



2025 Land Use Forecasts and Timeline

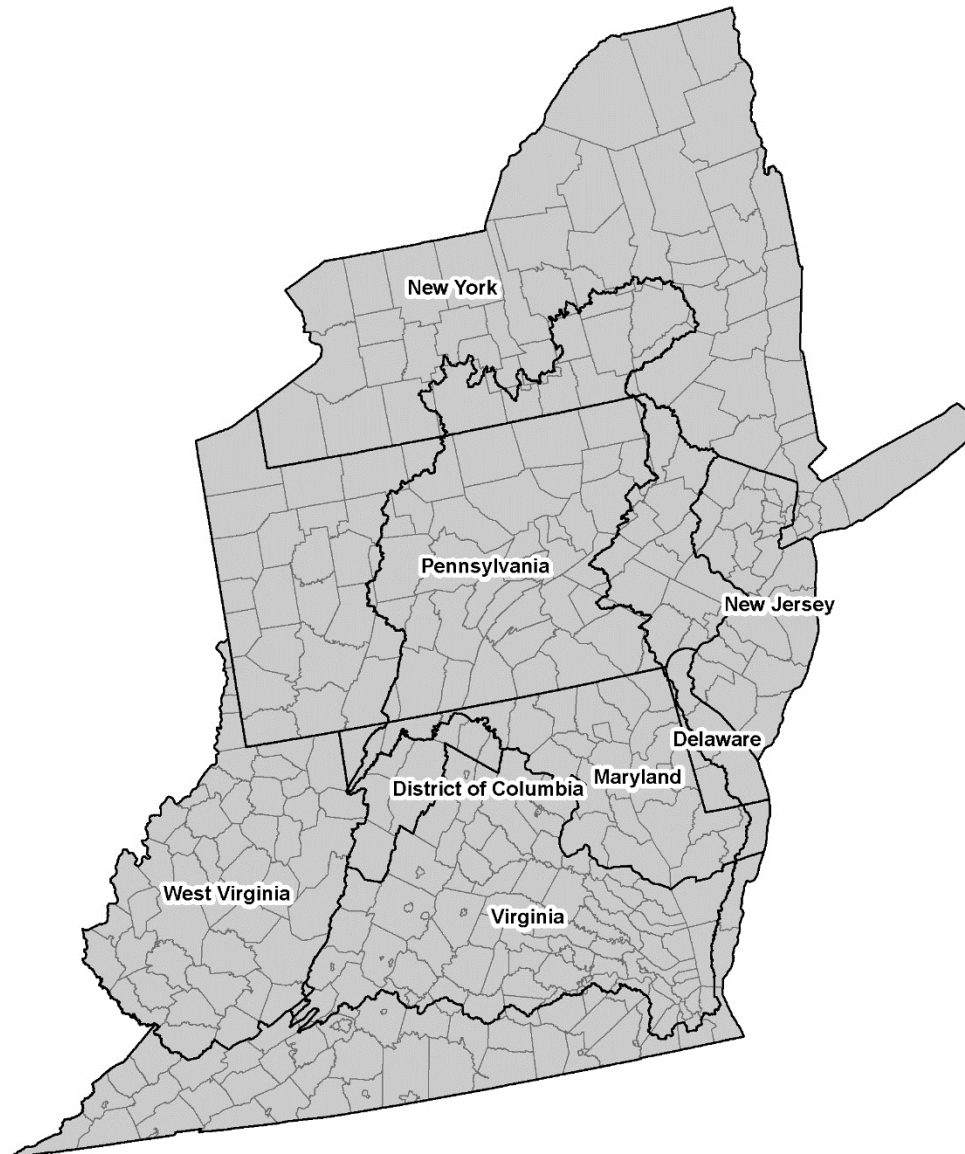
**Peter Claggett,
Research Geographer
U.S. Geological Survey**

**Land Use Workgroup
April 14, 2017**

Role of Future Land Use Scenarios:

1. Develop a plausible 2025 land use scenario for consideration as the basis for “accounting for growth” in the Phase III WIPs.
2. Develop a suite of alternative future scenarios to inform CBP Partnership decisions on:
 - crediting land conservation and land use regulatory actions; and
 - identifying forests and farms at risk from development.

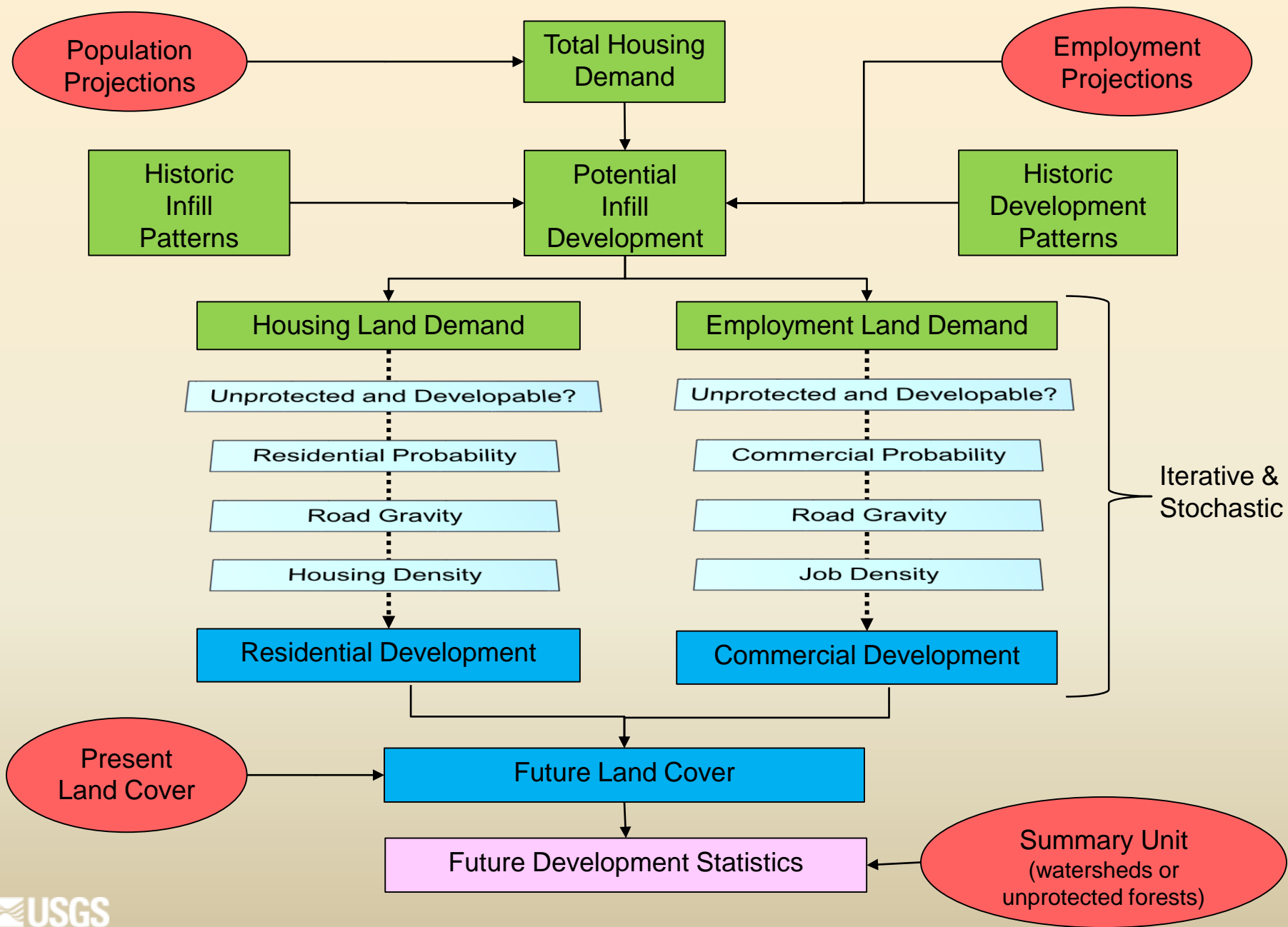
Chesapeake Bay Future Land Use Scenario Domain



Alternative Futures Production Schedule

| Schedule | Deliverable / Decision |
|------------------------------|--|
| End of April 2017 | “Historical Trends” Scenario results available. LUWG works to develop Alternative Future Scenarios. |
| April – May 31 2017 | Open collection period for local zoning, planning, and/or permit data to be incorporated into the “Current Policy” Scenario. Resolution of technical issues. |
| June 7, 2017 LUWG Meeting | (Proposed) Joint LUWG-LGAC forum on future scenarios. Finalization of Alternative Future Scenarios. WQGIT invited! |
| July (TBD) LUWG Meeting | Results of “Historical Trends”, “Current Policy”, and alternative future scenarios presented to LUWG. |
| July 2017 | LUWG and WQGIT review scenarios. Issues identified during the review are resolved. |
| Mid-August 2017 | Draft final future scenario results available. |
| September 6, 2017 | LUWG approves draft final future scenarios. |
| September 11, 2017 | WQGIT approves draft final future scenarios. |
| Early October 2017 | Management Board approves draft final future scenarios. |
| Late October 2017 | Principal’s Staff Committee approves draft final future scenarios. |

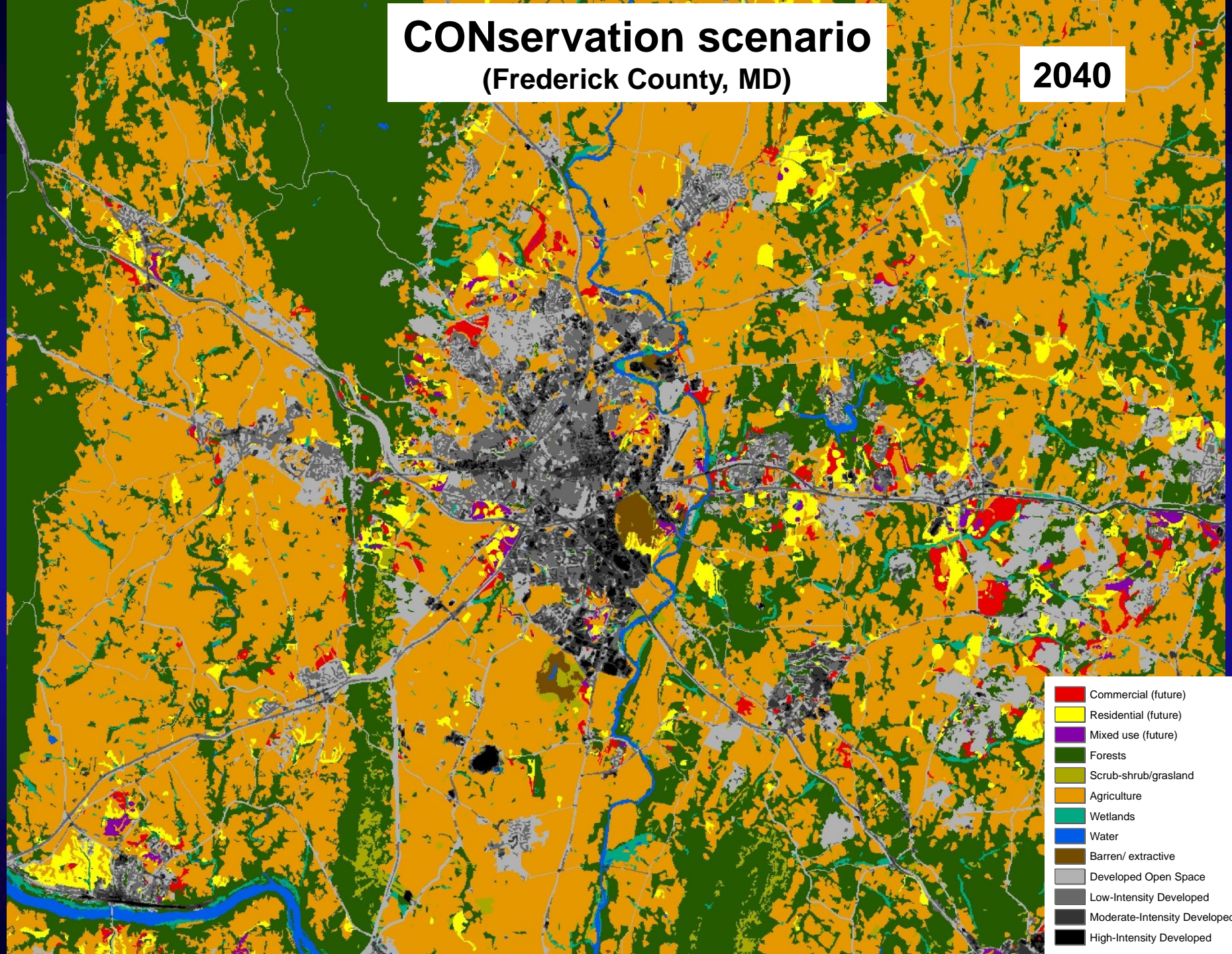
Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model v3a

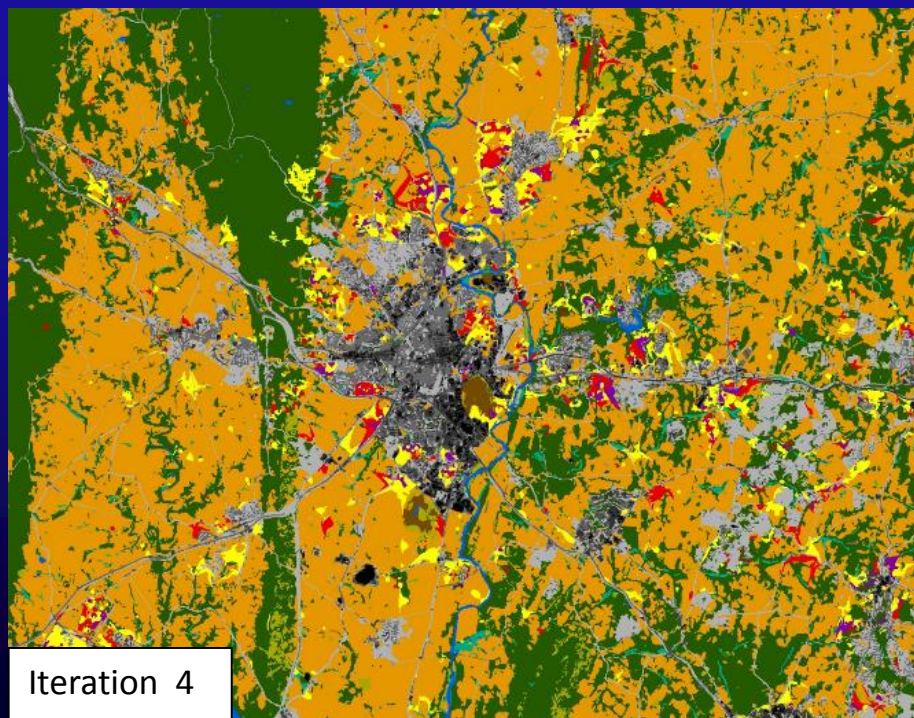
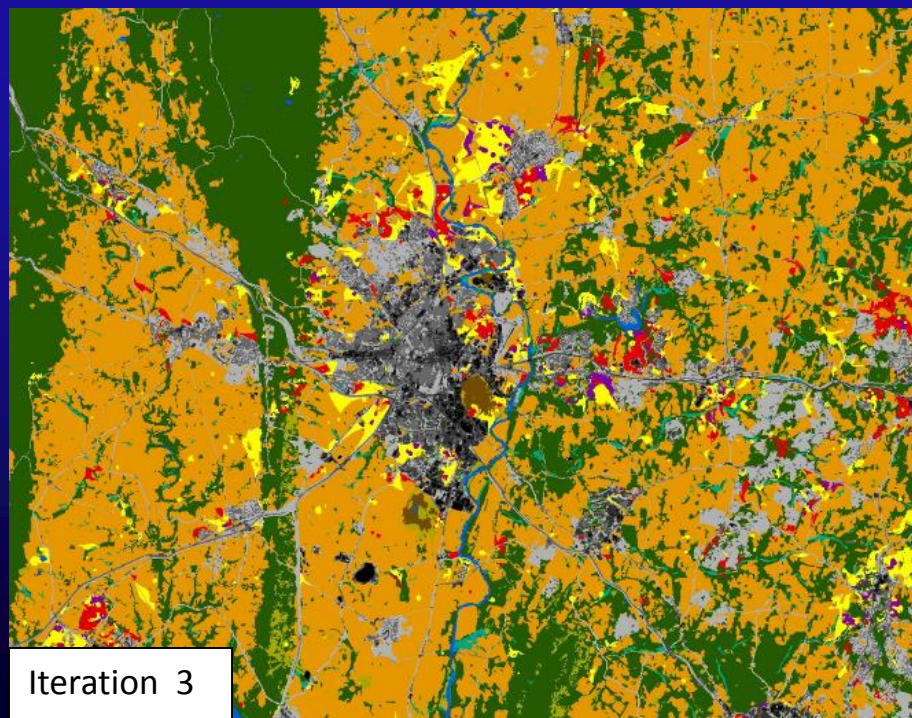
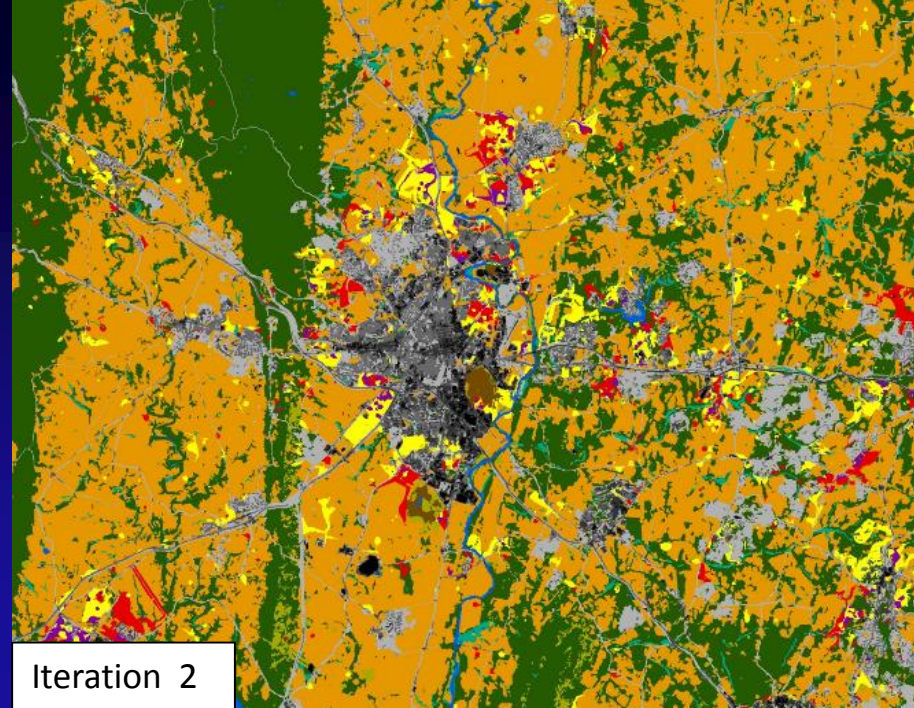
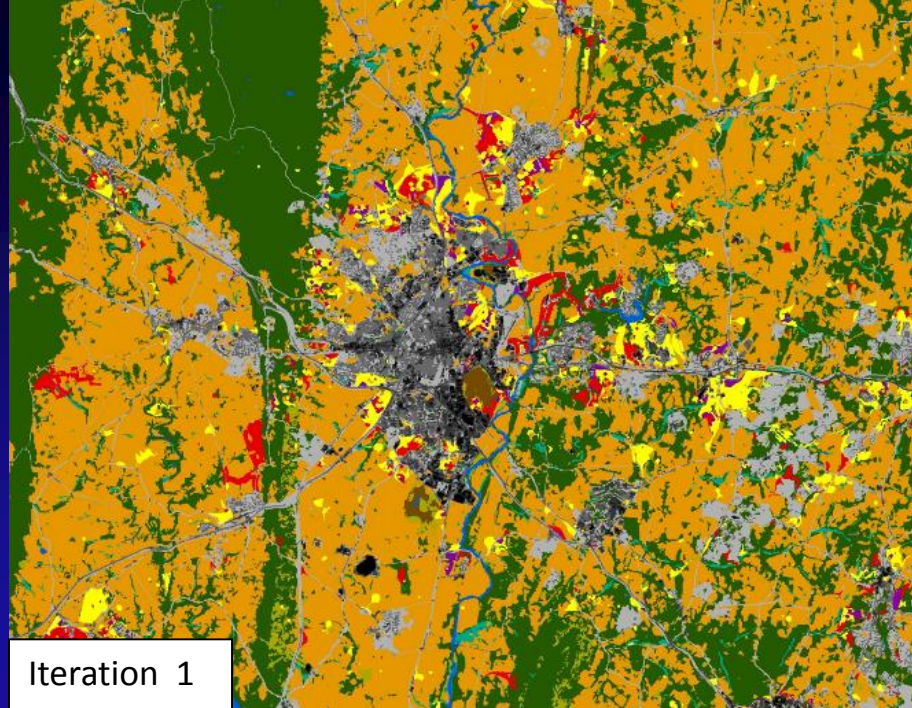


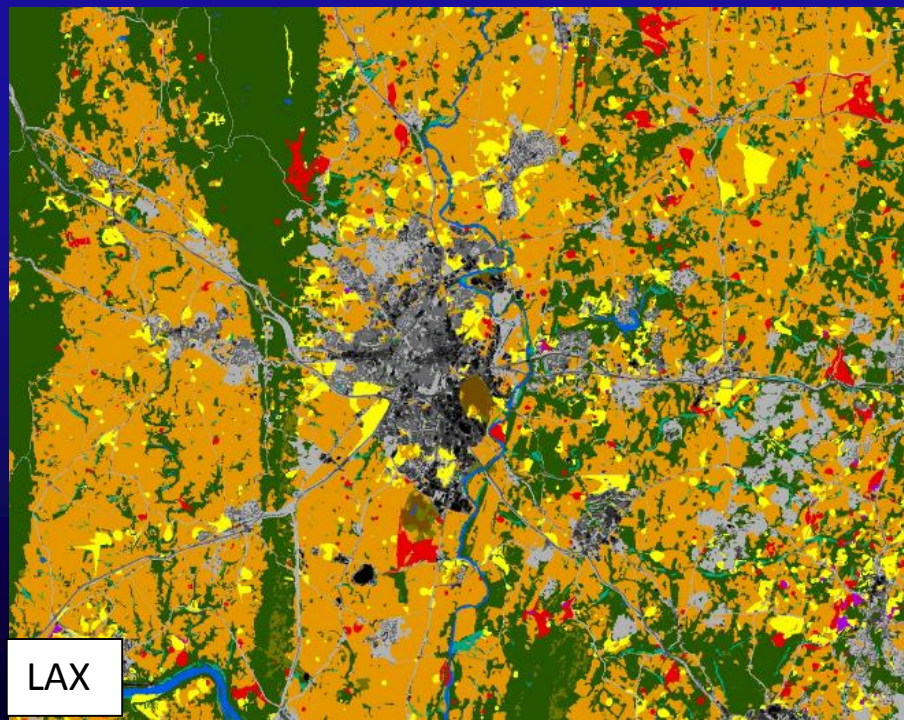
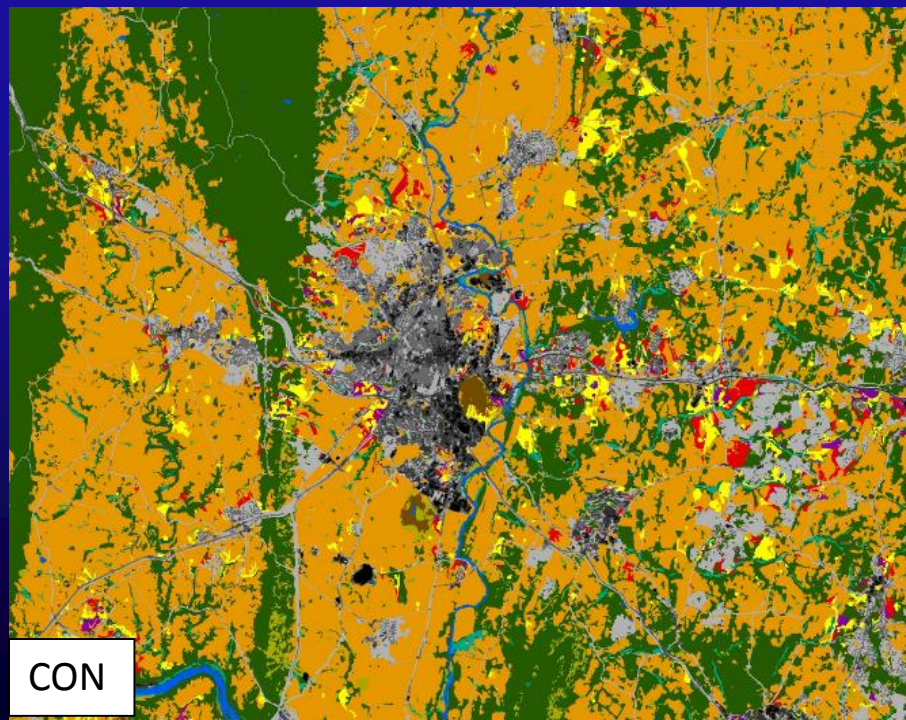
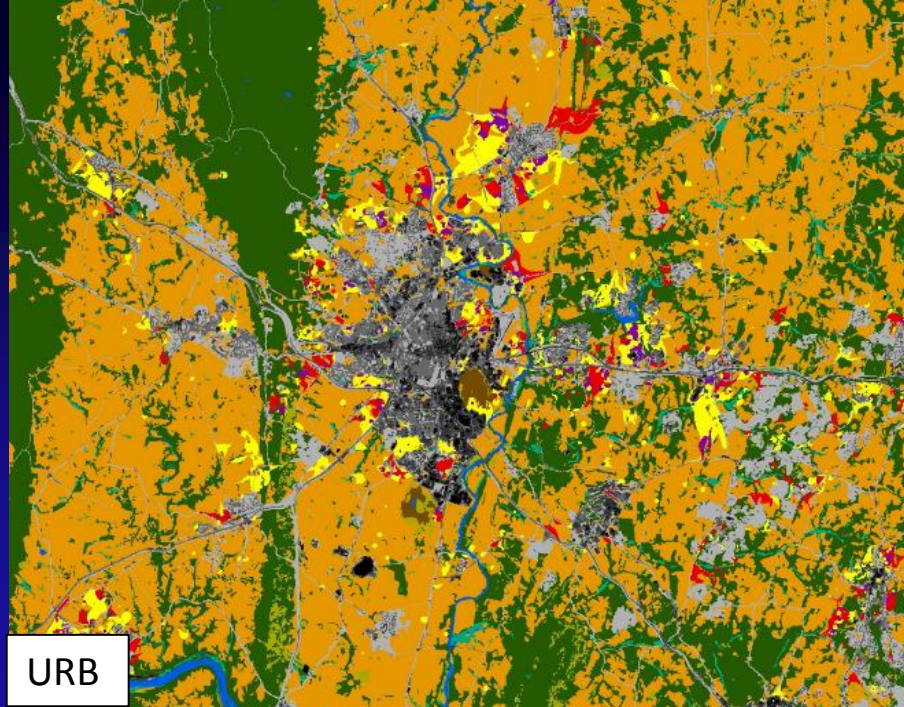
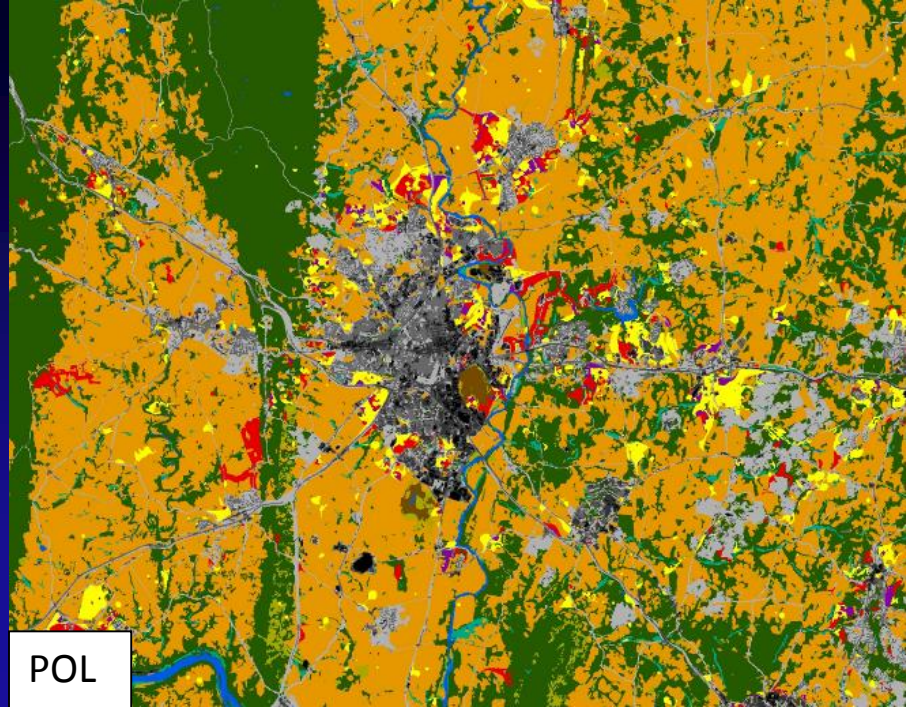
CONservation scenario

(Frederick County, MD)

2040



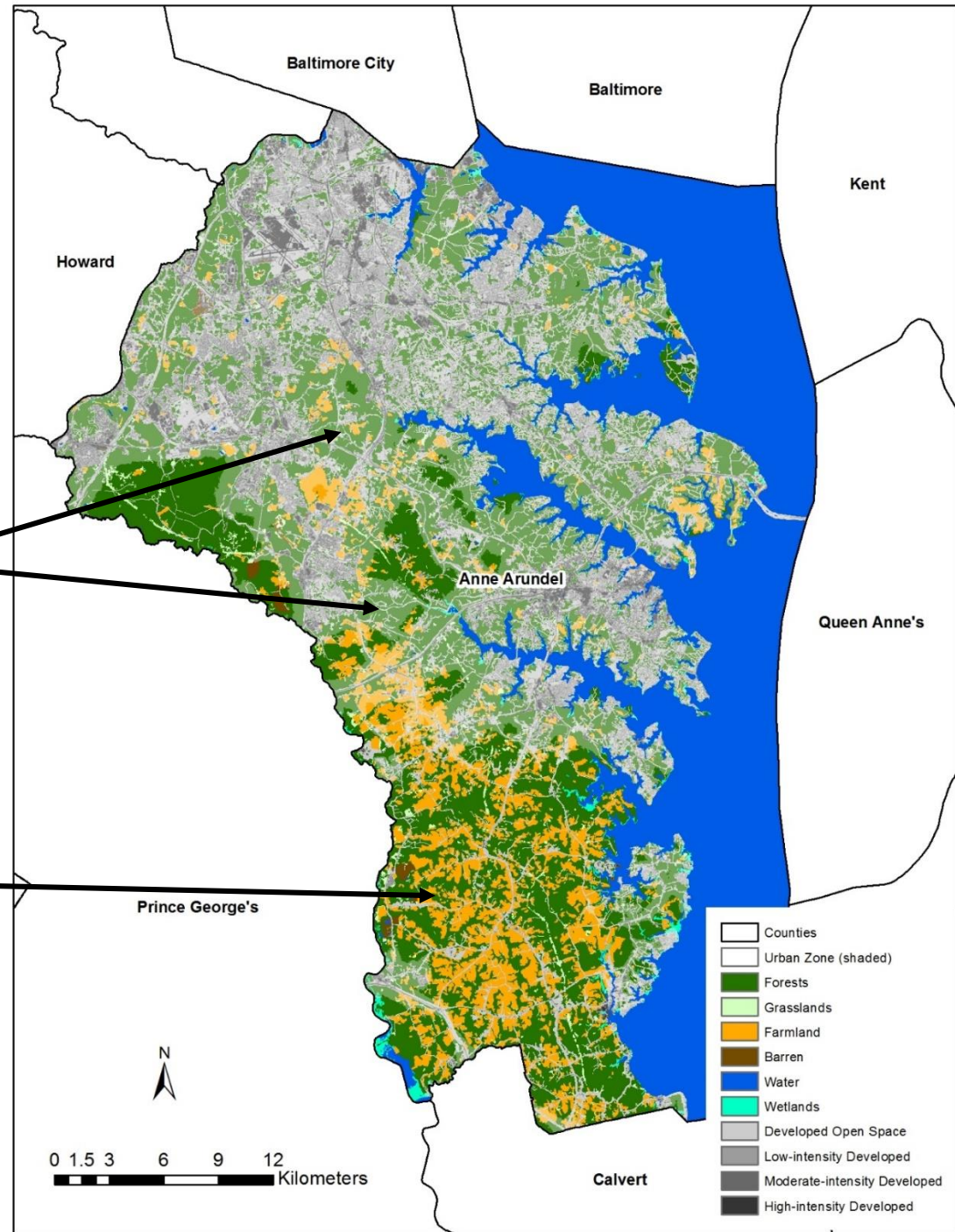




Why development may disproportionately impact forests:

Unprotected forests within the urban zone with high demand for land and probability of development

Agriculture dominant in rural zone but demand for land is relatively low



Scenario Results For Review

Scales: P6 Land-River Segments & Counties

1. New development acres
2. Future population on sewer and septic
3. Residential land consumption rate (acres / household)
4. Commercial land consumption rate (acres/ job)
4. Forest acres converted to development
5. Farmland acres converted to development
6. Δ Total Nitrogen (# / acre / yr.)
7. Δ Total Phosphorus (# / acre / yr.)
8. Δ Total Sediment (tons / acre / yr.)

Future Scenario Results for Maryland

| POL Scenario | 2020 | 2030 | 2040 | | URB Scenario | 2020 | 2030 | 2040 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| Total Development | 27,858 | 53,610 | 72,360 | | Total Development | 23,179 | 44,221 | 59,318 |
| Forest Loss | 13,795 | 25,699 | 34,075 | | Forest Loss | 11,353 | 20,877 | 27,559 |
| Farmland Loss | 9,980 | 20,223 | 27,947 | | Farmland Loss | 8,243 | 16,693 | 22,921 |
| Forest:Farm Conversion Ratio | 1.38 | 1.27 | 1.22 | | Forest:Farm Conversion Ratio | 1.38 | 1.25 | 1.20 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| CON Scenario | 2020 | 2030 | 2040 | | LAX Scenario | 2020 | 2030 | 2040 |
| Total Development | 24,848 | 48,404 | 63,203 | | Total Development | 38,677 | 74,625 | 102,369 |
| Forest Loss | 14,094 | 26,149 | 33,473 | | Forest Loss | 17,288 | 32,737 | 44,576 |
| Farmland Loss | 9,289 | 19,481 | 26,175 | | Farmland Loss | 16,515 | 32,481 | 44,896 |
| Forest:Farm Conversion Ratio | 1.52 | 1.34 | 1.28 | | Forest:Farm Conversion Ratio | 1.05 | 1.01 | 0.99 |

Conclusions:

Infill, redevelopment, and densification achieve the greatest reductions in future greenfield development, minimizing impacts to BOTH forests and farms.

Conserving prime farmland and large forest tracts (>250 acres) ensures that the most valuable natural assets remain intact.

Scenario Evaluation Metrics

Scale: P6 Land-River Segments & Counties

1. New impervious per capita
2. Large forest patches converted / total forest converted
3. Prime soils converted / total farmland converted
4. Forest and farmland fragmentation
5. Concentration or excess of manure
6. Loss of BMPs (due to the conversion of farmland)

Proposed Alternative Future Scenarios

“Historical Trends”: growth follows patterns prevalent over previous decade.

“Current Policy”: (with zoning): direct growth to areas either zoned for it and/or with necessary infrastructure and capacity to support it.

“Land Conservation”: protect state and local priority conservation areas.

“Rural Character”: up-zone urban areas and down-zone rural areas.

“Infill and Redevelopment”: direct more growth into urban areas.

Approved by Land Use Workgroup

Discussed in Alternative Futures Workshop:

Alternative Futures: Accounting for Growth in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed USGS sponsored workshop on September 15, 2011, <https://pubs.usgs.gov/of/2012/1216/OFR2012-1216.pdf>

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