Agriculture Land Use Loading Rate Ratios

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Framing the discussion

The AMT is improving the representation of Agriculture for the Phase 7 CAST update. AND This led to the creation of two additional Land Uses to representing pasture and hay. BUT There have been concerns expressed with the lack of expertise and research on these improvements. **THEREFORE**

The AMT will be revisiting this topic in September following additional research.

Phase 7 Improvements

Reevaluation of Pasture and Hay representation

• Evaluation of manure spread algorithm-> motivation to assess current crop nutrient needs set for land use.

Pasture/Hay currently receive a small fraction of Land Grant University (LGU) recs for nutrient application.

• Result: more manure/nutrients allocated to cropland. Causing manure/nutrient excess allocated to cropland.

Consensus creation of new Land Uses

- New Land Uses for Hay and Pasture
- Established application goals based on the low end of LGU recommendation,
- Created ratios for Non-Nutrient Management condition
- Remaining decision is how these Land Uses will load N to the water.

Improved the application of manure nutrients to updated Land Uses

• Manure application consistent with perceived behavior and LGU recommendations

What are the new Land Uses?

* Currently exists in CAST

*Other Hay -

Hay crops that exclude species that fix nitrogen such as alfalfa and clover. Fertilizer and/or manure may be applied. Includes haylage, grass seed, and failed crops.

Managed Hay -

Hay crops that exclude species that fix nitrogen such as alfalfa and clover. Fertilizer and/or manure are applied to
LGU recs. In addition to the BMPs eligible on Other Hay, this load source is eligible for Core and Enhanced NM practices. Includes haylage and grass seed. (Excludes the failed crops)

*Pasture -

Land used for pasture or grazing animals. Fertilizer and/or manure may be applied in addition to directly excreted manure.

Managed Pasture -

Land used for pasture or grazing animals. Fertilizer and/or manure are applied to LGU recs in addition to directly excreted manure. In addition to the BMPs eligible on Pasture, this load source is eligible for Core and Enhanced NM practices.

Agricultural Acres by Load Source

- Pasture and Other Hay are the two largest Load Sources of agricultural acres across the Bay Watershed
- They are significant in NY, PA, VA, and WV

Sum of AcresP6							
	DE	MD	NY	PA	VA	wv	Baywide
Ag Open Space	0.0%	1.3%	5.2%	2.8%	2.8%	2.5%	2.9%
Cropland	94.6%	78.0%	41.5%	54.3%	37.4%	12.7%	50.5%
Double Cropped Land	23.5%	18.2%	6.5%	8.8%	6.5%	1.8%	9.3%
Full Season Soybeans	21.4%	21.2%	4.9%	9.2%	11.5%	1.9%	10.7%
Grain with Manure	25.6%	12.3%	3.9%	8.4%	3.6%	1.4%	7.2%
Grain without Manure	11.6%	12.3%	6.0%	8.3%	5.9%	1.8%	7.7%
Other Agronomic Crops	4.8%	6.9%	8.6%	9.0%	6.0%	3.9%	7.5%
Silage with Manure	0.2%	1.1%	5.5%	4.5%	1.0%	0.5%	3.0%
Silage without Manure	0.0%	0.2%	1.0%	0.8%	0.2%	0.1%	0.5%
Small Grains and Grains	3.0%	3.8%	2.8%	2.9%	1.7%	0.5%	2.6%
Specialty Crop High	1.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.5%
Specialty Crop Low	2.9%	1.3%	1.8%	1.7%	0.7%	0.6%	1.4%
Leguminous Hay	0.6%	2.4%	15.7%	11.8%	1.8%	1.0%	7.9%
Other Hay	2.1%	8.4%	22.7%	17.1%	20.1%	31.3%	17.8%
Pasture	2.6%	9.8%	14.9%	14.0%	38.0%	52.4%	20.8%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Phase 7 CAST Ag Land Uses

- Two new Land Uses
 - Managed Hay
 - Managed Pasture
- Need to think about differences between new Land Uses and existing ones.
- *NOTE
 - Managed means higher application (aligned with Land Grant recommendations)
 - Naming being revisited

Chesapeake Bay Average				
Land class	Land Use			
Pasture	Ag Open Space			
	Legume Hay			
	Other Hay			
	Managed Hay*			
	Pasture: Reference Land Use			
	Managed Pasture *			

February decision to add Land Uses

Group 1

Grain with manure

Silage

Phase 6

Small Grains

Double cropped

Other crops

Specialty (high and low)

Group 2
Other Hay
Pasture

Group 3

Soybeans

Legume Hay

Group 1

Grain with manure

Phase 7

Silage with manure

Managed Hay

Managed Pasture

Small Grains

Double cropped

Other crops

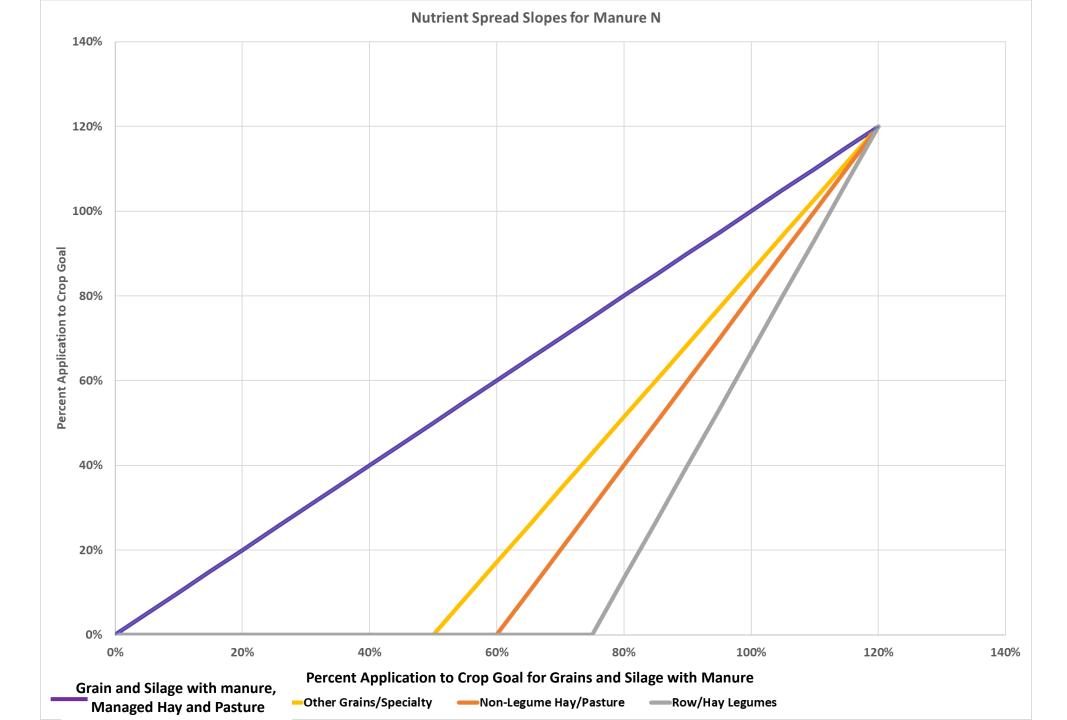
Specialty (high and low)

Group 3
Other Hay
Pasture

Group 4

Soybeans

Legume Hay



Things to consider:

- IF we change Land Use (LU), we need to change the associated Loading Rate Ratio (LRR)
 - If we create a new Land Use (Hay/Pasture), we need to develop the associated LRRs
- Loading Rate Ratio (LRR) = The LRR relates the estimated amount of nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment exported from a land use to a "reference land use"

We ran a test in CAST:

Application rates for hay and pasture are changed to:

- N=120 and P=40 for managed hay (all crops)
- N=60 and P=30 for managed pasture

25% of hay acres = managed

10% of pasture acres = managed

N NonNM factor for managed hay and pasture = 1.2

P NonNM factor for managed hay and pasture = 1.0



Plot denotes the expected N application goal for each CAST Land Use as per AMT testing guidelines



- Plot denotes the expected N application for each CAST Land Use resulting from AMT test run
- Application shifts across multiple land uses
- Important application does NOT equal load

New Land Uses Approved

- Next Action Item: Need to create associated Loading Rate Ratio (LRR).
 - Basis to help distribute monitored loads to various modeled Land Uses during calibration and scenario runs.
- Follow the Phase 6 protocol:
 - "Ag Loading Rate Steering Committee" (2016).
 - Charge: work from literature review conducted by Tetra Tech and Water Stewardship Inc. to develop relative Land Use Loading Ratios for each Ag Land Use.
- AMT (2025) developed a subgroup to follow similar protocol to develop LRR for New Land Use: Managed Hay and Managed Pasture.

Subgroup Process

Representation:

Pennsylvania
Virginia
VIT
USGS

Multiple meetings

Extensive Lit Review

- Less research available for grassland vs cropland.
- Little applicable research in the watershed found.
- Similar precedent for earlier development phases (phase 6).

Analysis of available data from relevant literature

Subgroup concern: Perennial Grass ratio

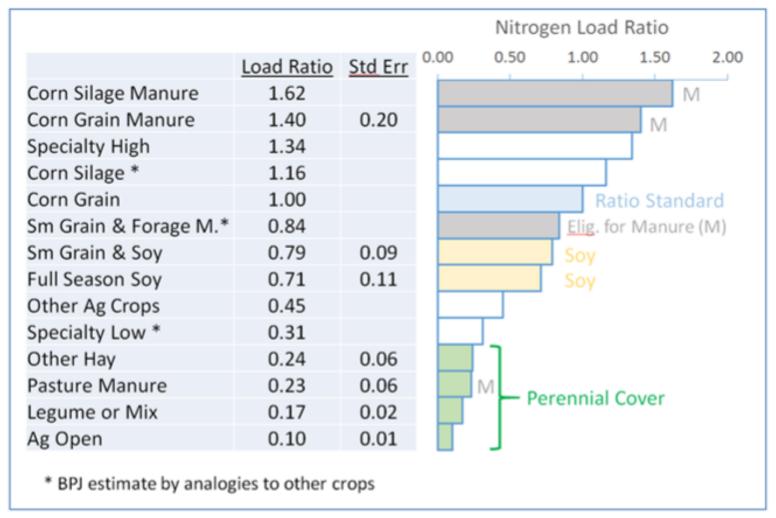


Figure 2. Nitrogen Load Ratio Relative to Corn (or Sorghum) Grain Without Manure

Additional rates from Chapter 2 table 2.7:

- Ag
- Full Season Soybean 27.7
- Other Agronomic 17.6
- Specialty Low 12.1
- Other Hay 12.3
- Pasture 11.8
- Non Ag
- MS4 Construction 26.80
- MS4 Tree Canopy over Turfgrass 8.53
- Non-Regulated Turf Grass 11.19
- Harvested Forest 11.88

Possible workaround: Land Grant University Recommendations for Pasture and Hay

Current LGU Recommendation for N:

- Fescue Hay 120-200 lbs.
- Pasture 60-75 lbs.
 - AMT approved Crop need:
 - Managed Hay = 120 lbs. N
 - Managed Pasture = 60 lbs. N
- Adjustment of Literature high application loading values
 - Managed Hay: 120/200 = 60%
 - Managed Pasture: 60/75 = 80%
 - 80% used as a reduction factor, applied to literature data high values

 NOTE* AMT established N crop need for new Land Use (states have provided values based on LGU recommendations)

Fescue, Tall - Perennial (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)				
Description	Long-lived, tufted, deep-rooted; noted for early spring and late fall growth; leaves are dark green, shiny, and barbed along the edges, making them feel rough; leaves rolled in bud; very short ligule; sheath reddish pink belowground. Most existing tall fescue stands are infected with a fungal endophyte that induces fescue toxicosis in cattle.			
Varieties	Endophyte-free varieties are somewhat less hardy than endophyte-infected tall fescue, requiring more careful management. Modern endophyte-free varieties are stronger than earlier varieties. Endophyte-enhanced varieties have potential for greater adoption.			
Uses	Pasture, hay, and turf. Excellent when seeded at high rates for turf. Widely used for winter grazing.			
Weight per bushel	24 lbs			
Seeds per pound	220,000			
Germinating time	14 days			
Fertilizer	Establishment: 40 lbs N, 120-140 lbs P_2O_5 , and 120-140 lbs K_2O at medium soil test levels. Pasture topdressing 30 lbs P_2O_5 and 30-60 lbs K_2O annually, or 40-125 lbs P_2O_5 and K_2O every 3-4 years. (For winter grazing, apply 60-75 lbs N in mid-August.) Hay topdressing: 120-200 lbs N, 40-90 lbs P_2O_5 , and 85-185 lbs K_2O . For turf, see Turf section.			
pHrange	5.6-6.2			
Soil adaptation	Adapted to practically all tillable soils. Tolerant to both dry and wet soils.			
Time of planting	Early fall or spring at 15-25 lbs when seeded alone, and 6-12 lbs in mixtures for pasture; 4-6 lbs per 1,000 sq ft for turf.			
Harvesting (hay)	First cut when heads begin to emerge. Stems and seedheads of endophyte-infected fescue are highly toxic. Approximate yields 2-6 tons hay/A.			
Harvesting (seed)	When the field takes on a yellowish-brown cast and heads droop.			
Harvesting (pasture)	Tolerant of continuous stocking. With rotational stocking, turn in at 8 inches; remove cattle at 2-3 inches. Keep vegetative to reduce potential problems with endophyte. Remove pregnant mares from endophyte-infected fescue during last 3 months of gestation.			

Reprocessing: 80% of LGU application

 Data from literature for pasture NO3 loss. "high" rates in literature were above high end of LGU recommendation.

Applied 80%
 reduction, as crop
 needs were set at
 80% of LGU high,

Proposed Managed
Pasture Land Use
Loading Rate Ratio =
1.52
Proposed Managed
Hay Land Use Loading

Rate Ratio = 1.52 +0.04 = 1.56 Difference between previous Hay and Pasture (.04) set by previous committee.

Lo	ading	low	high	80% high	Ratio	z score
F	Rate	application	application		(high/low)	
(Kg	/ha/yr)	state	state			
		(unmanage	(managed)			
		d)				
N	103	0.41	0.74	0.592	1.44	-0.46
١	103	29	49	39.2	1.35	-0.57
N	103	31	54	43.2	1.39	-0.52
N	103	42	65	52	1.24	-0.70
N	103	1.6	4.3	3.44	2.15	0.35

Example Calculations:

- Managed Pasture example math:
- 11.8lbs./acre/yr * 1.52* = 17.9 lbs./acre/yr
- Proposed LRR place
 Managed Hay and
 Managed Pasture at top
 end of perennial grass
 systems Loading Rates.

Chesapeake Bay Average					
Land	Land Use	Loading Rate Ratio	Loading Rate (pounds per acre per year)		
Pasture	Ag Open Space	0.43	5.1		
	Legume Hay	0.74	8.7		
	Other Hay	1.04	12.3		
	Managed Hay	1.56	18.4		
	Pasture: Reference Land Use	1	11.8		
	Managed Pasture	1.52	17.9		

Current Status: For your information

- AMT has agreed to create the Land Uses
 - HOWEVER, we have NOT reached consensus for new LRR.
- Additional literature review in progress.
- Further discussion scheduled at next AMT meeting.

Questions?