



Responding to the  
PSC Request  
to Improve the CBP  
Monitoring  
Networks:  
Interaction with the  
Toxic Contaminant  
WG

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Scott Phillips and Emily Majcher,  
July 14, 2021

Follow-up from Peter Tango  
June, 2021

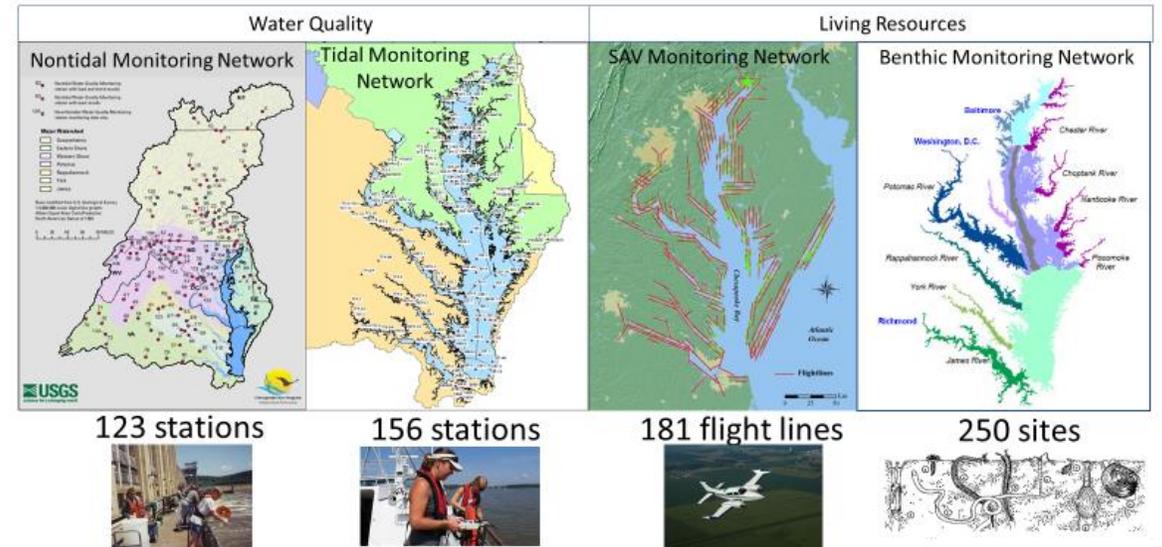
# Reminder

## March 2021: Monitoring Presentation to the Principal Staff Committee



- Lee McDonnell provided monitoring presentation on March 2
- Help them better understand CBP budget and funding for monitoring
- *CBP Monitoring Networks:*
  - Tidal water quality
  - Nontidal nutrients and sediment
  - SAV
  - Tidal Benthic organisms
  - Citizen Monitoring
- Current Funding:
  - CBP \$5M and partners >\$7M

### CBP Partnership Monitoring Networks: Annual Monitoring



Network support

## PSC request:

- In response to the status report, PSC requested information be provided on what is needed to improve the CBP monitoring networks, including:
  - (1) an overview of current status and threats to the networks, and
  - (2) what is needed to address the monitoring networks capacity shortfalls.

# Opportunities and Benefits of the PSC request

- Over a decade since the last CBP monitoring evaluation
- Address CBP Outcome: Standards Attainment and Monitoring Outcome
- Address selected monitoring needs of other CBP outcomes
- Consider new technologies and innovation
- Identify priority improvements and fill gaps

Through the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement, the Chesapeake Bay Program has committed to...



**Goal:** *Water Quality*

**Outcome:**

*Continually improve the capacity to monitor and assess the effects of management actions* being undertaken to implement the Bay TMDL and improve water quality. Use the monitoring results to report annually to the public on progress made in attaining established Bay water-quality standards and trends in reducing nutrients and sediment in the watershed.



# Process

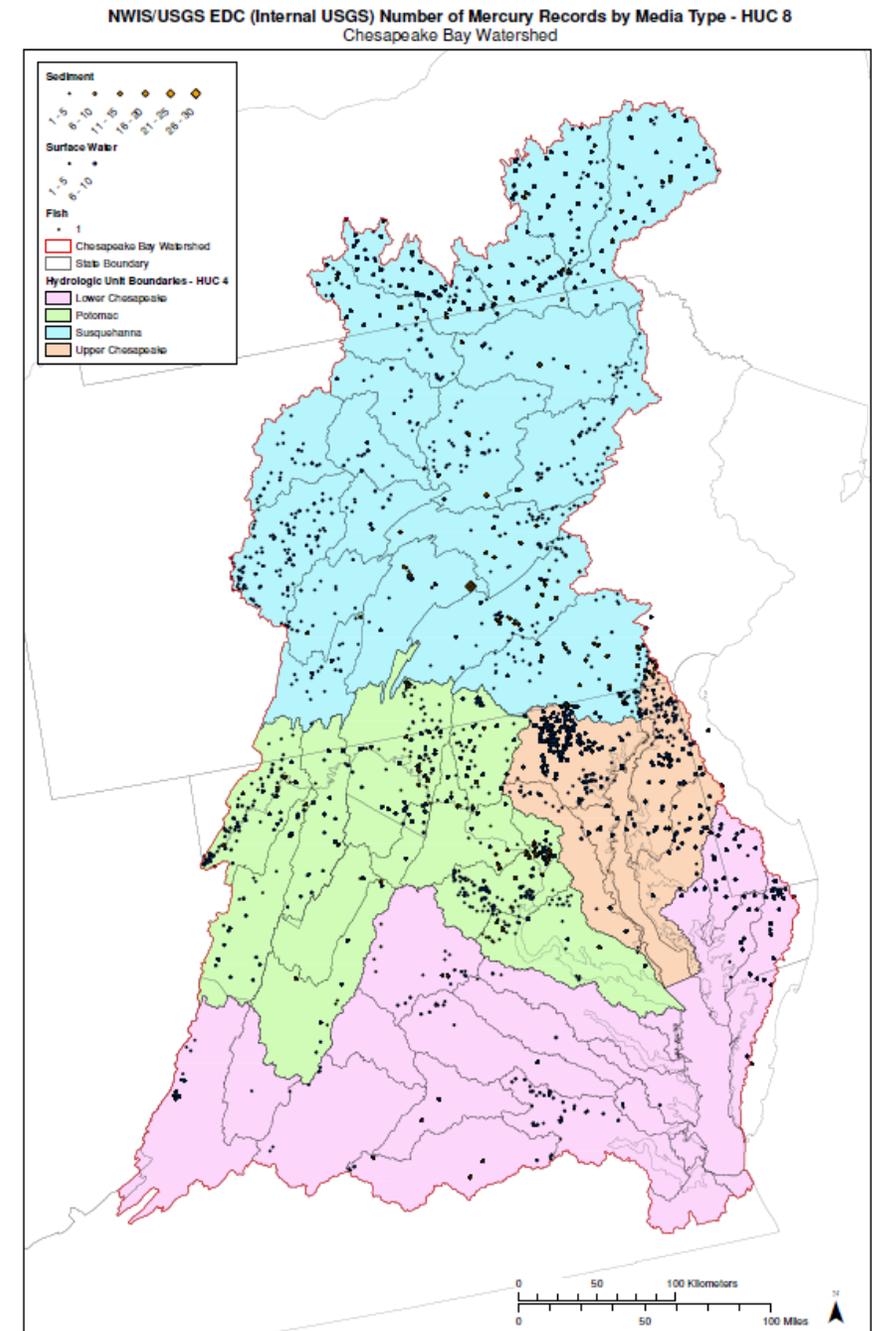
9 months start to  
finish  
(April-Dec)

-Questions for  
existing networks.  
-Issues for new  
potential monitoring

Provide a short  
synthesis to address  
the questions/issues,  
vision going forward.

# Issues for New Monitoring

- Overall: Status and Trends
  - Status: help target places for mitigation
  - Trends: access if mitigation reducing contaminants
- Needs and priorities for new monitoring
- Monitoring objectives
- Network design considerations
- Existing monitoring
- Remaining gaps
- Options to address gaps



# Introduction to the Toxic Contaminant Inventory

Emily Majcher, Trevor Needham, Andy  
Sekellick, Caitlyn Dugan, Ellie Foss

USGS MD-DE-DC Water Science Center



# Some Guiding Principles for TCW

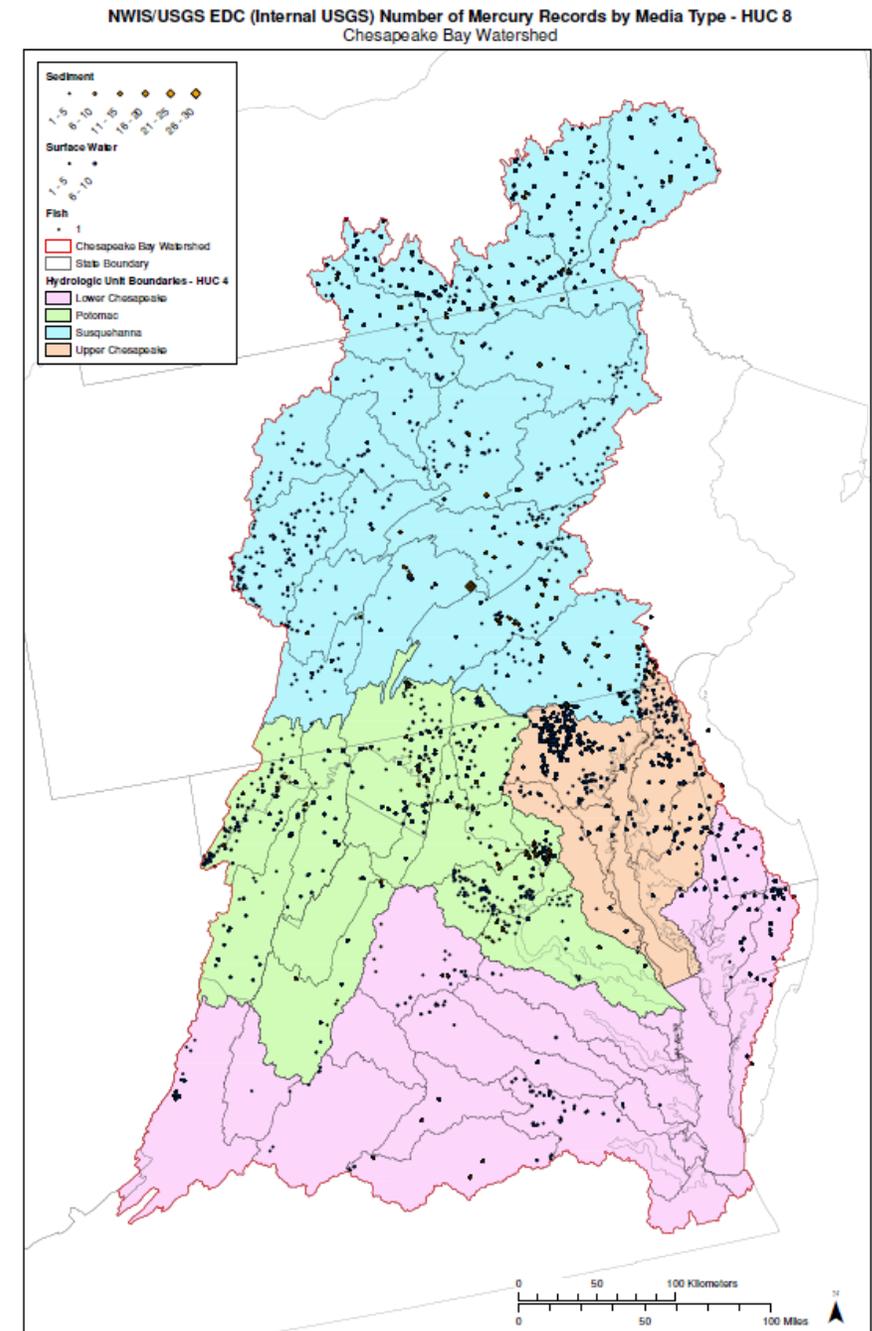
A monitoring network for a wide range of contaminants would be extremely difficult and costly, so we need to prioritize the contaminants to be addressed.

The monitoring objectives need to be specific to help focus types of monitoring that is proposed.

We need to take advantage of ongoing monitoring as a foundation for a network.

# Issues for New Monitoring

- Overall: Status and Trends
  - Status: help target places for mitigation
  - Trends: access if mitigation reducing contaminants
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# Monitoring needs and priorities

- The Chesapeake Contaminants report (2013):
  - PCBs and mercury had widespread extent and severity
  - Pesticides and PAHs: Widespread extent, localized severity
  - Less definitive information on the widespread extent and severity of other contaminant groups.
- Outcomes in Watershed Agreement: Policy & Prevention; Research
  - PCBs were included both in the P&P outcome and research outcome. Mercury was included in the Research outcome.
  - P&P: “reduce and prevent the effects of toxic contaminants **below levels that harm aquatic systems and humans**”; “to reduce the amount and effects of **PCBs** in the Bay and watershed”.
  - Research “further characterize the occurrence, concentrations, sources and effects of **mercury, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and other contaminants of emerging and widespread concern**”
- TCW Feedback: What are relative priorities for (1) PCBs, (2) mercury, and contaminants of (3) emerging and (4) widespread concern

# Monitoring Objectives

- ***For contaminant groups, there could be more specific monitoring objectives.***
- ***PCBs:*** Determine if programs are reducing the amount and effects of PCBs below levels that harm aquatic systems (fish) and humans (fish consumption)
- ***Mercury:*** Determine if air-emission programs are reducing the amount and effects of mercury below levels that harm aquatic systems (fish) and (fish consumption)
- ***Contaminants of emerging and widespread concern***
  - Widespread: Extent and changes in pesticides: BMP implementation and effects
  - Emerging: Extent and effects of PFAS and microplastics
- **TCW Feedback:** Your feedback on monitoring objectives

# Next Steps for TCW

June: Overview by P. Tango

July: Priorities and Objectives;  
Existing Data (Inventory)

Sept: Design considerations;  
current monitoring

Oct-Nov: gaps and options

2-page summary with supporting  
materials ready by Dec