



Agricultural Chemical/Fertilizer Use Statistical Program

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Chemical/Fertilizer Use Topics

- Program History
- Survey and Estimation Methodology
- Quality Measures
- Data Products







Chemical Use Program History

- NASS began collecting and publishing chemical use data in the early 1990's.
- Partially in reaction to the 1990 Alar scare, the Government responded to public concerns with initiatives on Food Safety and Water Quality. These Initiatives have evolved over the years, but the need for reliable, timely environmental data has not changed.
- Since 1990, NASS has surveyed U.S. farmers to collect information on the chemical ingredients they apply to agricultural commodities including fertilizers and pesticides. On a rotating basis, the program currently includes fruits, vegetables and major field crops.
- The program also collects information on the pest management practices: prevention, avoidance, monitoring, and suppression (PAMS) farmers implement to reduce their dependence on agricultural chemicals (e.g., practices that make pesticides more effective or are an alternative to pesticides).





Field Crop Partnership

- NASS conducts chemical/fertilizer use surveys for field crops in cooperation with the USDA's Economic Research Service (ERS) as part of the <u>Agricultural Resource Management</u> <u>Survey</u> (ARMS II) program.
- The ARMS II Survey is conducted annually from October through December.
- Integrating ARMS II as part of the ARMS III survey cycle allows fertilizer and pesticide data to be analyzed with farm finances, farm household characteristics and other production practices.





Sampled States

Fig. 1. States in the 2021 Corn Chemical Use Survey



Fig. 1. States in the 2020 Vegetable Chemical Use Survey (number of crops surveyed in state)

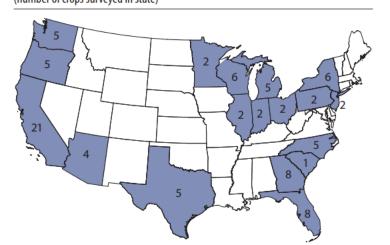


Fig. 1. States in the 2020 Soybean Chemical Use Survey



Fig. 1. States Included in the 2021 Fruit Chemical Use Survey (number of crops surveyed in state)









ARMS II and Fruit/Vegetable Chemical/Fertilizer Use Crop Rotation

Crop Year	Commodity * Fertilizer	
2017	Fruit, cotton, soybeans, wheat	
2018	Vegetables*, corn, soybeans, peanuts	
2019	Fruit*, wheat, sorghum, cotton, barley	
2020	Vegetables, soybeans	
2021	Fruit, corn, cotton, rice	
2022	Vegetables*, wheat, potatoes	
2023	Fruit*, soybeans, oats, peanuts, barley	





2021 Corn Fertilizer Use

Fertilizer refers to a soil-enriching input that contains one or more plant nutrients. For the 2021 crop year, farmers applied nitrogen to 95% of planted acres, at an average rate of 150 pounds per acre, for a total of 12.3 billion pounds.

Farmers applied phosphate to 75% of planted acres, potash to 65%, and sulfur to 34% of planted acres. (Table 1)

Table 1. Fertilizer Applied to Corn Planted Acres, 2021 Crop Year

	% of Acres with Nutrient ^a	Average Rate (lbs/acre)	Total Applied (bil lbs)
Nitrogen (N)	95	150	12.3
Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅)	75	64	4.1
Potash (K ₂ 0)	65	77	4.3
Sulfur (S)	34	19	0.5

Acres with multiple nutrients are counted in each category.





2019 Fruit Fertilizer Use

Fertilizer refers to a soil-enriching input that contains one or more plant nutrients, primarily nitrogen (N), phosphate (P_2O_5), potash (K_2O_5), and sulfur (S). For the 2019 crop year, nitrogen was the most widely applied nutrient for all

three featured fruit crops (Table 1). Potash was the second most commonly applied nutrient.

Table 1. Nitrogen Applied to Selected Fruits, 2019 Crop Year

	% of Acres with Nutrient	Avg. Rate for Year (lbs/acre)	Total Applied (mil lbs)
Apples	62	19	3.3
Blueberries	84	65	4.2
Peaches	59	40	1.7





Data Products

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/Guide to NASS Surveys/Chemical Use/index.php



Respond Online

Click here to complete your survey online. Remember, you will need your unique survey code

Get the Data

Methodology and Quality Measures

About the Survey

Latest Releases

Since 2009, the release of chemical use surveys is available through <u>Quick Stats</u>. The following material each survey: highlights fact sheet, a methodology paper, and a set of data tables featuring commonly reinformation.

2021 Corn, Cotton, and Rice - released May 13, 2022:

Highlights (Corn, Cotton, and Rice) | Data Tables | Methodology

2020 Vegetables - released July 21, 2021:

Highlights | Data Tables | Methodology

2020 Soybeans - released May 14, 2021

Highlights | Data Tables | Methodology

2019 Fruits - released July 22, 2020

Highlights | Data Tables | Methodology

2019 Barley, Cotton, Sorghum, and Wheat – released May 8, 2020:

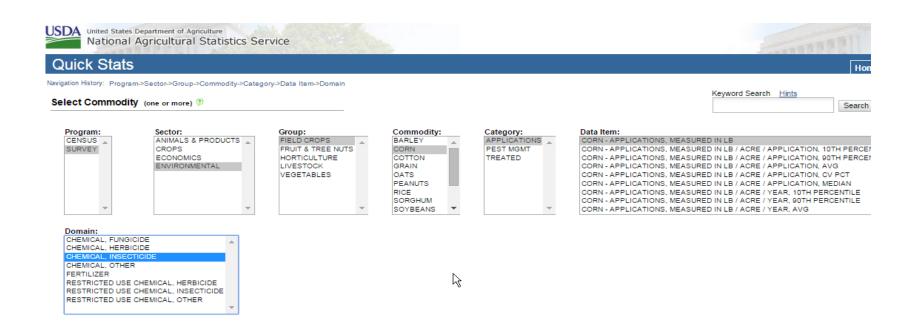
Highlights (Barley, Cotton, Sorghum, and Wheat) | Data Tables | Methodology





Quick Stats

 Since May 2009 Agricultural Chemical and Fertilizer use data are published to the Quick Stats 2.0 database only.

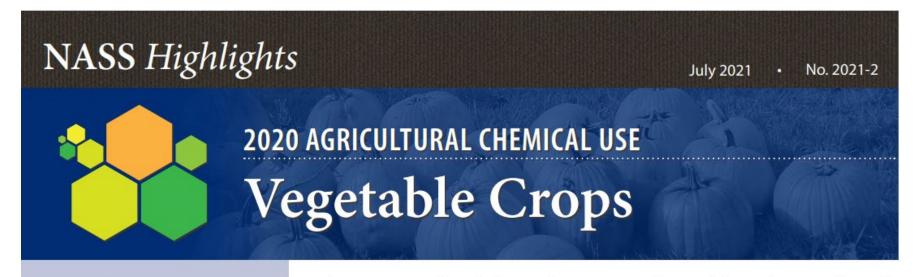






Highlights

• https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/Highlights/index.php



About the Survey

The Agricultural Chemical Use Program of USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) is the federal government's official source of statistics about on-farm and post-harvest commercial The 2020 Agricultural Chemical Use Survey of vegetable producers collected data about pesticide use as well as pest management practices on acres planted to 22 different vegetable crops. NASS conducted the survey among producers in 18 states, focusing on the states that were major producers for the surveyed crops. (Fig. 1)

Data are for the 2020 crop year, the one-year period beginning after the 2019 harvest and ending with the 2020 harvest. Data are available online for all





Pre-Defined Queries

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Data and Statistics/Pre-Defined Queries/index.php

Environmental:

- · Agricultural Chemical Usage 2021 Corn, Cotton, and Rice
- 2020 Vegetable Chemical Use Released July 21, 2021
- Agricultural Che
- · Agricultural Cher
- Agricultural Cher The following are requested queries from our Quick Stats database system dealing with Vegetable Chemical Use and
- Agricultural Cherhave been developed for your convenience based on their timeliness and user feedback.
- Agricultural Cher
- Agricultural CherPlease click here for a listing of symbol and selected data item definitions.
- · Agricultural Cher
- Agricultural Cher Pesticide Use
- · Agricultural Cher

Agricultural Cher

- Cauliflower Lettuce, Head <u>Asparagus</u> Spinach Agricultural Cher Agricultural Cher Lettuce, Other Beans, Snap Celery Squash
- Corn, Sweet Broccoli Onions Tomatoes

Cabbage Cucumbers Peas, Green Watermelons

Cantaloupes Peppers, Bell Garlic

Pumpkins Honeydews Carrots

Pest Management





Quality Measures

- https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/Methodology and Data Quality/index.php
- Scope and Purpose
- Survey Timeline
- Sampling
- Sampling Frames and Methods
- Data Collection and Editing
- Analysis Tools
- Nonsampling Errors
- Nonresponse Adjustment
- Outliers
- Estimators
- Estimation
- Coefficient of Variation (CV'S)
- State level sample sizes and response rates





Future Data Dissemination

- NASS is developing a new cloud-based data dissemination system. 2023 should be the year with a larger roll-out.
- The new database will replace Quick Stats. There will be a new data
 taxonomy/structure. Users will be able to do ad-hoc queries. All years of historic
 data are planned to be loaded to the new database.
- The new system will be API-driven.
- The data dictionary will be available.
- The new user interface will make it much easier to sort, query, and find data.





All Reports Available At

www.nass.usda.gov

For Questions

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