

Scenario Optimization Tool for CAST

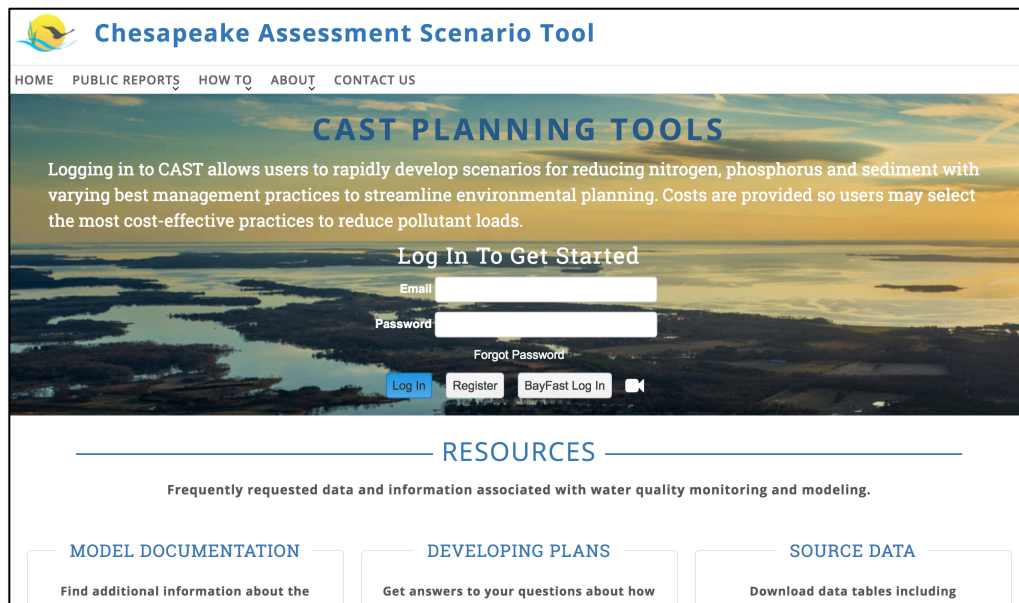
11 April 2018

Daniel Kaufman

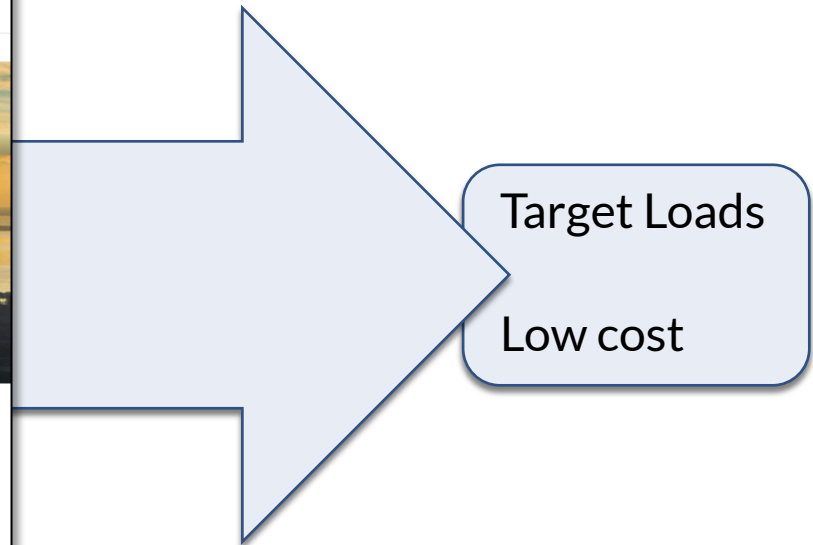
-
- **The vision of “scenario optimization”**
 - **Development**
 - **Medium-term products**
 - **Next steps and looking ahead**

-
- **The vision of “scenario optimization”**
 - Development
 - Medium-term products
 - Next steps and looking ahead

The Vision of “Scenario Optimization”



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Chesapeake Assessment Scenario Tool (CAST). At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: HOME, PUBLIC REPORTS, HOW TO, ABOUT, and CONTACT US. Below this is a header section titled "CAST PLANNING TOOLS" with a background image of a coastal landscape. The text describes the tool's purpose: "Logging in to CAST allows users to rapidly develop scenarios for reducing nitrogen, phosphorus and sediment with varying best management practices to streamline environmental planning. Costs are provided so users may select the most cost-effective practices to reduce pollutant loads." A "Log In To Get Started" section follows, featuring input fields for "Email" and "Password", a "Forgot Password" link, and buttons for "Log In", "Register", and "BayFast Log In". At the bottom, there is a "RESOURCES" section with the text "Frequently requested data and information associated with water quality monitoring and modeling." and three sub-sections: "MODEL DOCUMENTATION" (Find additional information about the), "DEVELOPING PLANS" (Get answers to your questions about how), and "SOURCE DATA" (Download data tables including).



Chesapeake Assessment Scenario Tool (CAST) estimates nitrogen, phosphorous, and sediment load impacts and the financial costs of implementing best management practices (BMPs).

The Vision of “Scenario Optimization”



Chesapeake Assessment Scenario Tool (CAST) estimates nitrogen, phosphorous, and sediment load impacts and the financial costs of implementing best management practices (BMPs).

The Vision of “Scenario Optimization”



There is a large number of decision variables, non-linear cascading effects of Best Management Practices (BMPs), and it takes time to become an expert user of the system.

The Vision of “Scenario Optimization”



There is a large number of decision variables, non-linear cascading effects of Best Management Practices (BMPs), and it takes time to become an expert user of the system.

The Vision of “Scenario Optimization”



Build a module into the system that provides guidance:

Analyze the space of potential management scenarios and identify low-cost BMP implementation options

Optimization Model Description



Objective:

(Primary) Minimize the total annual costs of BMP implementation
(includes capital, installation, opportunity, maintenance)

(Secondary) Maximize co-benefits

Optimization Model Description

Objective:

(Primary) Minimize the total annual costs of BMP implementation
(includes capital, installation, opportunity, maintenance)

(Secondary) Maximize co-benefits

Decision Variables:

- Number of acres (or other unit) of each BMP in each land-use category and land river segment (continuous)
- Tons of manure transported

Optimization Model Description

Objective:

(Primary) Minimize the total annual costs of BMP implementation
(includes capital, installation, opportunity, maintenance)

(Secondary) Maximize co-benefits

Decision Variables:

- Number of acres (or other unit) of each BMP in each land-use category and land river segment (continuous)
- Tons of manure transported

Basic Constraints:

- Scale/region of scenario (and/or agencies)
- Nitrogen and Phosphorous simulated load reductions \geq reduction targets
- BMP'd acres \leq available acres (by segment and land-use)
 - BMP'd roads \leq available miles
 - BMP'd shorelines \leq available miles
 - BMP'd animals \leq available animal counts

Other Constraints:

- BMP constraints, for example:
 - agricultural land retirement \leq X acres
 - cover crop oats \geq X % of agricultural acres
- Land use restrictions for certain BMPs
- Capital limitations for certain sectors?

-
- The vision of “scenario optimization”
 - **Development**
 - Medium-term products
 - Next steps and looking ahead

Development

OptSandbox

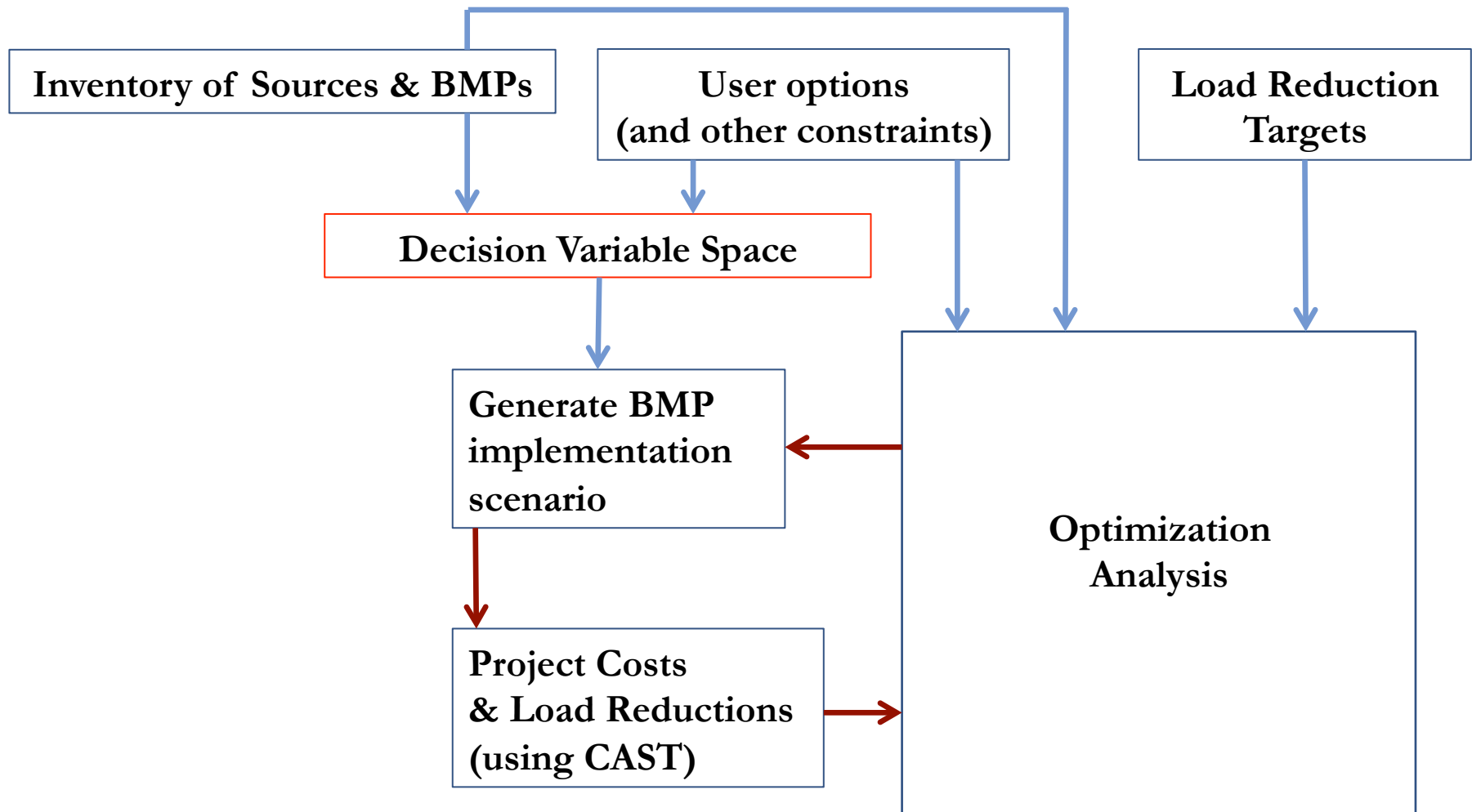
(tool to investigate space of possible scenarios and topology of solutions)

v0.1

- Preliminary scenario generation logic – **decision variable space**
- Preliminary graphical interface design

Cloned on CBP cloud server

A decision variable space is generated



A decision variable space is generated

Metadata

- Base Year, Base Condition, Wastewater data
- Cost Profile
- Geography

Variable groups to modify ([*Source*, *BMP*] amounts that the optimization is allowed to tweak)

- Agencies
- Sectors

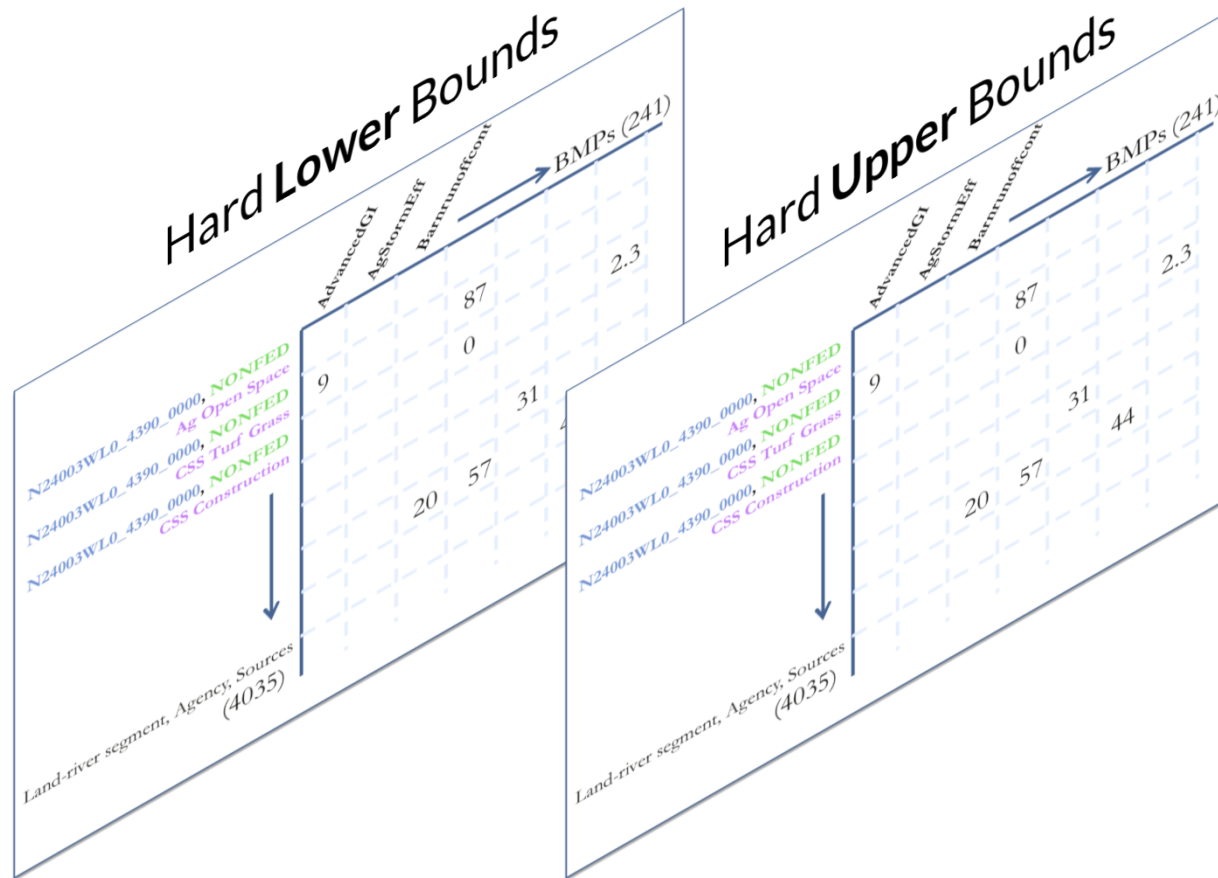
Constraints for variables



Scenarios Generated from this decision space

A decision variable space is generated

For Land, Animal, and Manure



- 20% sparse when including all land river segments, agencies, sources, BMPs
- ~200,000 knobs to turn for Anne Arundel County
- Basic constraints determine hard upper and lower bounds

Development: Where do things stand?

Fast CAST:

- PyCast (python) is likely to be transformed into CoreCast (C#)

OptSandbox:

- v0.1 (querying/parsing from Excel Sheets)



- v0.2 (querying/parsing from flattened tables of SQL Server data)

Estimated dates:

~ One month for transition to SQL Server data

~ Fall for development team transforming Cast to FastCAST

-
- The vision of “scenario optimization”
 - Development
 - **Medium-term products**
 - Next steps and looking ahead

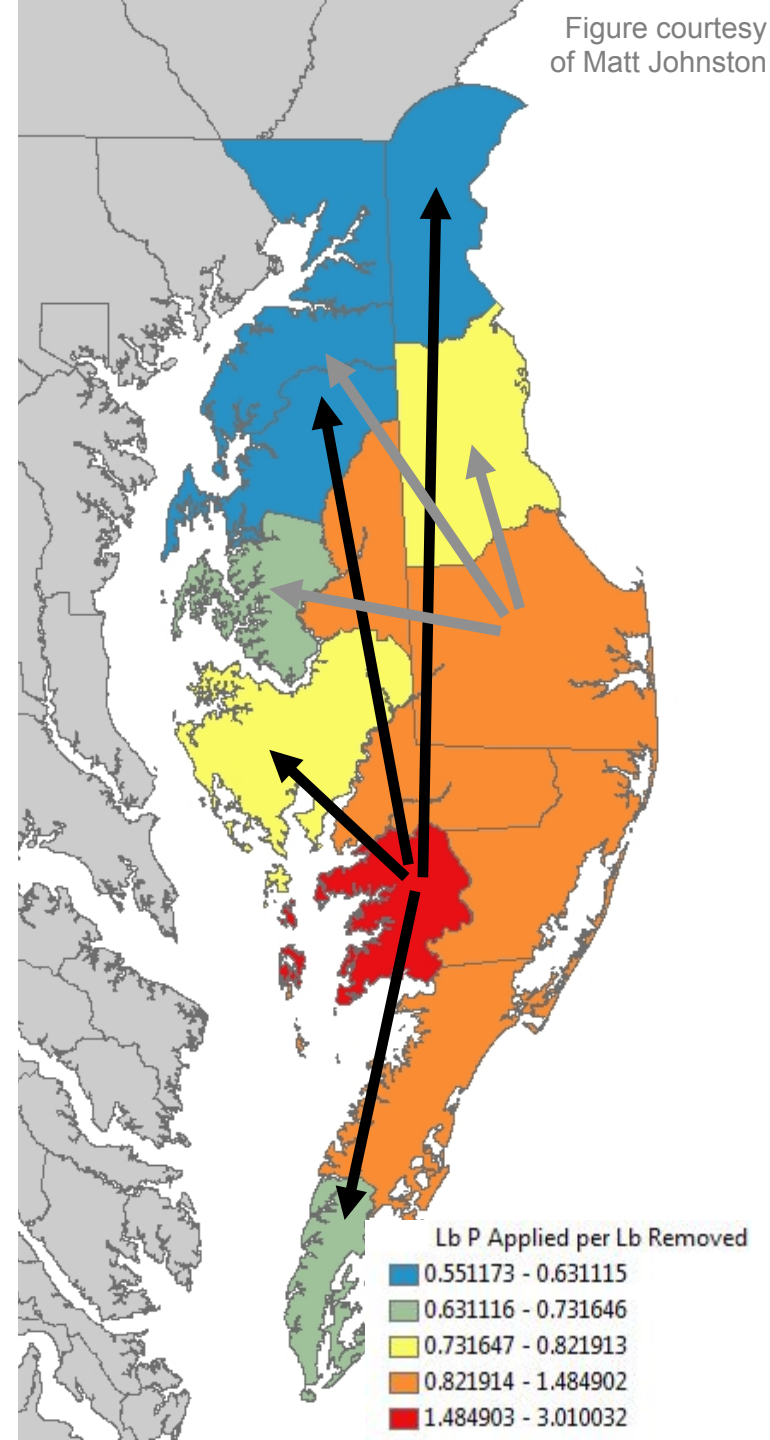
Medium-term product concept 1of2

Manure Transport Optimization

Assuming manure can be moved across the Delmarva, what is the least costly (best environmental) outcome for manure redistribution?

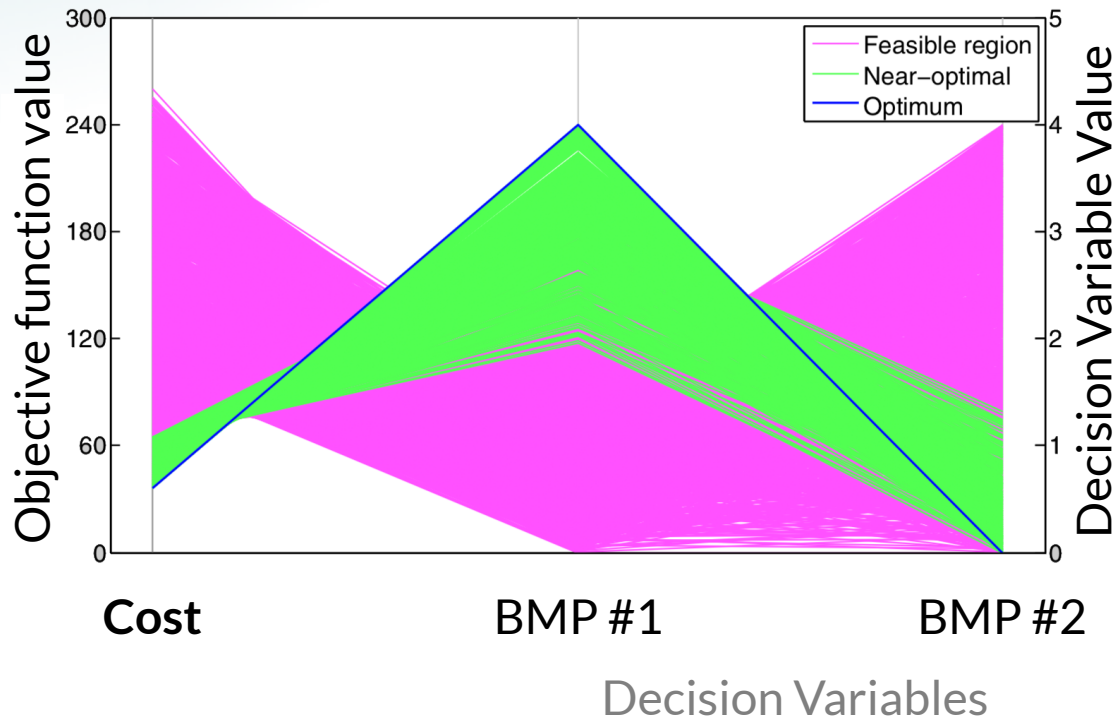
For Example

County From	County To	Amount
Caroline	Cecil	41
Caroline	Wicomico	30
Dorchester	Cecil	90
Dorchester	Talbot	8
Sussex	New Castle	76
...



Medium-term product concept 2of2

Scenario Generator, Explorer, Comparer



An objective and batch sampling of the solution space could provide automatic comparisons with scenarios of interest

-
- The vision of “scenario optimization”
 - Development
 - Medium-term products
 - **Next steps and looking ahead**

Next Steps

- SQL server data queries to generate decision variable space
- Offline batch scenario analyses
- Manure transport analyses
- Response to STAC workshop

Next Steps

- SQL server data queries to generate decision variable space
- Offline batch scenario analyses
- Manure transport analyses
- Response to STAC workshop

Looking ahead

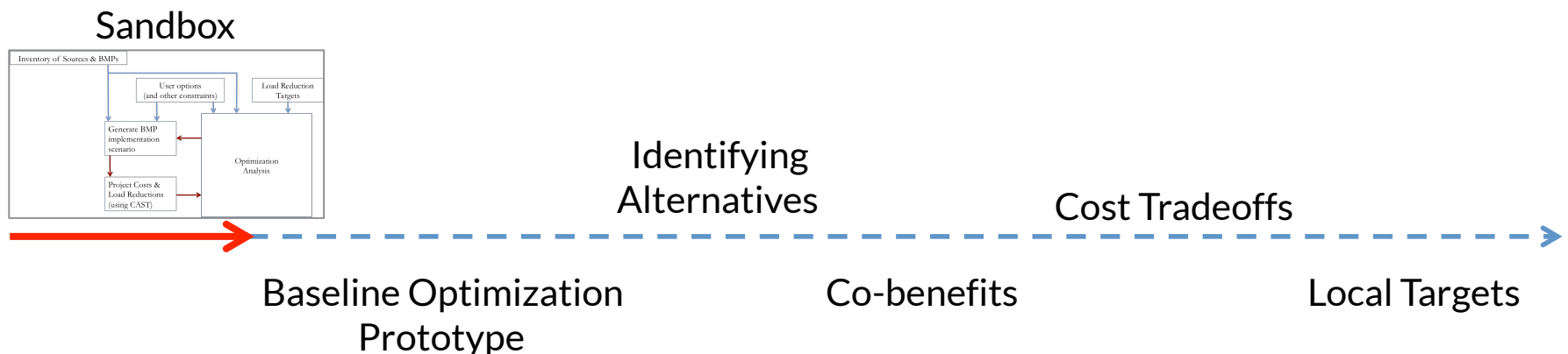
- Data flow
 - Cloud architecture
 - Modular access to CAST procedures allowing for multi-step optimization
- Algorithm testing
 - Hybrid Pop.-based & Nonlinear Prog.
 - Machine learning approaches
- Co-benefits, Alternatives

Next Steps

- SQL server data queries to generate decision variable space
- Offline batch scenario analyses
- Manure transport analyses
- Response to STAC workshop

Looking ahead

- Data flow
 - Cloud architecture
 - Modular access to CAST procedures allowing for multi-step optimization
- Algorithm testing
 - Hybrid Pop.-based & Nonlinear Prog.
 - Machine learning approaches
- Co-benefits, Alternatives





A decision variable space is generated

- Include all land river segments, agencies, sources, BMPs
- ~200,000 knobs to turn for Anne Arundel County
- Basic constraints determine hard upper and lower bounds

