Executive Council Commitments and Advisory Committee Recommendations Management Board Discussion Draft – October 18, 2018

Objectives for the Meeting:

- 1. For the Agricultural Technical Assistance Directive
 - a. Determine leads for follow-up actions
 - b. Discuss specific deliverables for the leads
- 2. For Advisory Committee recommendations
 - a. Review suggested leads for responding
 - b. Assign lead for responding to the recommendations
 - c. Discuss next steps

Agricultural Technical Assistance Directive

	Directive Commitment	Action Lead
1	Technical Assistance	- Jurisdictions identify TA needs and gaps through WIP Development
	Strive to provide stable and sufficient technical	- Ag Workgroup for gaps analysis
	assistance in order to help farmers implement the	- Ag workgroup to convene USDA, CBC, EPA, and jurisdictions to identify
	conservation practices necessary to meet Bay TMDL	where programs will meet gaps
	goals.	
2	Technical Assistance	Ag Workgroup for recommendation. Examples of areas to explore include:
	Diversify and expand the network of public, private	USDA – Contribution Agreements
	and nonprofit providers of technical and financial	NFWF – Through RFP process for SWG and INSR
	assistance to ensure that on-farm support is available	
	to meet the agricultural sector load reductions.	
3	Technical Assistance	To Ag Workgroup for recommendations
	Expand technical assistance capacity through the use	
	of cooperative agreements and other tools that	
	combine federal, state, local and private resources to	
	target priority agricultural resource concerns.	

4	Technical Assistance Enhance and coordinate critical agricultural conservation programs to ensure they offer the flexibility and capacity needed to incentivize farmers to install practices, including riparian forest buffers, to help meet the goals of the Bay TMDL.	To Ag Workgroup for recommendations. Example of a potential path forward may include: 1. CBP Convene listening sessions with farmers, stakeholders, etc to determine areas where flexibility and capacity are needed. 2. USDA – collect information on what specific needs farmers have through the outreach they are planning under their 3 year plan for the Chesapeake Bay
5	Workforce Development Enhance the job climate for government technical assistance professionals by exploring how to make training and certification more streamlined and accessible, along with the development of two-year certification programs, innovative training forums and education loan assistance programs.	Ag Workgroup for recommendations. Example of action – Convene a meeting with Land Grant universities to explore what they are doing with certification, identify skills needed for that certification program to be acceptable to the TA providers.
6	Evaluation Report on progress made toward this directive at the 2019 Chesapeake Executive Council meeting.	Management Board

Citizens' Advisory Committee

	Committee Recommendation	Lead for Responding
1	Governance - Recommends continued advocacy for full federal funding for the Chesapeake Bay Program.	CBC
2a	Phase III Watershed Implementation Plans and Local Planning Targets - Encourage jurisdictions to continue with the development of programmatic infrastructure and financial support for meaningful BMP verification as a part of implementation of Phase III WIPs, particularly in accounting for growth and land use changes as state in the EPA expectations document.	WQ GIT
2b	Phase III Watershed Implementation Plans and Local Planning Targets - Recommend the jurisdictions integrate Watershed Agreement outcomes into the water quality restoration plans as a way to incentivize practices that offer corollary ecological benefits and to encourage meaningful participation in local planning targets supporting local economies and communities.	WQ GIT
3a	 Forest buffers and wetlands Develop programmatic, policy and financial capacity for increasing forest buffers and establish the Phase III IPs and two-year milestones. 	WQ GIT/Forestry WG
3b	Forest buffers and wetlands - Include technical assistance and education on multi-functional forest buffers like nut and fruit trees are riparian production crops on agricultural lands – as some U.S. jurisdictions and Central American countries have had great success.	Forestry Workgroup/Wetlands Workgroup
3c	Forest buffers and wetlands - Meet with the U.S. Secretary of Agriculture to encourage the prioritize area water goals.	EPA
3d	Forest buffers and wetlands - Communicate to local implementers the co-benefits and cost savings that buffers and wetlands provide in protecting drinking water sources and flood mitigation.	WQ GIT/Forestry Workgroup

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3e	Forest buffers and wetlands	
	- Reformulate state funding vehicles such as Section 319 Clean Water Act	EPA
	Grant programs and State Revolving Local Funds for forest buffers on	
	non-agricultural lands.	
3f	Forest buffers and wetlands	
	- Simplify the information and process the states provide for landowners	Ag Workgroup/WQ GIT
	to find and apply for Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program,	
	Wetlands Reserve and other conservation practices.	
4a	Environmental education and literacy	
	- Encourage you to also consider going further and including elements of	Env Lit. Workgroup?
	workforce development and training to support the next generation of	
	stewards with options for living wage environmental careers such as:	
	storm water control, water and wastewater operations; construction	
	and maintenance of green infrastructure; stream rehabilitation; and	
	pollution control and cleanup.	
4b	Environmental education and literacy	
	- Strongly encourage the jurisdictions that do not yet have the capacity to	
	pursue all actions in the proposed Environmental Literacy directive to at	Env. Lit. Workgroup?
	least meet the baseline of participating in the conference of high-level	
	leaders every two years to discuss progress of Watershed Agreement	
	Environmental Education goals and outcomes. Participation will	
	increase understanding which can begin to build capacity based on the	
	successful models used in other jurisdictions.	
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Local Government Advisory Committee

	Committee Recommendations	Lead for Responding		
1a	Local government engagement			
	- Create more opportunities to engage in open dialogue in meetings with	Communications Workgroup		
	local government officials.			
1b	Local government engagement			
	 Provide clear direction from regulatory agencies on how to comply with 	?		
	statutory and regulatory requirements.			
1c	Local government engagement			
	 Regulatory agencies should work closely with local government trusted 	?		
	sources to ensure that regulatory requirements and other vital			
	information is broadly disseminated.			
2a	Tools and Resources			
	- Recommend an evaluation of the nature, sufficiency and scope of	СВРО		
	technical assistance resources and program available to local			
	governments be conducted for the purpose of establishing new, re-			
	tooling existing, or expanding state and/or federal programs to achieve			
	greater effectiveness in WIP implementation.			
2b	Tools and Resources	Forum already occurred		
	- Encourage Executive Council members to participate in LGAC's			
	September 2018 Local Government Forum which will focus on filling gaps			
	at the local level.			

3a	Workforce Development	?
	- Jurisdictions should support local government staffing gaps, programs to	
	train targeted groups (including offenders, veterans and other	
	disadvantaged populations) to perform such functions as installing and	
	maintaining green infrastructure.	
3b	Workforce Development	
	- Jurisdictions should support a student loan forgiveness program for	3
	people who choose to work in the public sector.	

Scientific & Technical Advisory Committee

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	Committee Recommendation	Lead for Responding
1a	Climate Change	
	- Consider effects of climate change on water quality and ecosystem health	Climate Workgroup, WQGIT, STAR and STAC
	and ensure restoration successes continue as we move forward.	
1b	Climate Change	
	- Support better understanding, predictive tools and adaptive approaches	STAC and STAR
	in order to respond effectively to existing and future climate-related	
	threats.	