding provided by The State of Maryland, the United States Environmental Protection Agency Chesapeake Bay Program, the National Oceanic and

Atmospheric Administration Chesapeake Bay Office, Office of National Marine Sanctuaries and the National Estuarine Research Reserve System program, the Oyster Recovery Partnership, the National Aquarium in Baltimore, Maryland Environmental Service, the University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science, and the National Marine Sanctuary Foundation.

Data_Quality_Information:
Attribute_Accuracy:
Attribute Accuracy Report:

Quality Assurance/Quality Control: MDDNR followed specific procedures to ensure that the Shallow Water Quality Monitoring Program project design was properly implemented and managed with sufficient accuracy, precision, and detection limits. Accuracy (closeness to the true value) of collected data was controlled and assured by the proper use, calibration and maintenance of both field and laboratory equipment for the measurement of physical and chemical parameters.

The YSI 6600 V2 sondes were configured with the following probes: 6560(conductivity/temperature); 6561(flat glass pH) or 6579(tall pH); 6136(turbidity); 6150(ROX dissolved oxygen); 6025(fluorescence/chlorophyll).

The YSI EXO2 sondes were configured with the following probes: 599870-01(conductivity/temperature) or 599827 (wiped conductivity/temperature); 599702(unguarded pH); 599101-01(turbidity); 599100-01(optical dissolved oxygen); 599103-01(total algal chlorophyll and phycoerythrin).

The YSI EXO1 sondes were configured with the following probes: 599870(conductivity/temperature); 599100-01(optical dissolved oxygen).

Resolution, range and accuracy specifications for the YSI sondes and probes may be obtained from the manufacturer. [https://www.ysi.com/customer-support]

In March 2015, all remaining Series 4a instruments equipped with Standard Clark Polarographic Dissolved Oxygen Sensors were replaced with Series 5 instruments equipped with optical dissolved oxygen sensors (Luminescent Dissolved Oxygen Sensor - LDO). Calibration logs for each instrument list specific replacement dates. Sensors for temperature, specific conductance, pH and depth are identical for Series 4a and 5 instruments.

Procedures used to control and assure the accuracy of field measurements consisted of calibration of field instruments, verification of calibrations, equipment maintenance, and collection of filter blanks. Details of how data acquired with YSI sondes were quality assured and quality controlled may be found in the process description elements in the Lineage portion of this metadata record.

Water quality laboratory analysis results were used to calibrate and cross-check sonde data for accuracy. Daily quality control checks (including the running of blanks and standards) were used to control and assure laboratory accuracy.

Accuracy of Chesapeake Biological Laboratory, Nutrient Analytical Services Laboratory (CBL NASL) laboratory results was also assessed through DNR's participation in the Chesapeake Bay Coordinated Split Sample Program (CSSP), a split sampling program in which five laboratories involved in Chesapeake Bay monitoring analyze the coordinated split samples. CSSP was initiated in June 1989 to establish a measure of comparability between sampling and analytical operations for water quality monitoring throughout the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries. DNR followed the protocols in the Chesapeake Bay Coordinated Split Sample Program Implementation Guidelines (EPA 1991) and its revisions. Split samples were collected quarterly. Results were analyzed by appropriate statistical methods to determine if results differed significantly among labs. If a difference occurred, discussions began regarding techniques and potential method changes to resolve discrepancies.

Additionally, CBL NASL participated two times per year in the United States Geologic Survey (USGS) reference sample program.

Construction of a Baltimore Gas and Electric (BGE) transmission line in the Bush River, 2.25 miles downstream of station XJG7035, began on 1-Sep-2021 and was completed by April 2023. Some activities associated with this project may have impacted turbidity within the river during this time. To minimize impact, turbidity curtains were installed and maintained during these activities.

In September 2021, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service deployed an acoustic receiver in close proximity to station XKH2949 to track migrating fish. The receiver sits near the bottom of the water column at a similar depth to the equipment for station XKH2949, is fixed to large concrete blocks and attached via a steel cable to the same piling as the station. A few times of year, United States Fish and Wildlife personnel retrieve the acoustic receiver to download the data. These retrievals took place on 7-Feb-2023, 1-Jun-2023, and 1-Sep-2023. Visual inspection of the water quality data from station XKH2949 during these retrieval dates did not reveal any effects from this activity on the data.

Logical_Consistency_Report:

Two of the attributes in the water quality data set are PARAMETER and MEASUREVALUE. In cases where PARAMETER value is "SIGMA_T" and the MEASUREVALUE in the record is a negative number, the number should be considered unreliable. SIGMA_T values are not measured. SIGMA_T values are derived.

During 2023, at all but one station, water quality monitoring sondes were deployed at a single depth. At the Aquarium East station (XIE7136) sondes were deployed concurrently at two depths: one meter from the surface and 0.3-0.4 meters above the bottom.

Values in the 'LAYER' column of sonde data files may be used to determine the depth at which a sonde was deployed. Sonde data from all 2023 sites, except XCH7886 and XIE7136, list a value of 'BS' ('below surface') in the LAYER column. Depth values for stations with a LAYER value of 'BS' will vary depending on the method of sonde deployment at that station. For station XCH7886, a LAYER column value of 'S' indicates the sonde was deployed at 2 meters below the surface. For station XIE7136, a LAYER column value of 'B' indicates the sonde was deployed

0.3 meters above the bottom and a LAYER column value of 'S' indicates the sonde was deployed 1 meter below the surface.

Beginning in 2013, data collection was discontinued at station XIE4741 (Masonville Cove) and a new station, XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier), was deployed approximately 160 meters west of station XIE4741. Also, beginning in 2019, station XEF3551 (Gooses Surface) was transitioned into NOAA s Chesapeake Bay Interpretive Buoy System (CBIBS). In 2021, the bottom sonde at station XEF3551 was also transitioned into NOAA s CBIBS. Surface and bottom data collected at that station are available through NOAA s CBIBS website [https://buoybay.noaa.gov/] and deployment information is no longer covered in this metadata record.

In the 2023 sonde data, there are numerous instances of turbidity measurements with negative values. The turbidity probe accuracy is plus or minus 5 Nephelometric Turbidity Units/Formazin Nephelometric Units (NTU/FNU). In cases where the turbidity probe post-deployment calibration values were within acceptable limits, negative values greater than or equal to -5.0 NTU/FNU are reported.

During 2023, it was not always possible, for logistical reasons, to replace sondes at all sites every two weeks for stations: XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier) and XHF0460 (Sandy Point - South Beach), or every two to four weeks for stations: LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), MTI0015 (Mataponi), XKH2949 (Havre de Grace), XAI8482 (Daugherty Creek), XBF7904 (St. Georges Creek), XCH3277 (Karen Noonan Center), XCI0132 (Deal Island), XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy), XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East Surface and Bottom), XIF7918 (Riverside), XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek), XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface), XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower), XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream), XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream), and XIE5525 (Middle Branch).

The sonde at station XCH6891 was not exchanged on 25-Apr-2023.

The sonde at station XDH2399 was not exchanged on 25-Apr-2023.

The sonde at station XIE5525 was not exchanged on 5-Dec-2023.

The sonde at station XIE4742 was not exchanged on 23-May-2023 and 6-Jun-2023 because the United States Fish and Wildlife Service enforced a no entry policy into areas surrounding the monitoring site due to a pair of nesting eagles. This policy precluded DNR field personnel from servicing this station. The sonde at station XIE4742 also was not exchanged on 31-Oct-2023.

The sonde at station XBF7904 was not exchanged on 3-Jul-2023, 5-Sep-2023, and 10-Oct-2023.

The sonde at station XHF0460 was not exchanged on 3-May-2023, 30-May-2023, 17-Jul-2023, 8-Aug-2023, 12-Sep-2023, 10-Oct-2023, and 31-Oct-2023.

Completeness Report:

2023 Data from twenty-one continuous monitoring stations are available on-line. [https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/contmon/ContMon.cfm]

The 2023 Continuous Monitoring project dataset includes twelve months of sonde records from the continuous monitoring stations: WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier), XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East Surface and Bottom), MTI0015 (Mataponi), XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek), XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream), and XIE5525 (Middle Branch).

Sondes were deployed nine months at stations: XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy), XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface), XCH3277 (Karen Noonan Center), and XBF7904 (St Georges Creek).

Eight-month deployments occurred at stations: XIF7918 (Riverside), XCI0132 (Deal Island), XAI8482 (Daugherty Creek), XHF0460 (Sandy Point - South Beach), XKH2949 (Havre de Grace), and XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower).

Sonde data were collected for five months at station: XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream).

In 2023, the full suite of nutrient samples was not collected at any station. A sub-set of nutrients (Volatile Suspended Solids, Ammonium, Orthophosphate, Nitrite plus Nitrate, Total Dissolved Nitrogen (TDN), and Total Dissolved Phosphorus (TDP) were collected at stations: XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), MTI0015 (Mataponi), WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), and XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy). Total Suspended Solids, chlorophyll, and pheophytin were collected at all stations except stations XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East - Bottom and Surface), XIE5525 (Middle Branch), XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream), XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower), XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream), and XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface). No samples were collected by DNR at these seven stations.

The user may discover a few interruptions in sonde datasets. In most cases, these interruptions were related to short-term problems with sonde operation.

There were gaps in the sonde data for the following reasons.

Station XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek) was not deployed until 25-Jan-2023 and was removed from service between 2-Feb-2023 and 15-Feb-2023 due to concerns about ice and low temperatures.

Station MTI0015 (Mataponi) was not deployed until 4-Jan-2023 and was removed from service between 2-Feb-2023 and 6-Feb-2023 due to concerns about ice and low temperatures.

Station XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy) was not deployed until 26-Apr-2023 due to concerns about ice and low temperature.

Station XIE7135 (Aquarium West) is missing data from 21-Mar-2023 to 11-Apr-2023 because equipment was not deployed due to needed repairs.

Station XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier) is missing data from 1-Jan-2023 to 5-Jan-2023 due to an equipment power failure. Station XIE4742 is also missing data from 20-Jun-2023 to 21-Jun-2023, 5-Jul-2023 to 15-Jul-2023, 12-Sep-2023 to 19-Sep-2023, 4-Oct-2023 to 10-Oct-2023, 16-Oct-2023 to 17-Oct-2023, 26-Oct-2023 to 31-Oct-2023, and from 4-Dec-2023 to 7-Dec-2023 due to equipment malfunctions.

Station XCI0132 (Deal Island) is missing data from 14-Jun-2023 to 29-Jun-2023 due to an equipment malfunction.

Station XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream) was permanently removed from service on 5-May-2023. Station XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower) was deployed as a replacement to station XCH6891 on the same date.

On a few occasions, due to extreme low tide conditions, sondes were not submerged. These data are not included in the published dataset.

All other missing sonde attribute values were removed during the quality control process because the data were determined to be unreliable.

Lineage:

Process Step:

Process Description:

SONDE CALIBRATION and POST-CALIBRATION

The Yellow Springs Instrument (YSI) 6600 V2, EXO2, and EXO1 data sondes were maintained and calibrated before and after each deployment in accordance with YSI recommendations. [https://www.ysi.com/customer-support]

FIELD MEASUREMENTS AND SAMPLING SONDES:

The continuous monitoring sensors at the sites recorded seven water quality parameters every 15 minutes, except at station XCH7886. The surface monitor at station XCH7886 sampled parameters at 60-minute intervals for all deployments. Data were uploaded to DNR's web site [http://www.eyesonthebay.net] shortly after retrieval.

At most sites, seven water quality parameters were measured continuously: water temperature, specific conductance (used to derive salinity values), dissolved oxygen, oxygen percent saturation, turbidity (NTU/FNU), fluorescence (used to estimate chlorophyll a), and pH. At three sites within Fishing Bay, a subset of parameters was measured: water temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen concentration, and oxygen percent saturation. Sondes deployed at fixed depths also measured water depth.

Two monitoring stations were equipped with a YSI 6600 V2 sonde. These stations were: XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier) and XHF0460 (Sandy Point - South Beach). Three other monitoring stations deployed within Fishing Bay were equipped with a YSI EXO1 sonde. These stations were: XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower), XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream), and XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream). The following sixteen stations were equipped with a YSI EXO2 sonde: LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East Surface and Bottom), XIE5525 (Middle Branch), XIF7918 (Riverside), XBF7904 (St. George s Creek), XCH3277 (Karen Noonan Center), XCI0132 (Deal Island), XAI8482 (Daugherty Creek), XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), MTI0015 (Mataponi), XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface), XKH2949 (Havre de Grace), and XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek). All three types of sondes logged data onto an internal memory, where it was stored until retrieval. Eight stations were equipped with cellular telemetry units, which allowed data to be transmitted hourly to a server computer at DNR. Some sondes were deployed inside vertically-oriented PVC pipes with several two-inch holes drilled along their length to allow for water exchange. Depending on location, these sondes were either suspended from a float 1.0 meters below surface or fixed 0.3 meters or 0.5 meters above bottom resting on a stop bolt. Some EXO1 and EXO2 sondes were deployed inside a crab pot-like structure that rested on the bottom and suspended the instrument 0.3 meters off bottom in a horizontal PVC tube tethered to a pier with a cable.

Sondes at the following stations were deployed at a fixed depth of 0.3 meters above the bottom: LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), MTI0015 (Mataponi), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek), XKH2949 (Havre de Grace), XIF7918 (Riverside), XHF0460 (Sandy Point - South Beach), XIE7136 (Aquarium East - Bottom), XCH3277 (Karen Noonan Center), XCI0132 (Deal Island), XAI8482 (Daugherty Creek), XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower), XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream), and XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream).

Sondes at station XBF7904 (St Georges Creek) were deployed at a fixed depth of 0.5 meters above the bottom.

Sondes at station XIE5525 (Middle Branch) were deployed at a fixed depth of 0.8 meters above the bottom until 5-Jul-2023 and were deployed suspended from a float at a depth of 1.0 meter below the surface from 5-Jul-2023 through the end of the year.

Sondes at stations XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East Surface), XIE4742 (Masonville Cove Pier) and XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy) were deployed suspended from buoys or floats at a depth of 1.0 meter below the surface.

Sondes at station XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface) were deployed suspended at a depth of 2.0 meters below the surface.

Note that sondes were deployed concurrently at two depths at station: XIE7136.

At station XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy) a weather station was deployed in conjunction with the water quality monitoring sondes that provided real-time data on air temperature, barometric pressure, and wind speed and direction.

WATER QUALITY CALIBRATION SAMPLES:

Every time sondes were exchanged at each Continuous Monitoring station, "grab" water quality samples were collected at 1.0 meter depth, or at deployment depth for stations deployed at a fixed depth above the bottom, using a horizontal "Alpha" water sampler. At the time the water was collected, a Hydrolab or EXO sonde measurement was taken at 1.0 meter or at deployment depth. Note that no samples were collected by DNR at stations XIE7135, XIE7136, XIE5525, XCI3607, XCH6891, XDH2399, XCH7886.

Numbered two-quart bottles were triple-rinsed and filled with water for "whole" and "filtered" nutrient and chlorophyll samples. (As noted previously, full suites of nutrient samples were not collected at all stations).

Nutrient, pigment and suspended-solid water samples were filtered on station or shortly thereafter. Sample waters and filters were placed on ice immediately after filtration.

Particulate samples included: Chlorophyll, Pheophytin, Particulate Carbon, Particulate Nitrogen (PN), Particulate Phosphorus (PP), Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and Volatile Suspended Solids (VSS).

Filtrate collected from TSS/VSS or PP/PIP filtrations was used for dissolved nutrient samples. Total Dissolved Nitrogen (TDN) and Total Dissolved Phosphorus (TDP), Nitrite plus Nitrate, Ammonium, and Orthophosphate.

HYDROLAB/EXO PROFILE:

The first reading of the Hydrolab or EXO water column profile at each station was recorded at the same time the water quality "grab" sample was collected. After the 1.0 meter depth record was logged, the sonde was lowered to the bottom. A reading was taken at 0.3 meters above the bottom. The sonde was raised and measurements were recorded at 0.5 meter or 1.0 meter increments until it reached the surface. (In cases where station depth was greater than 3 meters, the sonde was raised in 1 meter increments).

SECCHI DEPTH:

Secchi disk depth was measured each time sondes were exchanged. Readings with the Secchi disk were made in-situ without the aid of sunglasses. The Secchi disk was lowered into the water, on the shady side of the boat or pier. The depth at which the disk was no longer visible was recorded. The time at which the reading was taken was noted. This facilitated later matching of Secchi depth readings with transmissometer and turbidity data.

PAR MEASUREMENT:

Underwater Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR, 400-700nm)

When meters were exchanged at a site, down-welling light penetrating the water column (PAR) was measured underwater at several depths to calculate the light attenuation coefficient, Kd. Simultaneous surface and submersed PAR intensity measurements were taken to account for variability in incident surface irradiance due to changes in cloud cover. Data collected from this procedure were used to estimate the depth of the photic zone.

The equipment used was manufactured by LI-COR, Inc. and consisted of a LI-192SA, flat cosine Underwater Quantum Sensor, a LI-190R-BNC-2 air (deck) reference sensor and a Data Logger (LI-1400 or LI-1500).

Surface and underwater readings were recorded simultaneously. Readings were allowed to stabilize before being recorded. If the station depth was less than 3 meters, readings were taken at 0.1 meter and then at 0.25 meter intervals, until 10% of the 0.1 meter reading was reached. If the station depth was greater than 3 meters, a reading was taken at 0.1 meter and at 0.5 meter intervals until 10% of the 0.1 meter reading was reached.

PAR readings had also been collected at 15-minute intervals during deployment dates in the Coastal Bays of Maryland at station XBM8828 (Public Landing) between 2005 and 2012. All 2013 readings were considered invalid, however, due to equipment failure and the PAR sensor has not been deployed at any station since 2013.

SONDE DATA CHECKS

At two stations that utilized 6600 V2 data loggers, the continuous monitoring sondes were retrieved, calibrated and replaced bi-weekly during deployment. At nineteen stations, data loggers equipped with more advanced monitoring technology that allows for longer deployments were exchanged every two to four weeks. Data loggers deployed from November to March were exchanged monthly because less biofouling, which may compromise data integrity, occurs during cold weather months. At each deployment, sondes were replaced with clean, recalibrated units and data from the data loggers were downloaded to a computer.

In the field, before an instrument was replaced, field staff allowed both the new (freshly calibrated) sonde and the old (deployed) sonde to log two readings (fifteen minutes apart at most stations) side by side at the same depth. At all of the stations, for one of the simultaneous readings, data were recorded from a discrete instrument (a Hydrolab or EXO sonde). This three-way comparison assured that the "new" and "old" sondes were both reading each parameter within a certain tolerance. The Hydrolab or EXO reading was used as a "double-check," and since it was a discrete reading, it allowed staff to watch the display and note whether the parameters were fluctuating or stable.

EcoWatch(TM) software (a YSI product) was used to calibrate the YSI 6600 V2 instruments, as well as to upload and view data collected. KOR(TM) software (a YSI product) was used to calibrate the EXO1 and EXO2 instruments, as well as to upload and view data collected. Data downloaded from the sonde were subjected to quality assurance/quality control checks to ensure that values outside the range of possibility were not displayed on the DNR web site [http://www.eyesonthebay.net].

Data were evaluated using both three-way in-situ comparison results and data from sonde calibrations. The comparison tolerances were as follows for both pre- and post-calibration and in-situ comparisons: Temperature (deg C) +- 0.2; Specific Conductance (uM/cm) +- 5%; Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) +- 0.5 mg/l; pH +- 0.2; Turbidity (NTU/FNU) +- 5% or 5.0 NTU/FNU (whichever is greater); Chlorophyll (ug/l) +- 5% or 5.0 ug/l (whichever is greater).

Excessive drift between pre- and post- calibration values of sonde probes, variance from in-situ measurements or probe failures caused data to be flagged. When post-calibration drift exceeded the limits stated above in both the post-calibration and the in-situ comparables, suspect data were masked within the data set with an error code (see Quality Assurance Project Plan for list of error codes).

SONDE FILE POST-PROCESSING:

Each "raw" .csv file of sonde data was post-processed using an Excel(TM) macro. The file was opened and renamed. Rows of data acquired before and after deployment were deleted. Records (if any) were also deleted if instrument error codes indicated erroneous data. The macro rearranged columns and inserted error-tracking columns and headings. Macro statements flagged negative values, missing values and highlighted values outside each parameter's normal range. The macro also returned a report summarizing range exceedances. Event and instrument information was appended to each record.

Flagged values were evaluated. Common anomalies included spikes in fluorescence and turbidity, dips in specific conductance, and extremely high dissolved oxygen readings. Instrument post-calibration results, in-situ comparisons with Hydrolab or EXO instruments, LI-COR readings, historical data from nearby locations, and survey crew remarks were used to determine whether sensor values were acceptable.

In cases where data were determined to be unreliable, the reason(s) were documented with error codes and comments. Unreliable data were masked. No data were discarded. Only data considered reliable were published in reports.

Field biologists and data analysts reviewed continuous monitoring data weekly. If a problem was identified, a field team member was dispatched to replace the instrument as soon as possible.

VERIFICATION AND DATA MANAGEMENT

At the end of the monitoring season, DNR data analysts and field biologists conducted additional data QA/QC procedures. All of the data were plotted and outliers and anomalous values were thoroughly researched. Staff compared unusual values to historic values from the site and values from nearby sites in the Bay. Weather events were considered, event logs were reviewed, and field staff members were consulted regarding possible legitimate causes for the values. In cases where values were not considered legitimate, error codes were assigned. All data were retained in the archive data set. After field staff and the Quality Assurance Officer reviewed error flags, the values were masked within the published dataset.

Process_Date: Unknown Process Contact:

Contact Information:

Contact Person Primary:

Contact Person: Kristen Heyer

Contact Position: Program Manager, Water Quality Monitoring, DNR

Contact Address:

Address Type: mailing and physical

Address: 1919 Lincoln Drive

City: Annapolis

State or Province: Maryland

Postal_Code: 21401 Country: USA

Contact Voice Telephone: 410 263-3369

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: Kristen.Heyer_nospam_@maryland.gov[Remove

nospam for valid email address]

Process Step:

Process Description:

LABORATORY ANALYSIS - CBL

University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science's Chesapeake Biological Laboratory (CBL), Nutrient Analytical Services Laboratory analyzed total dissolved nitrogen, particulate nitrogen, nitrite + nitrate, ammonium, total dissolved phosphorus, particulate phosphorus, particulate inorganic phosphorus, orthophosphate, dissolved organic carbon, particulate carbon, total suspended solids, volatile suspended solids, chlorophyll, and pheophytin.

Note that in 2023, the full suite of nutrients was not collected at any station. A subset of nutrients (Volatile Suspended Solids, Ammonium, Orthophosphate, Nitrite plus Nitrate, Total Dissolved Nitrogen, and Total Dissolved Phosphorus) was collected at stations XJG7035 (Otter Point Creek), PXT0455 (Jug Bay), MTI0015 (Mataponi), WXT0013 (Iron Pot Landing), LMN0028 (Little Monie Creek), and XDA8236 (Mallows Bay Buoy). Total Suspended Solids, chlorophyll, and pheophytin were collected at all stations except stations XIE7135 (Aquarium West), XIE7136 (Aquarium East - Bottom and Surface), XIE5525 (Middle Branch), XCH7886 (Fishing Bay Profiler Surface), XCI3607 (Fishing Bay Lower), XCH6891 (Fishing Bay Marker Downstream), and XDH2399 (Fishing Bay Upstream). No samples were collected by DNR at these seven stations.

During the years 2008-2011, Shallow Water Monitoring silicate samples were collected and analyzed at four Maryland Coastal Bays stations: XDM4486 (Bishopville Prong), XDN6921 (Grey's Creek), NPC0012 (Newport Creek) and XBM8828 (Public Landing). Beginning in 2012, silicate samples were no longer collected at these four Coastal Bays stations or any other continuous monitoring stations.

Further information about laboratory analytical procedures may be obtained from the "Process Contact".

Process Date: Unknown

Process Contact:

Contact Information:

Contact Person Primary:

Contact Person: Jerry Frank

Contact Position: Manager, Nutrient Analytical Services Laboratory

Contact Address:

Address Type: mailing and physical

Address: Chesapeake Biological Laboratory, 146 Williams St; P.O. Box 38

City: Solomons

State or Province: Maryland

Postal_Code: 20688 Country: USA

Contact Voice Telephone: 410 326-7252

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: frank_nospam_@umces.edu[Remove_nospam_ for valid email address]

Spatial_Data_Organization_Information:

Indirect_Spatial_Reference: Back River, Bush River, Chesapeake Bay, Fishing Bay, Patapsco River, Patuxent River, Potomac River, Susquehanna River, Tangier Sound, Wicomico River, Maryland, USA

Direct Spatial Reference Method: Point

Spatial Reference Information:

Horizontal_Coordinate System Definition:

Geographic:

Latitude_Resolution: 0.0001 Longitude Resolution: 0.0001

Geographic Coordinate Units: Decimal degrees

Geodetic Model:

Horizontal Datum Name: North American Datum of 1983

Ellipsoid Name: Geodetic Reference System 80

Semi-major Axis: 6378137

Denominator of Flattening Ratio: 298.257

Entity and Attribute Information:

Overview Description:

Entity and Attribute Overview:

This metadata record is a description of a continuous monitoring project. Project data are an aggregation of data collected at twenty-one Maryland stations during 2023.

The data are contained in six related entities (tables): Station_Information, Monitoring_Event_Data, Water_Quality_Data, Light_Attenuation_Data, Optical_Density_Data, and CMON_DATA. Each table contains attributes (fields).

The entity Station_Information is comprised of the attributes: Station, StationDescription, CBSeg2003, CBSeg2003Description, CBSegmentShed2009, CBSegmentShed2009Description,

HUC8, HUC12, FIPS, State, CountyCity, USGSGage, FallLine, Latitude, Longitude, UTMX, UTMY and LLDatum.

The entity Monitoring Event Data is comprised of the attributes: HUC8, HUC12, FIPS, CBSeg2003, SegmentShed2009, MonitoringStation, EventId, Cruise, Program, Project, Agency, Source, Station, SampleDate, SampleTime, TotalDepth, UpperPycnocline, LowerPycnocline, FieldActivityEventType, FieldActivityRemark, WindSpeed, WindDirection, PrecipType, TideStage, WaveHeight, CloudCover, Pressure, GaugeHeight, FlowStage, Details, Latitude, Longitude, and TierLevel.

The entity Water Quality Data is comprised of the attributes: HUC8, HUC12, FIPS, CBSeg2003, SegmentShed2009, MonitoringStation, EventId, Cruise, Program, Project, Agency, Source, Station, SampleDate, SampleTime, TotalDepth, UpperPycnocline, LowerPycnocline, Depth, Layer, SampleType, SampleReplicateType, Parameter, Qualifier, MeasureValue, Unit, Method, Lab, Problem, PrecisionPC, BiasPC, Details, Latitude, Longitude, and TierLevel.

The entity Light Attenuation Data is comprised of the attributes: HUC8, HUC12, FIPS, CBSeg2003, SegmentShed2009, MonitoringStation, EventId, Cruise, Program, Project, Agency, Source, Station, SampleDate, SampleTime, TotalDepth, UpperPycnocline, LowerPycnocline, Depth, Layer, SampleType, SampleReplicateType, Parameter, Qualifier, MeasureValue, Unit, Method, Lab, Problem, PrecisionPC, BiasPC, Details, Latitude, Longitude, and TierLevel.

The entity Optical Density Data is comprised of the attributes: HUC8, HUC12, FIPS, CBSeg2003, SegmentShed2009, MonitoringStation, EventId, Cruise, Program, Project, Agency, Source, Station, SampleDate, SampleTime, TotalDepth, UpperPycnocline, LowerPycnocline, Depth, Layer, SampleType, SampleReplicateType, Parameter, Qualifier, MeasureValue, Unit, Method, Lab, Problem, PrecisionPC, BiasPC, Details, Latitude, Longitude, and TierLevel.

The entity CMON DATA is comprised of the attributes: Sample date, Sample Time, DateTime, Station, Layer, SampleDepth m, Salinity ppt, pH, DO mg/L, DO pctSat, Turb NTU, Chl ug/L, T Fahr, Temp C.

Entity and Attribute Detail Citation:

Water Quality Database - Database Design and Data Dictionary Prepared For: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Chesapeake Bay Program Office, January 2004. [https://d18lev1ok5leia.cloudfront.net/chesapeakebay/documents/cbwqdb2004 rb.pdf]

Guide to Using Chesapeake Bay Program Water Quality Monitoring Data, EPA 903-R-12-001, February 2012, CBP/TRS 304-12 [https://d18lev1ok5leia.cloudfront.net/chesapeakebay/documents/wg data userguide 10feb12 mod.pdf]

Methods and Quality Assurance for Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Monitoring Programs, May 2017, CBP/TRS-319-17 [https://d38c6ppuviqmfp.cloudfront.net/documents/CBPMethodsManualMay2017.pdf]

Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Maryland Department of Natural Resources, Chesapeake Bay Shallow Water Quality Monitoring Program, for the period July 1, 2023 - October 30, 2028.

[https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/eyesonthebay/documents/SWM QAPP July2023.pdf]

```
Distribution Information:
  Distributor:
   Contact Information:
    Contact Person Primary:
     Contact Person: Michael Mallonee
    Contact Position: Water Quality Data Manager
    Contact Address:
     Address Type: mailing
     Address: 1750 Forest Drive, Suite 130
     City: Annapolis
     State or Province: Maryland
     Postal Code: 21401
    Contact Voice Telephone: 410-267-5785
    Contact Electronic Mail Address: mmallone@ no spam chesapeakebay.net[Remove
nospam for valid email address]
  Resource Description: Downloadable data
```

Distribution_Liability: None of the Chesapeake Bay Program partners or any of their employees, contractors, or subcontractors makes any warranty, expressed or implied, nor assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information or data contained within the web site. Reference to any specific commercial products, processes, or services or the use of any trade, firm, or corporation name is for the information and convenience of the public and does not constitute endorsement, recommendation

or favoring by the Chesapeake Bay Program partners.

```
Standard Order Process:
   Digital Form:
    Digital Transfer Information:
     Format Name: ASCII file, formatted for text attributes, declared format
     Format Information Content: Station Information data, Monitoring Event data, Water
Quality Data, Light Attenuation data and Optical Density data
     File Decompression Technique: No compression applied
      Transfer Size: 2.2
    Digital Transfer Option:
      Online Option:
       Computer Contact Information:
        Network Address:
         Network Resource Name:
[https://www.chesapeakebay.net/what/downloads/cbp water quality database 1984 present]
       Access Instructions: Station Information, Monitoring Event, Water Quality, Light
Attenuation and Optical Density data are available through the Chesapeake Bay Program CIMS
```

data hub. Select Water Quality Database (1984-Present). Access the data by following web site (see network resource name) instructions.

```
Digital_Form:
Digital_Transfer_Information:
Format_Name: ASCII file, formatted for text attributes, declared format
Format_Information_Content: Continuous monitoring sonde data
File_Decompression_Technique: No compression applied
Transfer_Size: 100

Digital_Transfer_Option:
Online_Option:
Computer_Contact_Information:
Network_Address:
Network_Resource_Name:

[https://eyesonthebay.dnr.maryland.gov/contmon/ContMon.cfm]
```

Access_Instructions: CMON data (sonde data) for 2023 are available through the Continuous Monitoring Charts and Data Download page of the Eyes on the Bay website. Access the sonde data by following the web site (see network resource name) instructions. Select station and specify dates. Station record counts range from 6,016 to 35,040. Depending on connection speed, downloads may take a considerable amount of time. Downloading partial record sets will proceed more quickly.

Fees: None

```
Metadata Reference Information:
  Metadata Date: 20240621
  Metadata Contact:
   Contact Information:
    Contact Person Primary:
     Contact Person: Brian Smith
    Contact Address:
     Address Type: Mailing and physical address
     Address: MDDNR, 580 Taylor Ave, D-2
     City: Annapolis
     State or Province: MD
     Postal Code: 21401
    Contact Voice Telephone: (410) 260-8630
    Contact Electronic Mail Address: brianr.smith nospam @maryland.gov[Remove
nospam for valid email address]
  Metadata Standard Name: Content Standards for Digital Geospatial Metadata
  Metadata Standard Version: FGDC-STD-001-1998
```