



Black Duck Outcome

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Black Duck Action Team Lead



Goal: Vital Habitats Goal

Outcome: By 2025, restore, enhance, and preserve wetland habitats that support a wintering population of 100,000 black ducks, a species representative of the health of the tidal marshes across the watershed.



Baseline and Current Condition

- NAWMP Continental Population Goal of 640,000 Black Ducks
- Estimated that the CB watershed could support 100,000
- Mid-Winter Survey

2007-2009: 37,158

2009-2011: 47,269

2011-2013: 41,907

2012-2014: 48,828

2013-2015: 51,332







What We Want



Support in applying the latest science to inform new acreage based Outcome indicator

- Technical assistance with establishing a new baseline, acreage targets
- Assistance with DST outreach to decision makers
- Assistance with funding for projects in target areas
- Encouragement of strong partner coordination



Setting the Stage:

What are our assumptions?





Logic Behind Our Outcome

Following the Decision Framework:

Factors Influencing

Current Efforts and Gaps

Management Approaches

- Habitat Degradation
- Scientific Research
- Technical
 Understanding /
 Implementation

- Location of opportunities for Habitat Conservation
- Need for Technical Assistance
- Scientific Research
- Carrying Capacity and Bioenergetics Modeling

- Support Black Duck Habitat
 - Restoration
 - Enhancement and Management
 - Protection
- Other Conservation Actions Benefiting Waterfowl Habitat



Progress:

Are we doing what we said we would do?





Supporting Restoration, Enhancement, and Conservation Work

- NGO's
- States/Jurisdictions
- Federal AgenciesWLFWL













GIT Funding

- Funding for NRCS
 Working Lands for
 Wildlife Technical
 Assistance Position
- Funding to complete
 Black Duck DST











- Better science and tools to target habitat conservation and restoration
- Increased landowner outreach capacity
- Cross-outcome benefits
 (wetlands, climate change, shorelines, SAV, etc.)



Bioenergetics model and Black Duck habitat needs under future landscape condition maps complete.

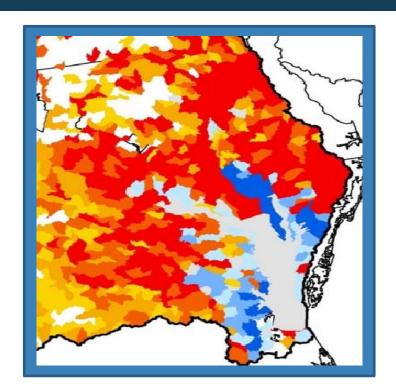


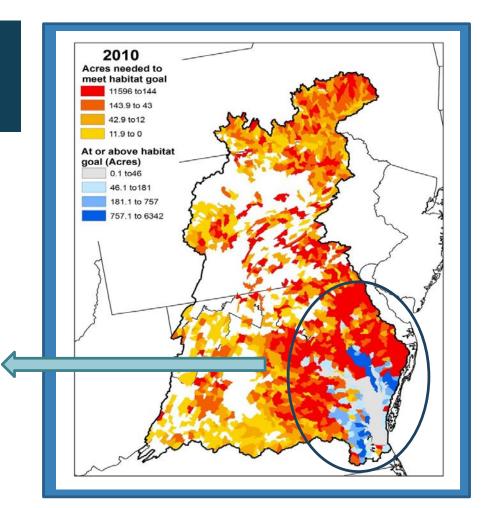
Further evidence of SAV as important Black Duck food source.





Black Duck Habitat Needs Under Future Landscape Conditions

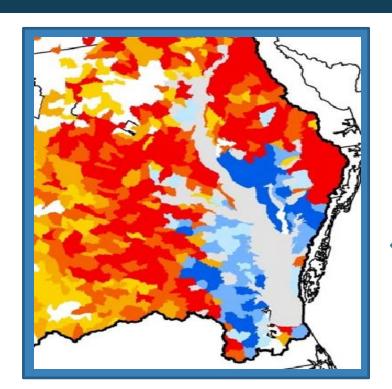


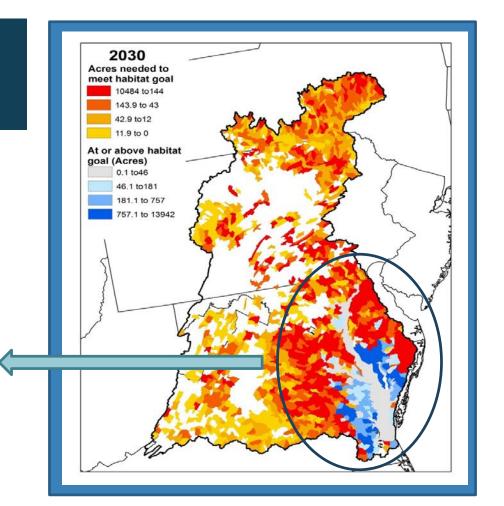






Black Duck Habitat Needs Under Future Landscape Conditions

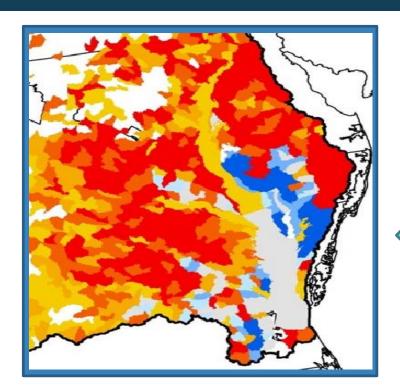


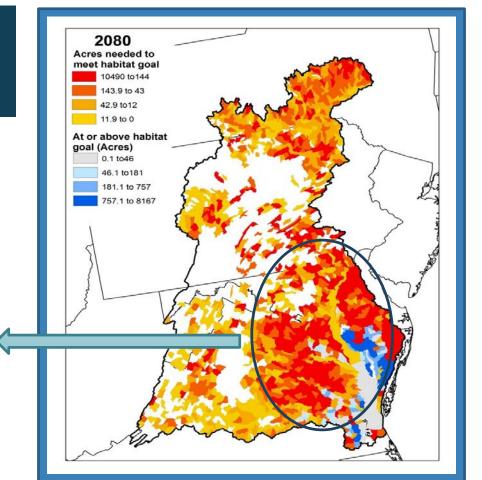






Black Duck Habitat Needs Under Future Landscape Conditions

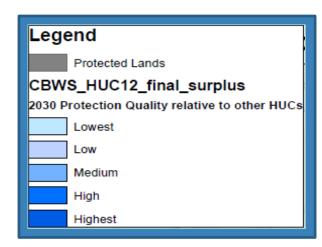


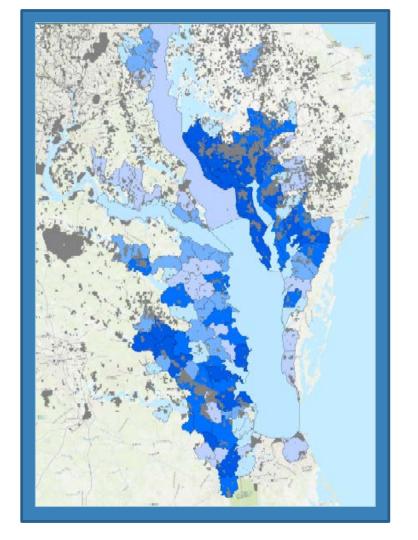






Surplus HUC12s and Protected Lands









CBP Cross-GIT Mapping Project – Black Duck Case Study Output

Restoration Metrics -

- Wetlands
- High pollution loading
- Marsh migration
- Low food availability

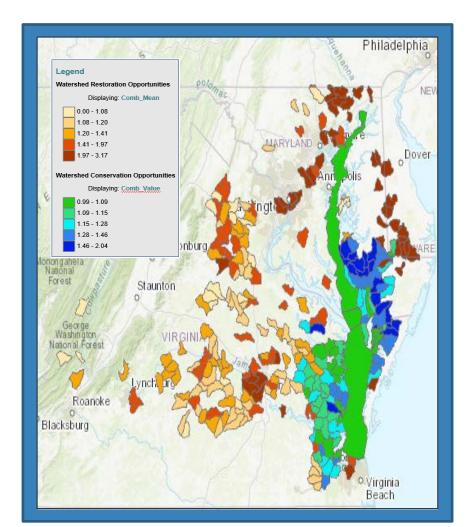
Conservation Metrics -

- Wetlands
- Healthy Watersheds,
- High food availability
- Marsh Migration

Brown

(restoration) and

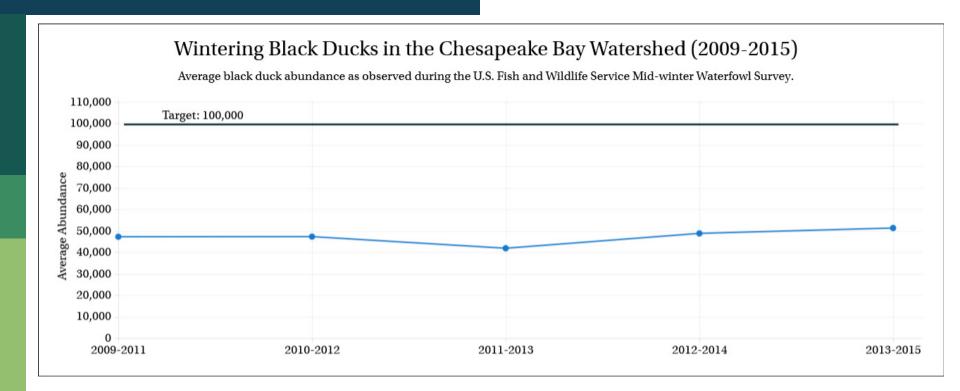
(conservation) = Higher co-benefit potential







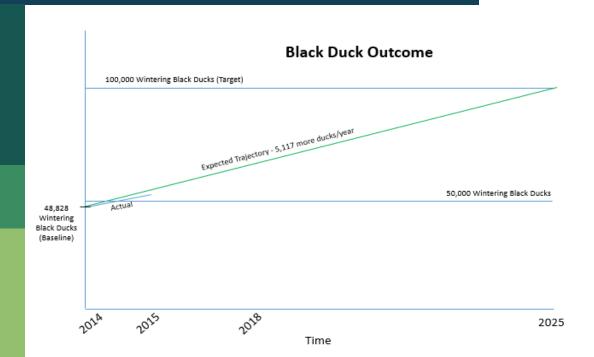
Are we on track?







Are we on track?



Indicator Status

- As of 2015, the Black Duck Outcome stands at 51% of it's 100,000 bird goal.
- CBP has not received
 Chesapeake Bay Watershed population data since 2015 as USFWS no longer maintains survey data.

A habitat based indicator would be more reflective of true outcome progress.





Are we on track?



Reach out to Partners to Track Conservation Acres





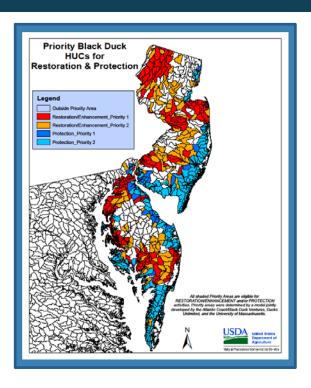




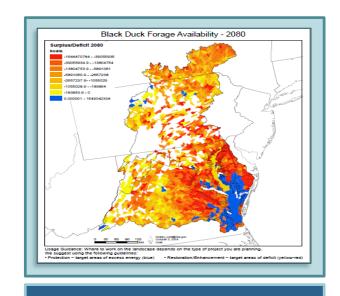




Analysis



Discussion Question 2: Which actions were most critical in progress thus far?



Completion of the bioenergetics model and map outputs.





Analysis

Discussion Question 3: Which actions will be the most critical to your progress in the future? Why?



Using the DST maps to determine the best locations for restoration, enhancement, and management of habitat for black ducks.



Determining Acreage Component to Black Duck outcome. I.e. how many acres of habitat would we need to reach our goal



Challenges:

Are our actions having the expected effect?



Challenges



Determining Acreage Goals for Outcome



Getting the DST Map in User Friendly Format



Conservation Partner Training and Use of DST



Diminished funding and resources (i.e. Mid-winter Survey)





Adaptations:

How should we adapt?





Based on what we've learned, we plan to...



Articulate Acreage Component to the Black Duck Outcome



Adopt new habitat based Black Duck Outcome indicator using bioenergetics model/DST



Develop a priority list of HUC12s/state for conservation and restoration (25th Percentile Map)



Improve coordination with partners and local agencies



Co-Benefits



Sustainable Fisheries

- Blue Crab Abundance
- Blue Crab Management
- Oyster
- Forage Fish
- Fish Habitat



Vital Habitats Goal

- Wetlands
- Black Duck
- Stream Health
- Brook Trout
- Fish Passage
- Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)
- Forest Buffer
- Tree Canopy



Water Quality Goal

- 2017 Watershed Implementation Plans (WIP)
- . 2025 WIP
- Water Quality Standards Attainment and Monitoring



Toxic Contaminants Goal

 Toxic Contaminants Research Toxic Contaminants Policy and Prevention



Healthy Watersheds Goal

Healthy Waters



Stewardship Goal

- · Citizen Stewardship
- Local Leadership
- Diversity



Land Conservation Goal

- Protected Lands
- Land Use Methods and Metrics Development Land Use Options Evaluation



Public Access Goal

• Public Access Site Development



Environmental Literacy Goal

- Student
- · Sustainable Schools
- Environmental Literacy
 Planning



Climate Resiliency Goal

- Monitoring and Assessment
- Adaptation Outcome



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Discussion