# STAC REVIEW OF INVASIVE CATFISH TASK FORCE REPORT

Fisheries GIT Meeting December 3, 2014 Bruce Vogt, NOAA



## TIMELINE IN REVIEW

January 2012: Task Force Established 2012-13: Research for and drafting of Report February
2014: Task
Force
produces
draft
report/recs

March-April 2014: Task Force requests STAC Review

November 2014: STAC Releases Review



#### STAC COMMENTS

# **Charge to STAC:**

Provide comments on the technical feasibility, reasonableness, likelihood of success, and potential unintended effects of the Task Force's recommendations...



## STAC COMMENTS

2 lead STAC Reviewers



5 External Reviewers

Due to a high level of uncertainty, development of a comprehensive management plan should be considered to promote accountability, evaluation of control techniques, and prioritize resources.

Information gaps include: population size, movement, and distribution; minimum removal rates needed, gear effectiveness; and contaminant levels.



Design and implement targeted fishery-independent removals of invasive catfish in places of significant ecological value.

#### **STAC Comments**

Further evaluate:

- 1) Gear effectiveness and impacts on invasive and native catfish populations
- 2) Methodology for prioritizing removal sites
- 3) Long-term resource availability
- 4) Strategies to evaluate success



Incentivize and accelerate efforts to develop a large-scale commercial fishery with coordination across jurisdictions.

#### **STAC Comments**

Need to consider possible long-term limitations:

- 1) Contaminant burdens for consumption
- Impacts of preserving the large, fecund fish for trophy fishery
- 3) Population responses to fishing pressure
- 4) Reverse incentivization to maintain populations to support fishery
- 5) Negative impacts on native species



Incentivize increased harvests of invasive catfishes by small boat operations and explore the use of electrofishing for commercial harvest purposes.

#### **STAC Comments**

Further evaluate:

- 1) Gear effectiveness and impacts on non-target species
- 2) Fish contaminant issues
- 3) Sustainable fishery possible?



Establish monitoring programs dedicated to identifying and tracking invasive catfish distributions and population status. Develop early detection and response programs to monitor ecologically significant areas.

#### **STAC Comments**

New monitoring efforts could be compromised by lack of funding. Leverage existing monitoring efforts.



Consideration of the effectiveness of existing barriers to invasive catfish spread and an assessment of the benefits of barrier removal weighed against the risk of invasive catfish expansion.

#### **STAC Comments**

Success is contingent on agreement by groups with conflicting goals, a risk-benefit assessment, and efficacy of barriers preventing invasive catfish spread.



Cross-jurisdictional review of current fishing policies and regulations to evaluate their effectiveness in preventing persistence and further expansion of invasive catfish populations.

#### **STAC Comments**

This review is important and necessary. The purpose of this review should be clarified and should bring all stakeholders to the table.



Make information on invasive catfishes more accessible, consistent, and clearer to anglers and the general public.

#### **STAC Comments**

An adaptive approach to outreach is needed and outreach should be linked to ongoing research.



#### ADDITIONAL STAC RECOMMENDATIONS

Preventative measures

List of research needs with clear plan to address them

Restoration action to rebuild native populations following control methods



## **NEXT STEPS**

December 2-3rd, 2014: Present plans to full GIT

January 2015: Final response letter sent to STAC from Nick DiPasquale as CBP Director. Acknowledge and thank STAC for review and describe next steps.

February 2015: Small groups will work to modify specific parts/recommendations from the report.

**March 2015**: Full Task Force review and finalize report modifications and send to Fisheries GIT.

